

Aiding the Detection of Fake Accounts in Large Scale Social Online Services

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Fake accounts (Sybils) in OSNs



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Facebook: 5-6% of accounts are fake

By Emil Protalinski | March 8, 2012, 8:17am PST

Summary: Facebook estimates somewhere between 42.25 million and 50.70 million Facebook accounts are either false or duplicate. This is the first time the social networking giant has revealed such numbers.



Fake accounts for sale

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The New York Times			Internet						
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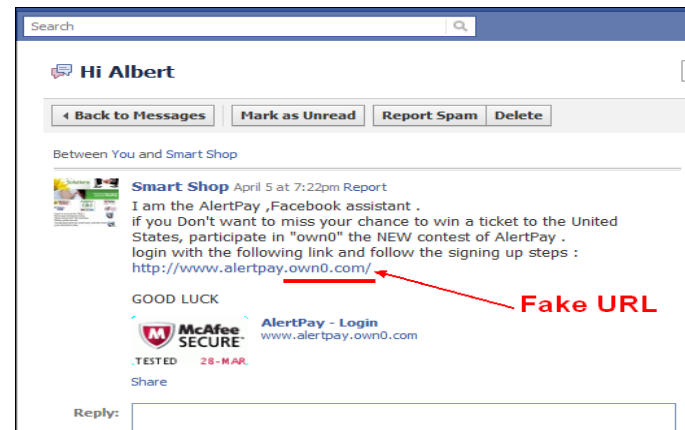


During several weeks in February, iDefense tracked an effort to sell log-in data for **1.5 million Facebook accounts** on several online criminal marketplaces, including one called Carder.su.



Why are fakes harmful?

- Fake (Sybil) accounts in OSNs can be used to:
 - Send spam [IMC'10]
 - Manipulate online rating [NSDI'09]
 - Access personal user info [S&P'11]
 - ...



Why are fakes harmful?



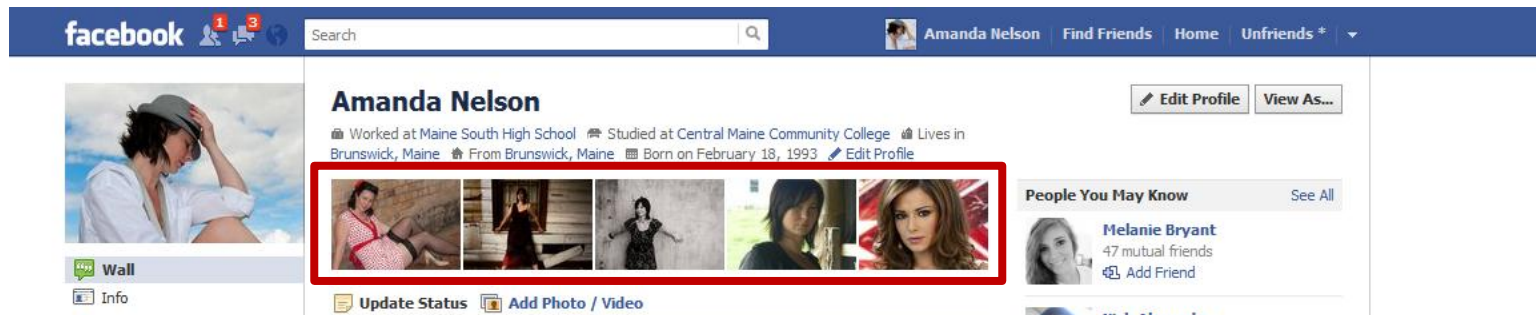
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“the geographic location of our users is estimated based on a number of factors, such as IP address, which may not always accurately reflect the user's actual location. If advertisers, developers, or investors do not perceive our user metrics to be accurate representations of our user base, or if we discover material inaccuracies in our user metrics, our reputation may be harmed and advertisers and developers may be less willing to allocate their budgets or resources to Facebook, which could negatively affect our business and financial results.”

Detecting Sybils is challenging

- Sybils may resemble real users

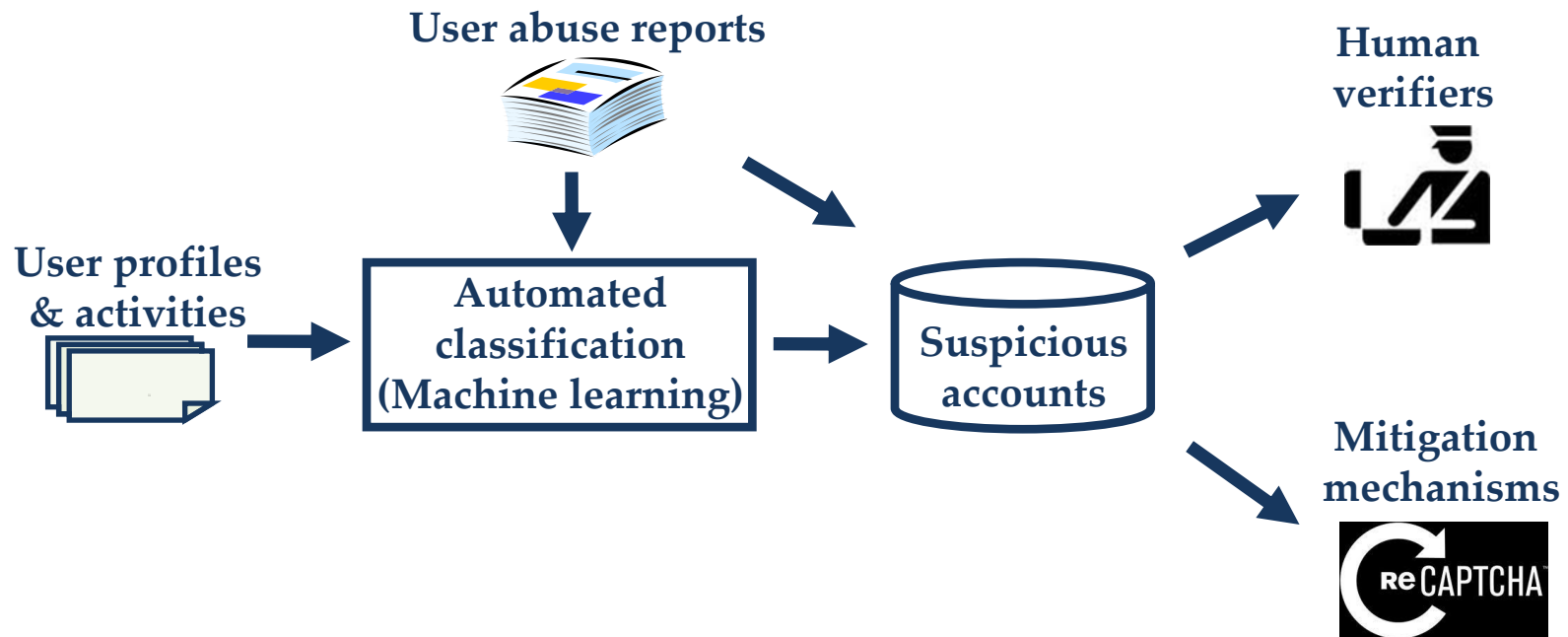


Difficult to automatically detect using profile and activity features



Current practice

- Employs many counter-measures
- False positives are detrimental to user experience
 - Real users respond very negatively



Current practice

- Employs many counter-measures
- False positives are detrimental to user experience
 - Real users respond very negatively
- **Inefficient use of human labor!**

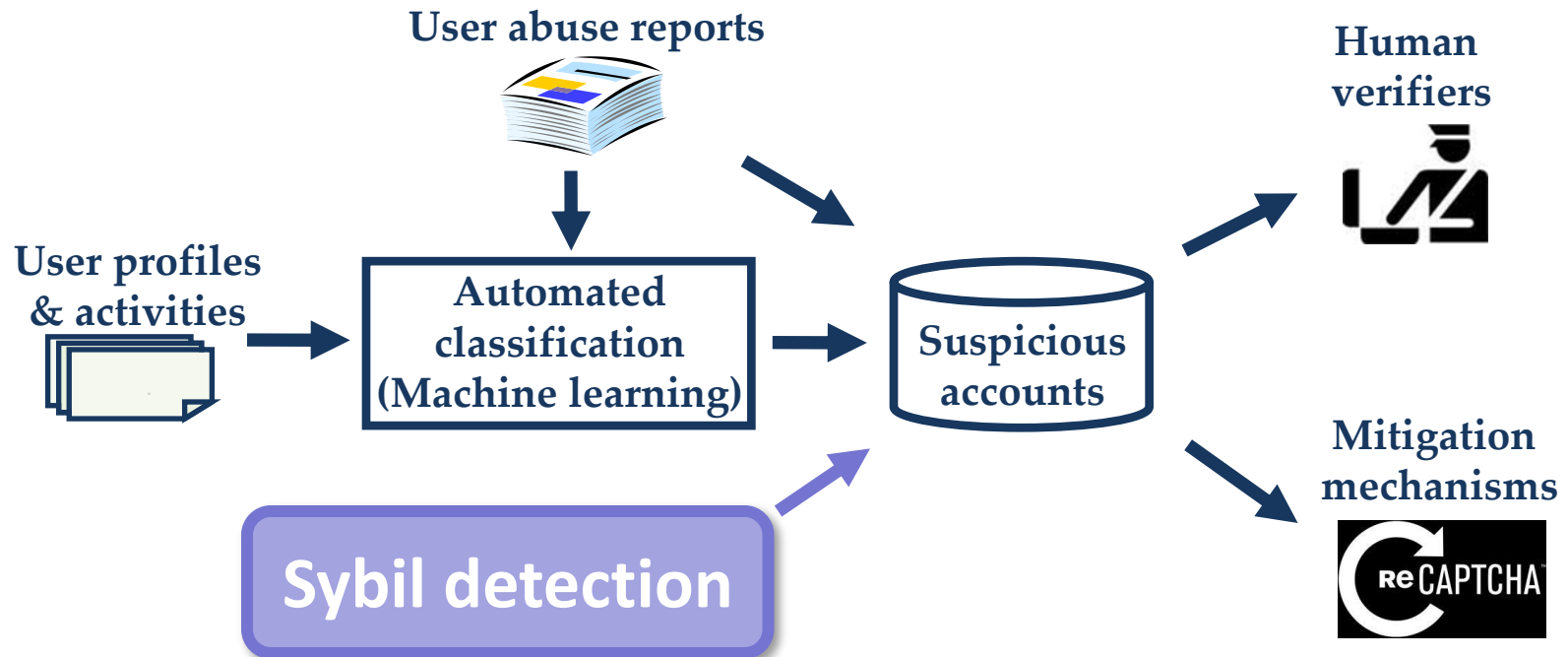


- **Tuenti's user inspection team**
 - Reviews ~12, 000 abusive profile reports per day
 - An employee reviews ~300 reports per hour
 - Deletes ~100 fake accounts per day

Mitigation
mechanisms

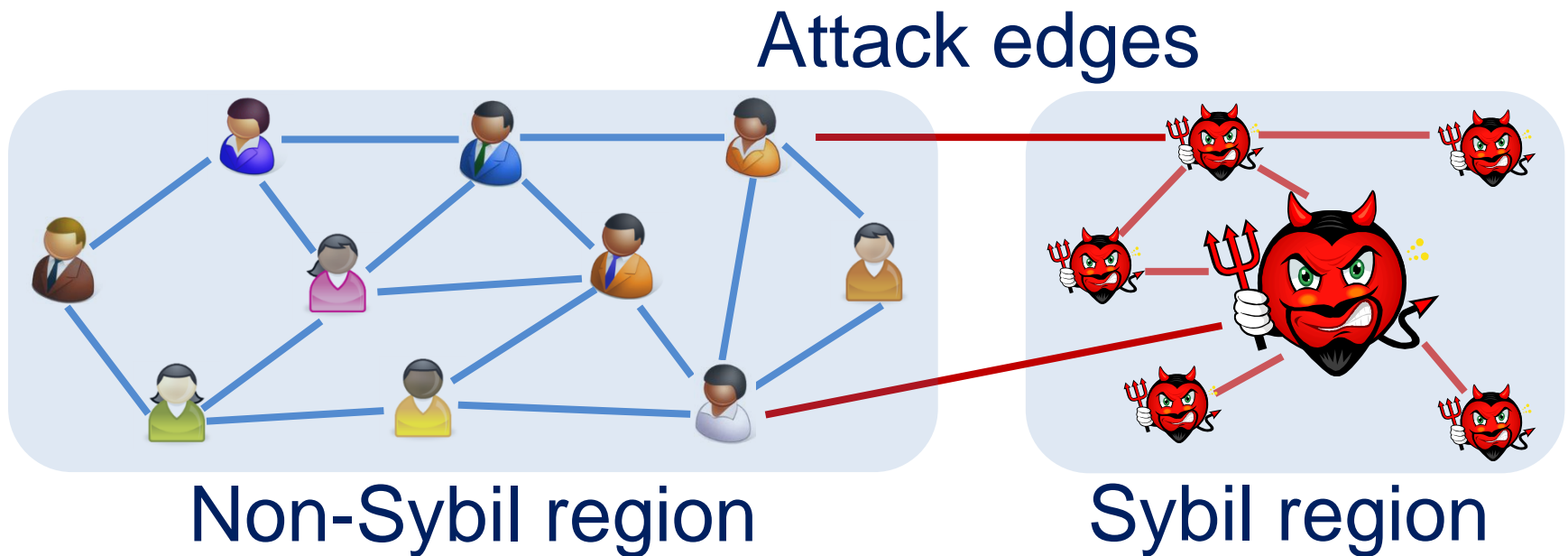


Can we improve the workflow?



Leveraging the social relationship

- The foundation of social-graph-based schemes
 - Sybils have limited social links to real users
- Can complement current OSN counter-measures



Goals of a practical social-graph-based Sybil defense

- **Effective**

- **Uncovers fake accounts with high accuracy**

- **Efficient**

- **Able to process huge online social networks**



How to build a practical social-graph-based Sybil defense?

Sybil*?

SybilGuard [SIGCOMM'06]

SybilLimit [S&P'08]

SybilInfer [NDSS'09]

- Sybil* is too expensive in OSNs
 - Designed for decentralized settings



How to build a practical social-graph-based Sybil defense?

Traditional trust inference?

PageRank [Page et al. 99]

EigenTrust [WWW'03]

- Sybil* is too expensive in OSNs
 - Designed for decentralized settings
- PageRank is not Sybil-resilient
- EigenTrust is substantially manipulable [NetEcon'06]



SybilRank in a nutshell

- **Uncovers Sybils by ranking OSN users**

- Sybils are ranked towards the bottom
- Based on **short random walks**
- Uses parallel computing framework



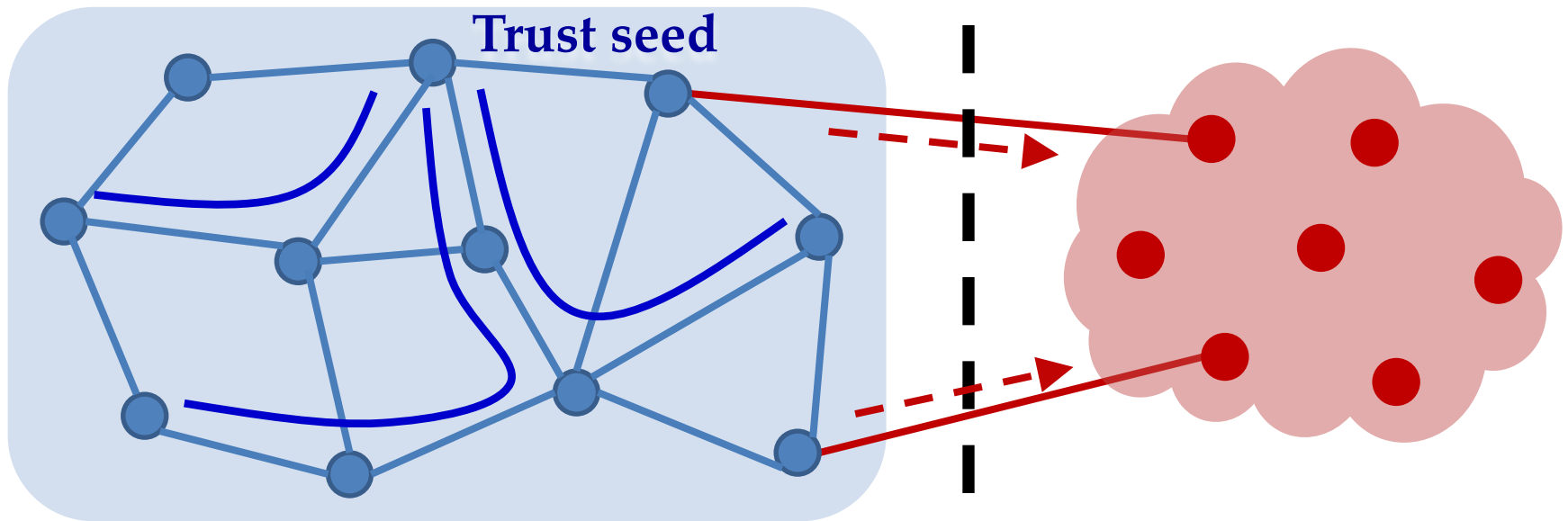
- **Practical Sybil defense: efficient and effective**

- Low computational cost: **$O(n \log n)$**
- **$\geq 20\%$** more accurate than the 2nd best scheme
- Real-world deployment in Tuenti



Primer on short random walks

- Short random walks



Limited probability of escaping to the Sybil region

SybilRank's key insights

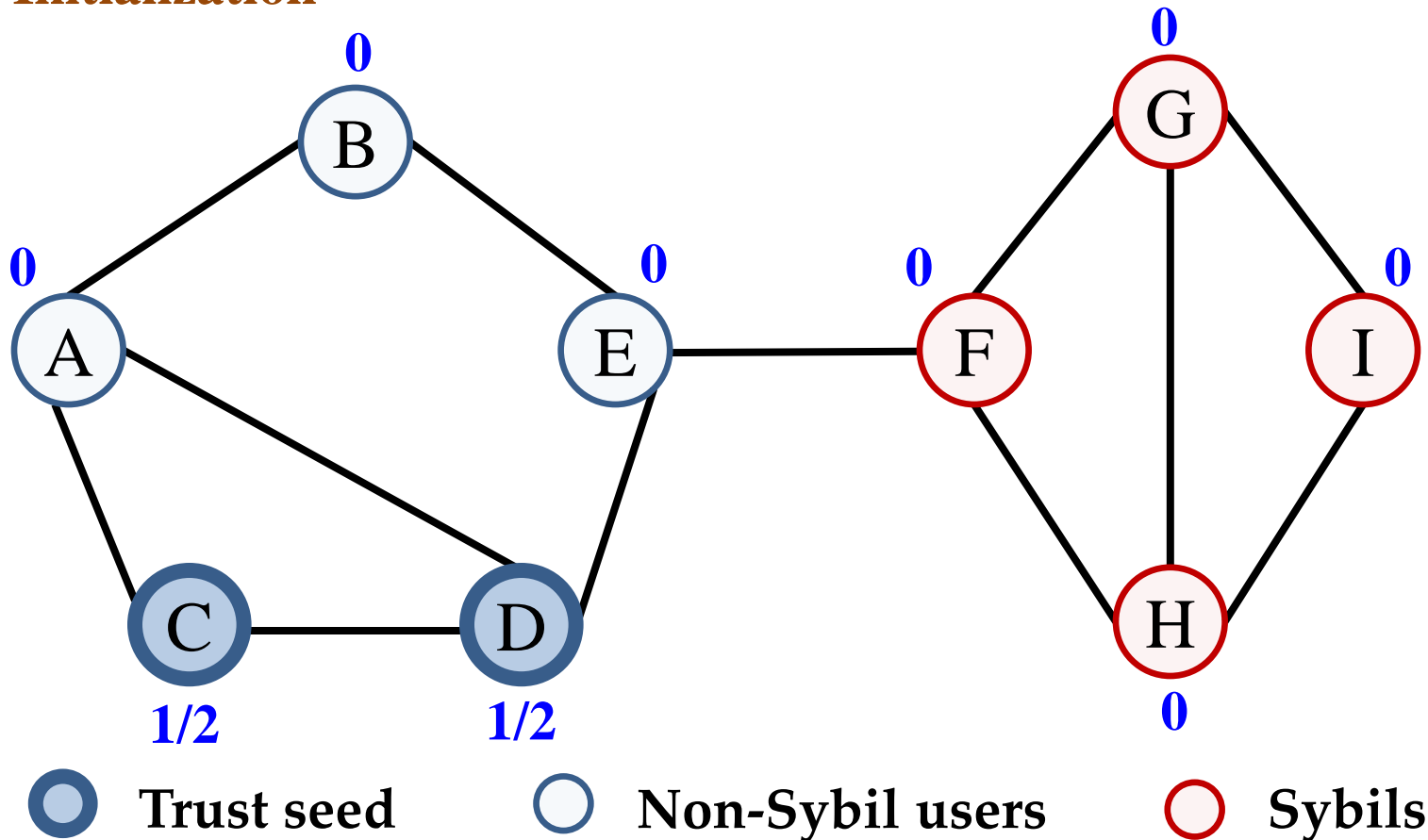
- **Main idea**
 - **Ranks by the landing probability of short random walks**
- **Uses **power iteration** to compute the landing probability**
 - **Iterative matrix multiplication (used by PageRank)**
 - **Much more efficient than random walk sampling (Sybil*)**
 - **$O(n \log n)$ computational cost**
 - **As scalable as PageRank**



An example

- Landing probability of short random walks

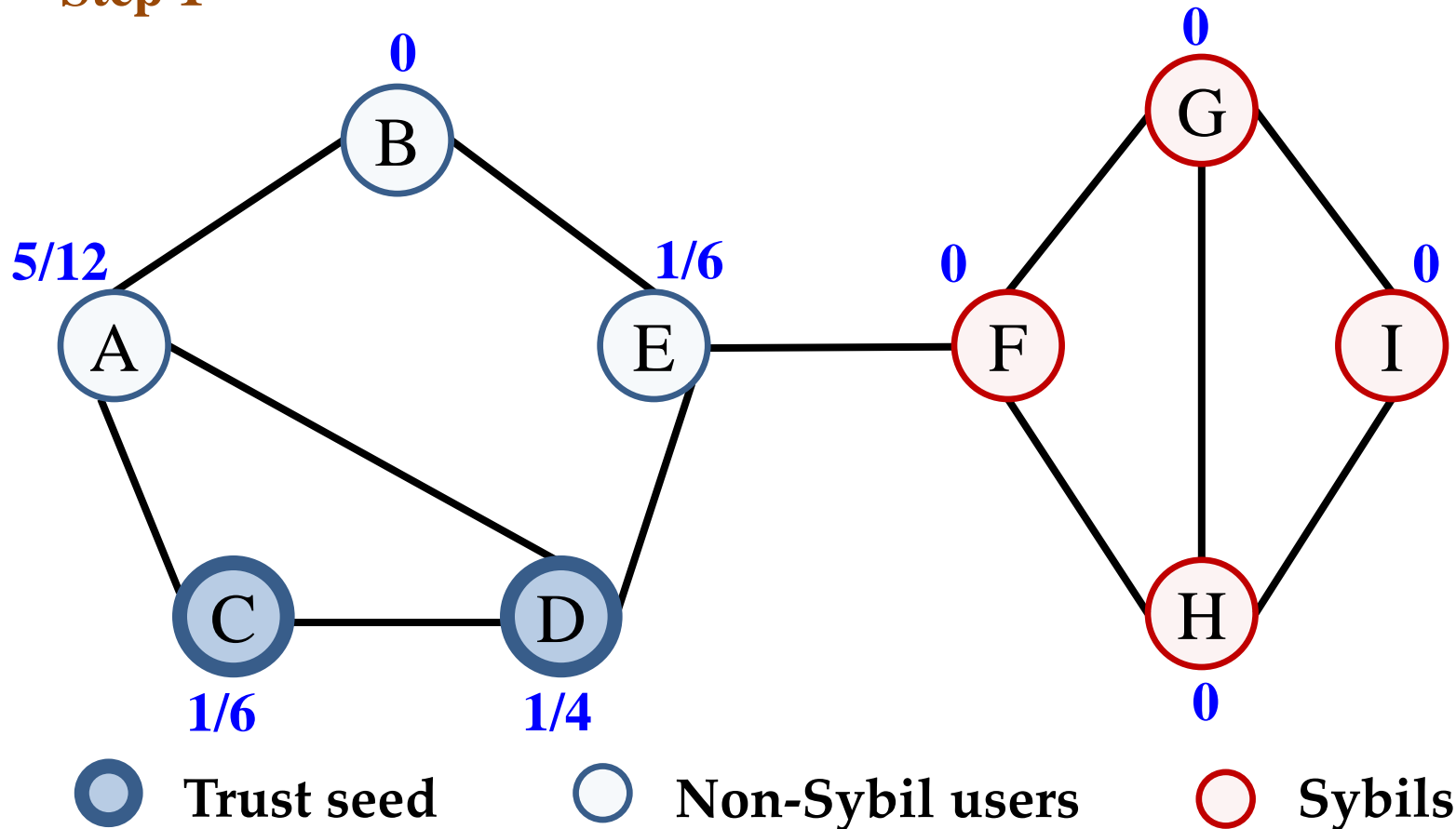
Initialization



An example

■ Landing probability of short random walks

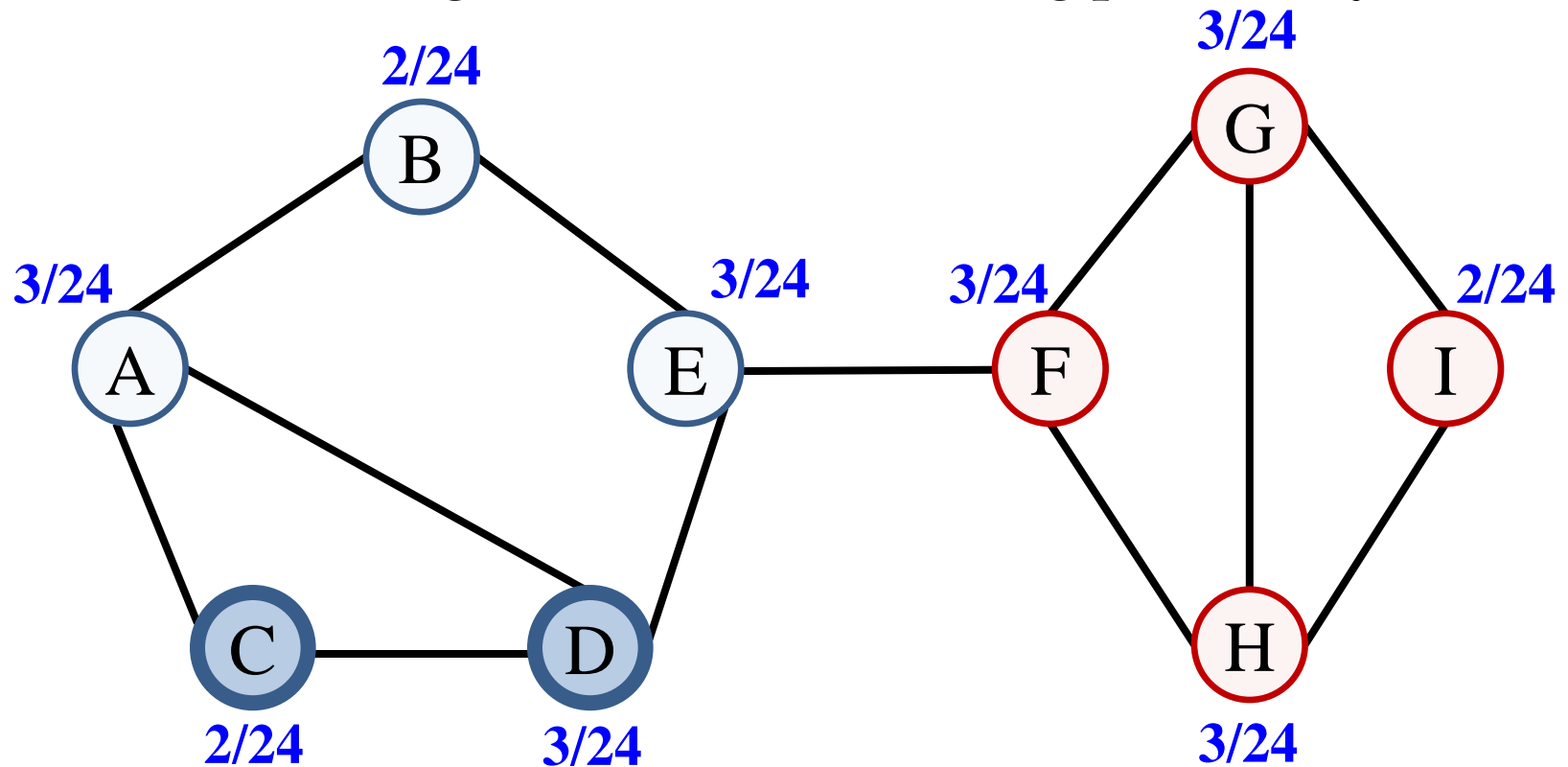
Step 1



An example

- **Stationary distribution**

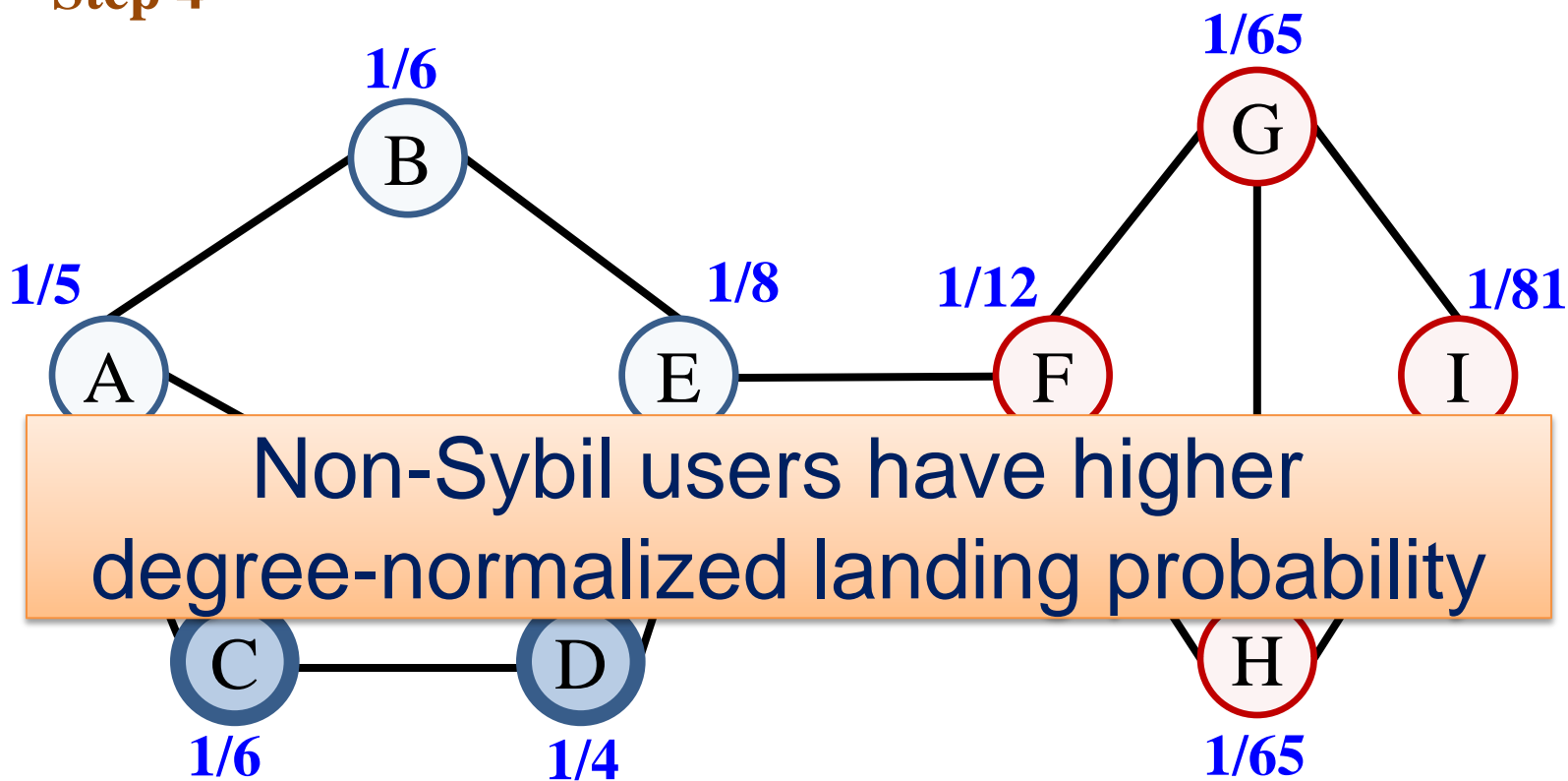
- Identical degree-normalized landing probability: $1/24$



An example

■ ~~Stationary distribution~~ Early Termination

Step 4



Rankings

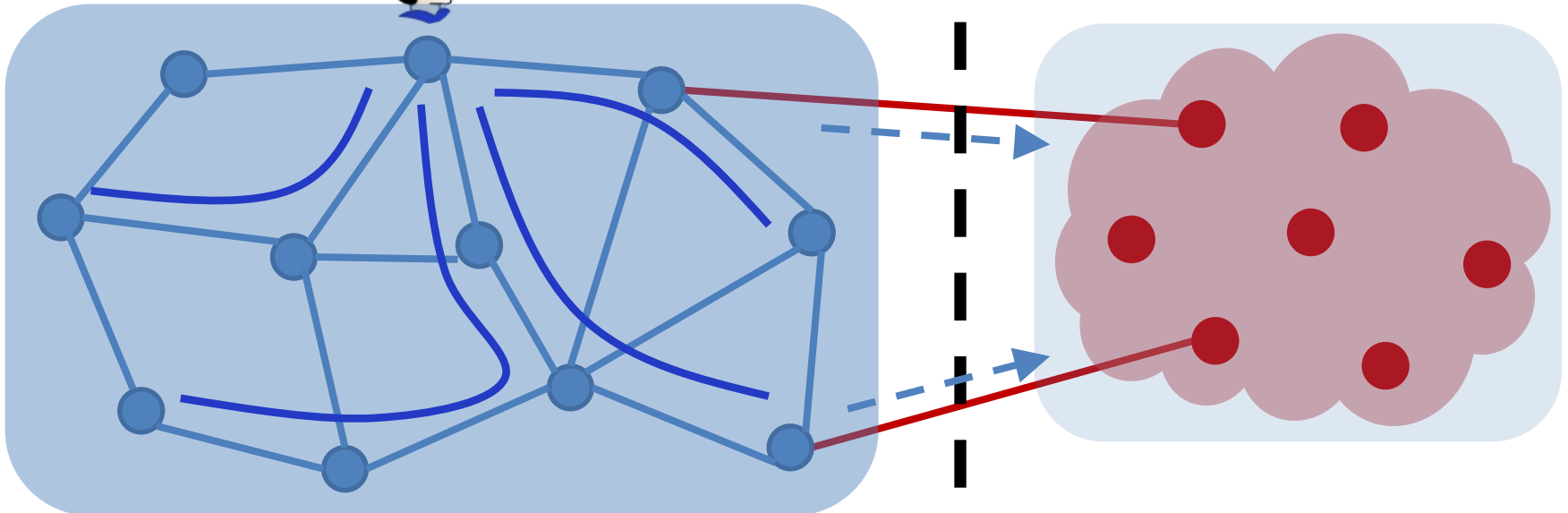


How many steps?

- $O(\log n)$ steps to cover the non-Sybil region
 - The non-Sybil region is fast-mixing (well-connected) [S&P'08]

$O(\log n)$ steps

 Trust seed



Stationary distribution approximation

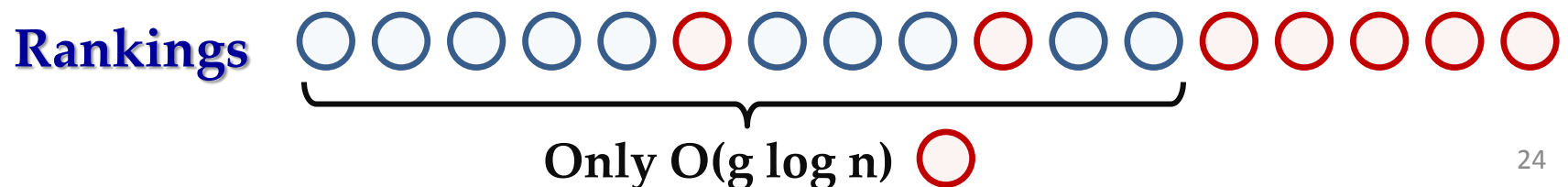
Overview

- **Problem and Motivation**
- **Challenges**
- **Key Insights**
- **Design Details**
- **Evaluation**

We divide the landing probability by the node degree

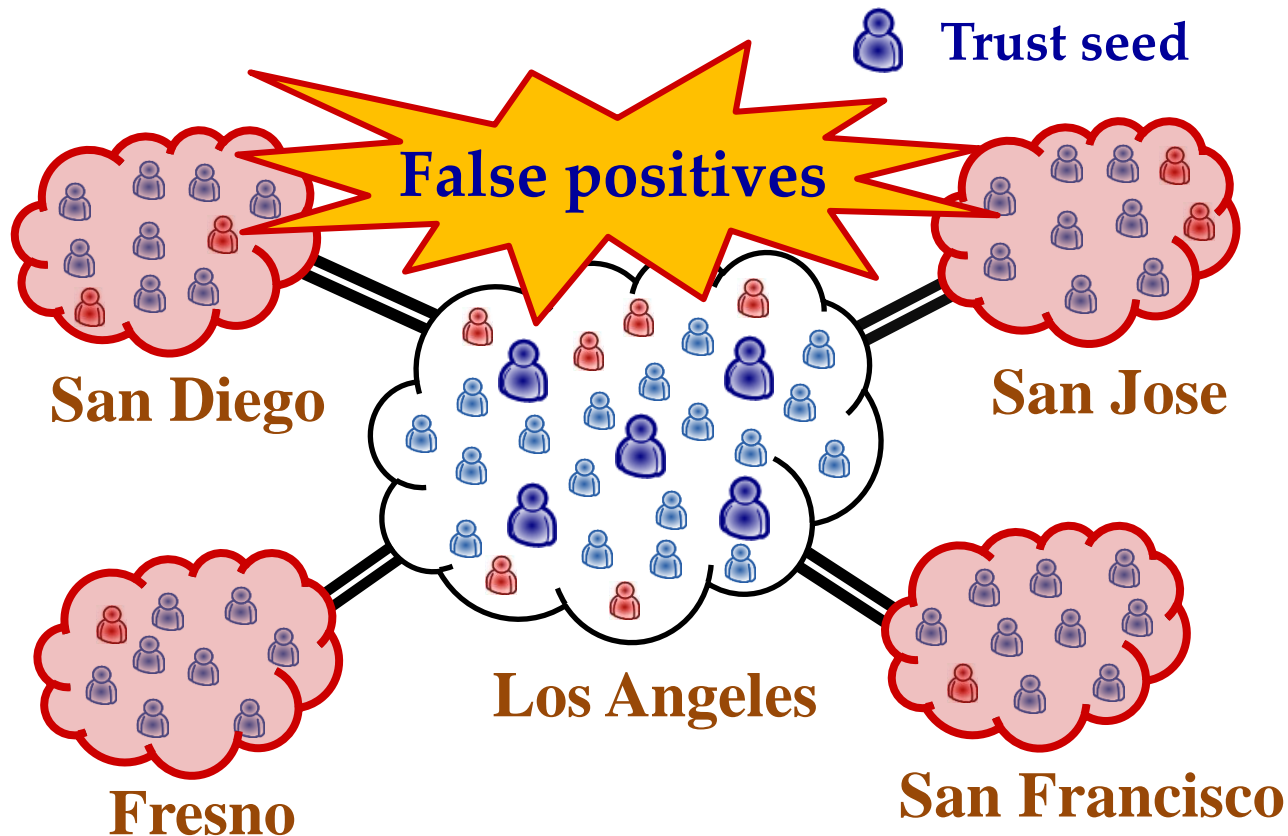
- **Eliminates the node degree bias**
 - False positives: low-degree non-Sybil users
 - False negatives: high-degree Sybils
- **Security guarantee**
 - Accept $O(\log n)$ Sybils per attack edge

Theorem: When an attacker randomly establishes g attack edges in a fast mixing social network, the total number of Sybils that rank higher than non-Sybils is $O(g \log n)$.



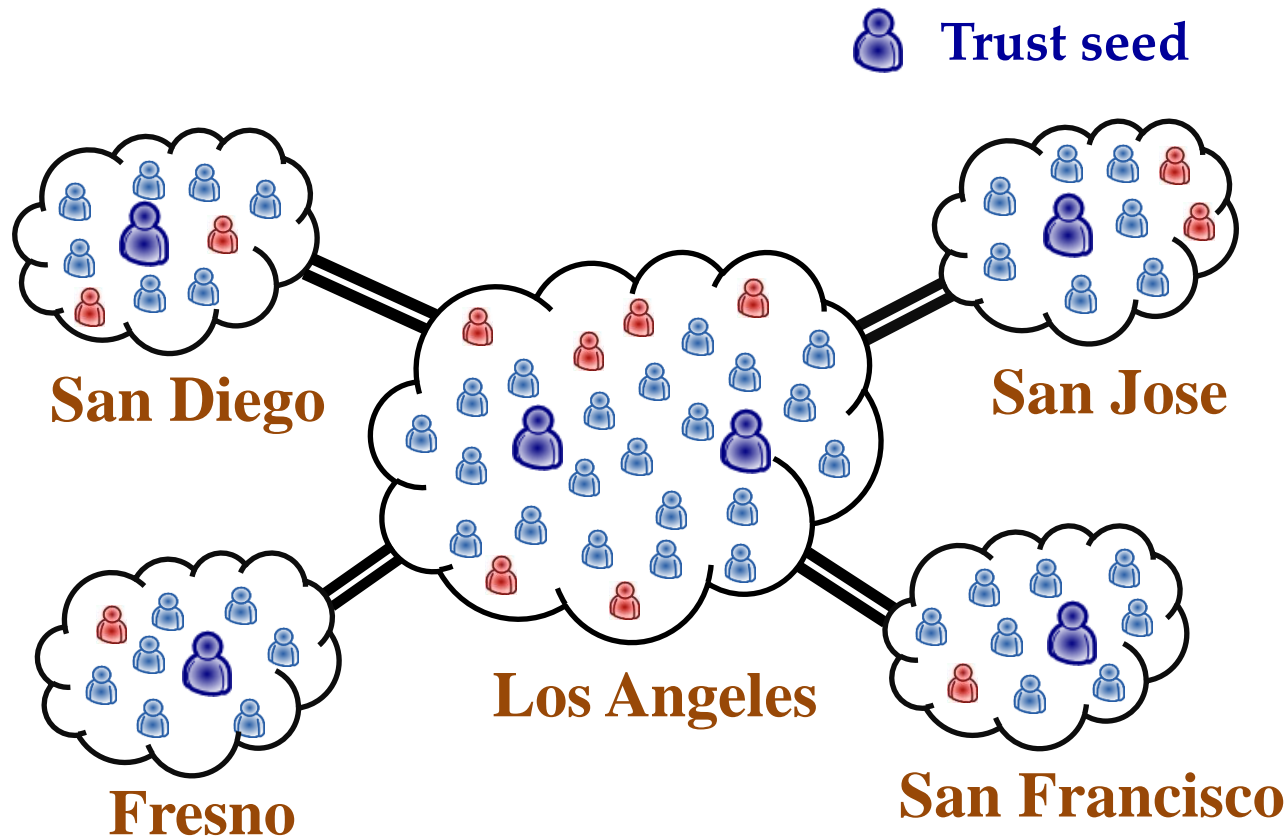
Coping with the multi-community structure

- A weakness of social-graph-based schemes [SIGCOMM'10]



Coping with the multi-community structure

- **Solution: leverage the support for multiple seeds**
 - **Distribute seeds into communities**





How to distribute seeds?

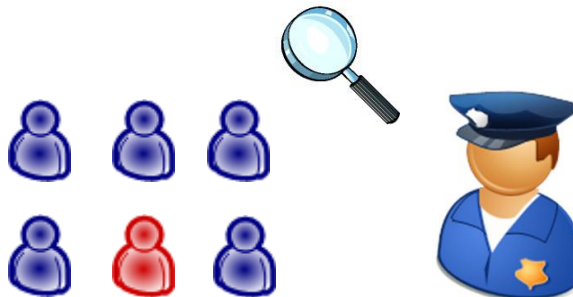
■ Estimate communities

- The Louvain method

[Blondel et al., J. of Statistical Mechanics'08]

■ Distribute non-Sybil seeds in communities

- Manually inspect a set of nodes in each community
- Use the nodes that passed the inspection as seeds 
- Sybils cannot be seeds 



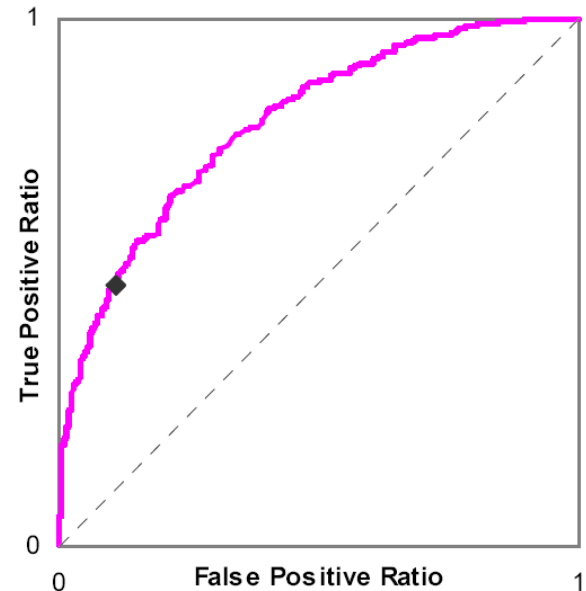
Evaluation

- Comparative evaluation
- Real-world deployment in Tuenti



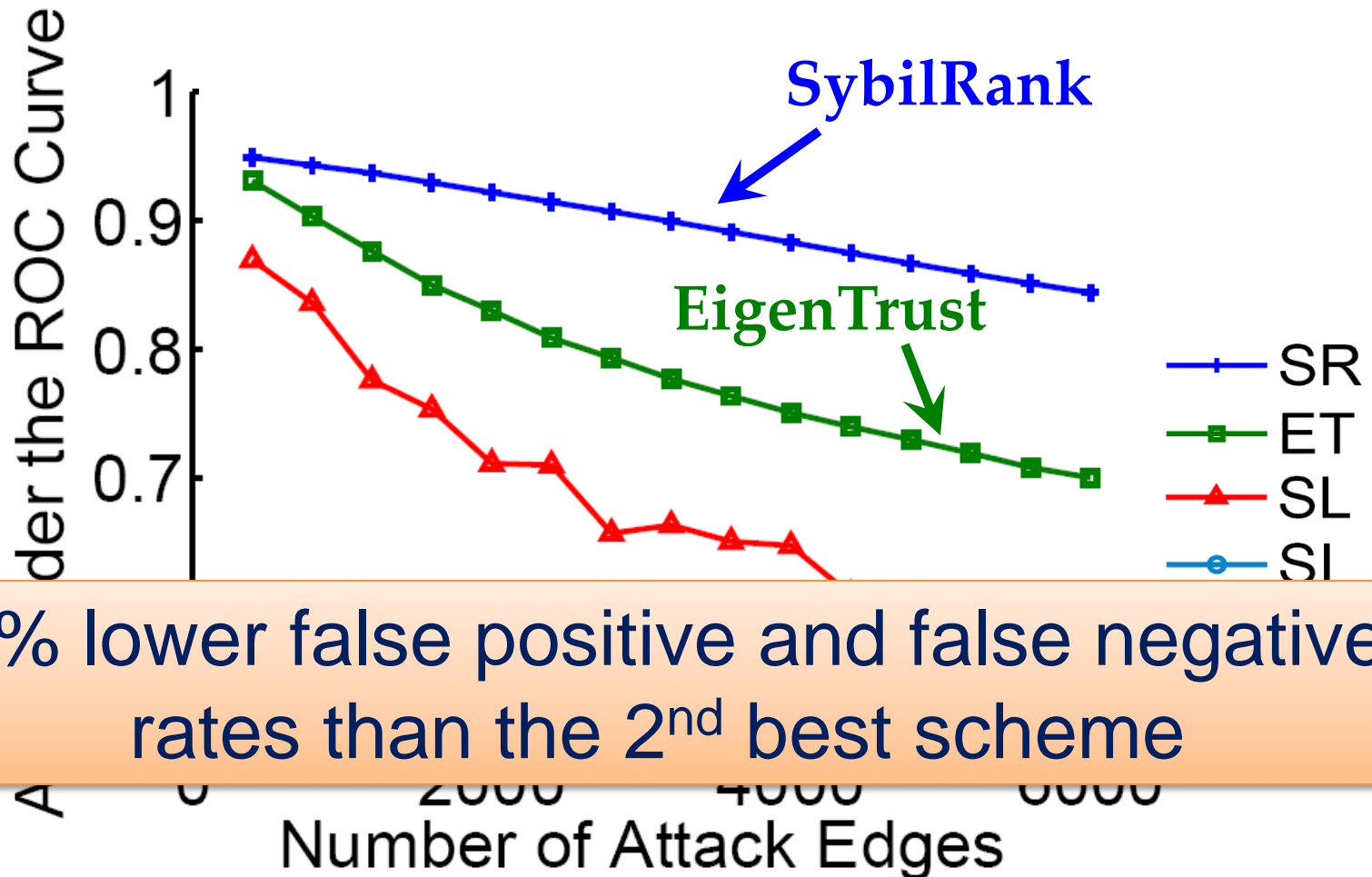
Comparative evaluation

- **Stanford large network dataset collection**
- **Ranking quality**
 - **Area under the Receiver Operating Characteristics (ROC) curve [Viswanath et al., SIGCOMM'10]**
- **Compared approaches**
 - **SybilLimit (SL)**
 - **SybilInfer (SI)**
 - **EigenTrust (ET)**
 - **GateKeeper [INFOCOM'11]**
 - **Community detection [SIGCOMM'10]**



[Fogarty et al., GI'05]

SybilRank has the lowest false rates



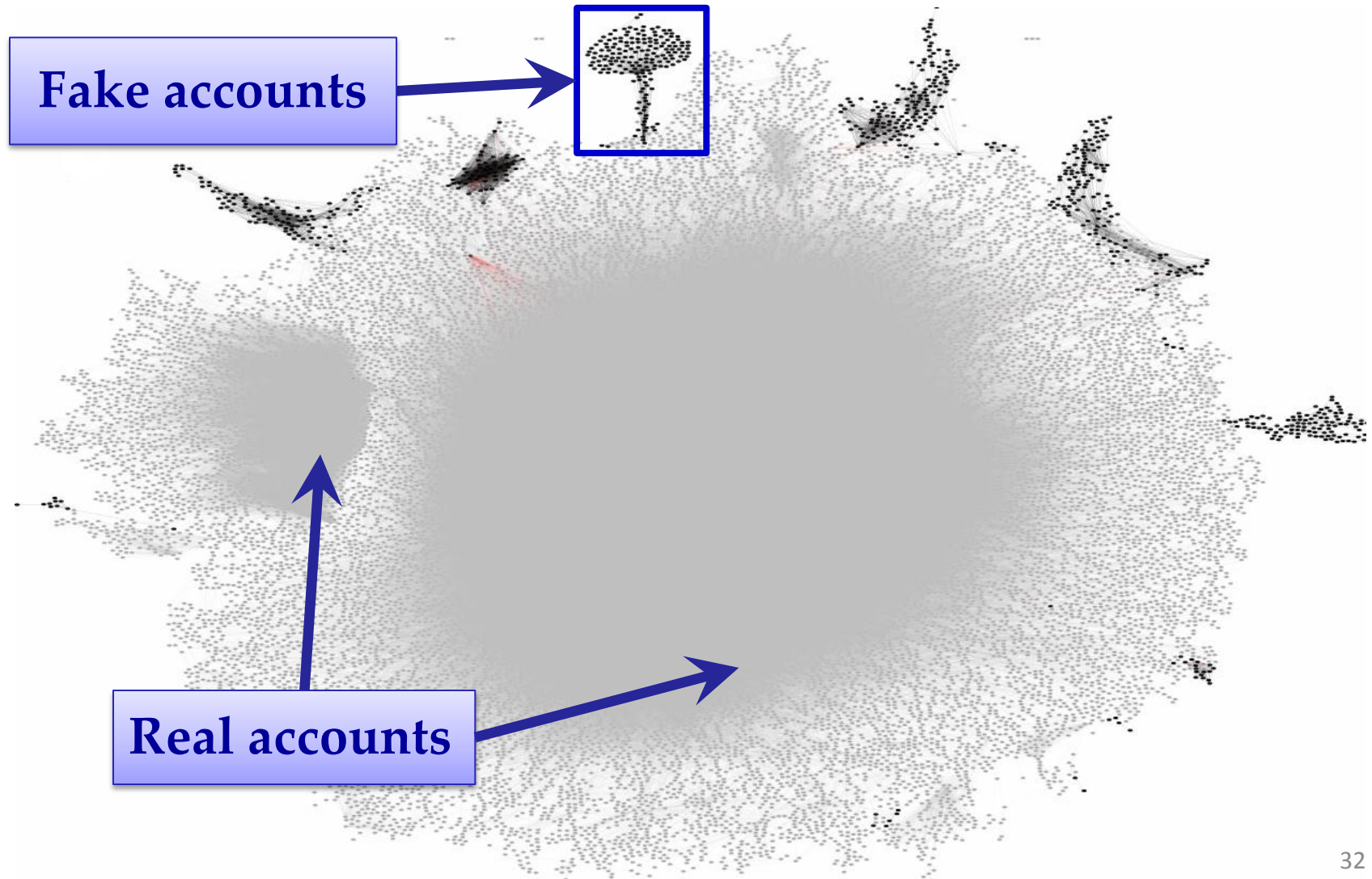
20% lower false positive and false negative rates than the 2nd best scheme

Real-world deployment

- **Used the anonymized Tuenti social graph**
 - **11 million users**
 - **1.4 billion social links**
 - **25 large communities with >100K nodes in each**

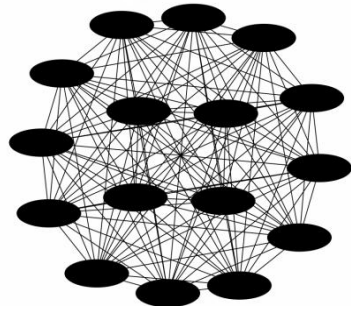


A 20K-user Tuenti community

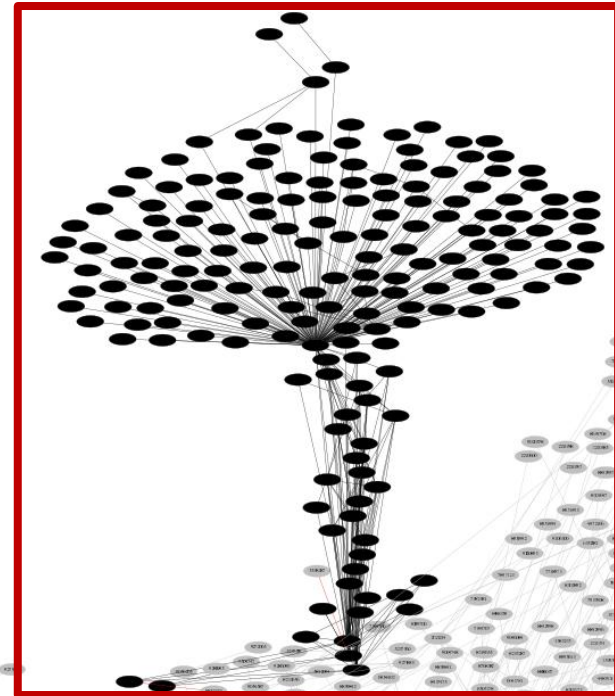
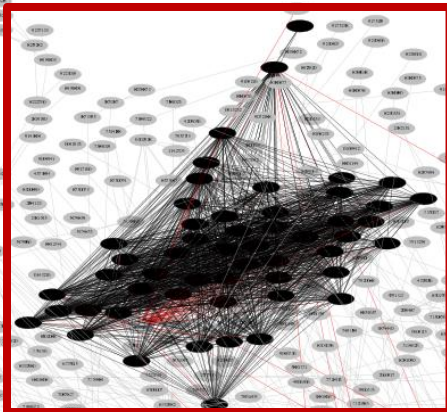


Various connection patterns among suspected fakes

Clique



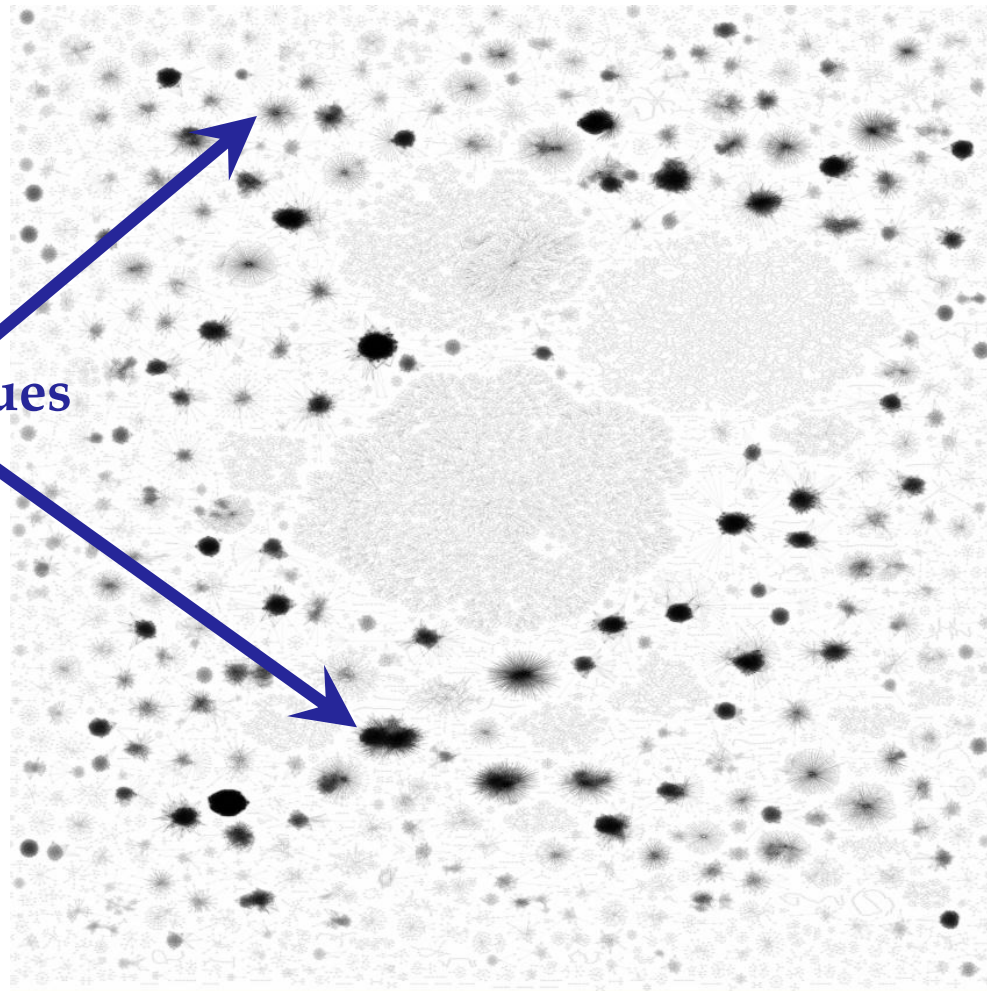
Tightly connected



Loosely connected

A global view of suspected fakes' connections

50K suspected accounts

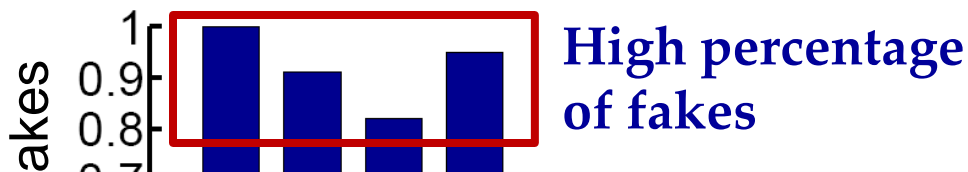


Small clusters/cliques

Controlled by
many distinct
attackers

SybilRank is effective

- Percentage of fakes in each 50K-node interval
 - Estimated by random sampling
 - Fakes are confirmed by Tuenti's inspection team




~180K fakes among the lowest-ranked 200K users



Tuenti uncovers x18 more fakes

50K-node intervals in the ranked list
(Intervals are numbered from the bottom)

Conclusion: a practical Sybil defense

- **SybilRank: ranks users according to the landing probability of short random walks**
 - Computational cost $O(n \log n)$
 - Provable security guarantee
- **Deployment in Tuenti** 
 - ~200K lowest ranked users are mostly Sybils
- **Enhances Tuenti's previous Sybil defense workflow**

Thank You!

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Questions?