



Savannah Centre for Diplomacy, Democracy and Development

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## Chapeau

Building on Our Common Agenda (OCA) Report and the released 11 OCA Policy Briefs; UN 2.0 encapsulates the Secretary-General's Vision of a modern United Nations System, (rejuvenated by forward thinking Culture and cutting edge Skills) and 2024 Summit of the Future offers an opportunity to agree on Multilateral Solutions for strengthening global governance. Our expectation is for all stakeholders to take collective action on our groundbreaking and action-oriented recommendations in transforming global governance, and subsequently for adoption by Member States as a Pact for the Future. In response to this ambitious call for inputs from Civil Society perspective, we submit the groundbreaking outcomes of our Evidence-based Research Project (2001-2021) ahead of 2024 Summit of the Future – "Implementing UN 2.0 System for People and Planet" as Scientific Breakthrough, and the Quintet of Change for Effective and Inclusive Global Governance of our global commons, or global public goods. Drawn from the final Report of High-Level Advisory Board (HLAB) on Effective Multilateralism, our research outcomes thus match the realization of actionable recommendations offered as transformation shifts for making UN fit for the 21st century. Hence, we recommend the putting of the Peoples (including Youth, Women and Girls), Civil Society, Private Sector and identity-based Regional Organizations at the centre of UN System and Operations for systemic transformation. In practice, the inclusivity, effectiveness and efficiency of United Nations are improved by reviewing Article 4 and Chapter 8 of the UN Charter for Effective, Inclusive, Networked, Resourced, City, Region, and People-centric Multilateralism. Finally, our findings upgrade the United Nations into a more agile, diverse, responsive and modern UN System, rejuvenated by the combinational use of Data, Innovation, Digital, Foresight and Behavioral Science expertise for greater impact, and as well provides whole-of-government and whole-of-society solutions for actualizing key OCA proposals and turbo-charging Sustainable Development Goals.

## Chapter I. Sustainable development and financing for development

- a. implement the proposed G20 + 7 N Governance Innovation as in Chapter III for Sustainable development and financing for development on the basis of shared value system at global, regional, national and local levels

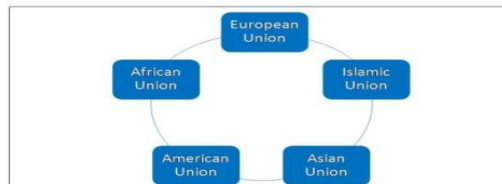
## Chapter II. International peace and security

- a. Upgrade the Security Council so as to include EU and AU (others such as AMU, ASU and IU are to be created and included), and also include the Civil Society Network as Defenders of global commons (Civilizations, Environment and Human Rights) for balancing geopolitics, and democratic deficits. However, as input for realizing “New Agenda for Peace” and “New Social Contract” visions (fig. IV and fig. V) – the granting of Regional Organizations with rights of statehood, sovereignty and veto would enhance conflict prevention, peace, effective collective security, and sustainable development.

Fig. IV A Notion to Protect Global Commons: The New Social Contract for Post-Covid United Nations & Innovations



Fig. V A New Peace Deal: The Core of UN 2.0 System & a Unified World Government for Intercontinental Relations

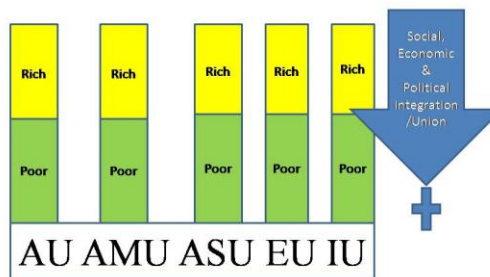


- b. Upgrade Peace Building Commission into a Peace Building Council with the mandate to efficiently lead on conflict prevention and development of peace building policies for people-centered Peace Operations.
- c. Democratize and Translate Veto so as to shift power to the Regions for the purpose of defending global commons (such as Continental Identities, Environment and Human Rights) as a proposed Norm, or practice. Arising from this new multilateral global order within the UN, the EU should become a Global-Regional Actor with Statehood Rights and Sovereignty, and as well as AU and others in the long term. However, Veto is vital on a positive note for asserting Global Leadership and re-establishing Legitimacy, Accountability and Trust needed (by either co-opting or exerting hegemonic influence on Member States) for the formation of a stronger and Open International Society, (and as a panacea for setting a New Peace Agenda and Social Contract). To this end, the Regional Organizations should be responsible for putting legal obligations on its Member States, in order to effectively and efficiently manage global commons by enforcing common International Law or Intercontinental Law (as a New Vision in the Rule of Law) for improved global governance. In the final analysis, Power balancing between the P5 and the proposed Global-Regional Actors is essential for guaranteeing collective security and for a peaceful, stable, and equitable world.

### Chapter III. Science, technology and innovation and digital cooperation

- a. In the long term, implement the proposed G20 + 7 N Governance Innovation (as input to Future Generations, New Peace Agenda, Global Digital Compact, Emergency Platform, Outer Space Dialogue and Biennial Summit) - a post-Covid Global Order and Response for spurring borderless Regional Integration & Cooperation for ending Endemic Poverty, Hunger, Migration Crisis, Digital and Development (Vaccine) Divide, & for addressing Climate Change & other complex global challenges. This is both a whole-of-Society and a Whole-of-Government global solution that is to be implemented by G20 and G7 and in partnership with International Monetary Fund, World Bank, Regional Development Banks and UN for powering the Regions

**Fig. VI A G20+7N Innovation for Post-Covid Global Order & Economic Recovery**  
 – for powering the Regions and spurring borderless Regional Integration & Cooperation as a global response for ending Endemic Poverty, Migration, Digital and Development Divide, & for addressing Climate Change & other complex global challenges



### Chapter IV. Youth and future generations

- a. In order to support Gender Equity, Youth and Future Generations, the UN 2.0 System is built as the core of people-and-region centric Multilateralism (Fig, VII and VIII) that is expandable for connecting the Youth (such as UN Youth Council), and giving them a voice and representation at the General Assembly so as to be part of Global Decision-making. With increased spectrum of actors of global governance (including Women, Girls and Young people) coming together to address global challenges, the core of a democratic, networked and people-centric UN 2.0 System thus supports gender equity, and the needs of future generations. One of such needs of the Future Generations is the right to a healthy or sustainable environment that is free from threats of climate change, Nuclear Weapons, Cyber-attacks, Pandemics and other global catastrophic risks for their survival, economic and social development. Another critical need is the right to peace and security, which is more guaranteed in a world of regions than of nation states.

**Fig. VII A UN 2.0 System: The Core of a People & Region-centric Multilateralism & Symbol of Global Governance 2.0 Architecture**

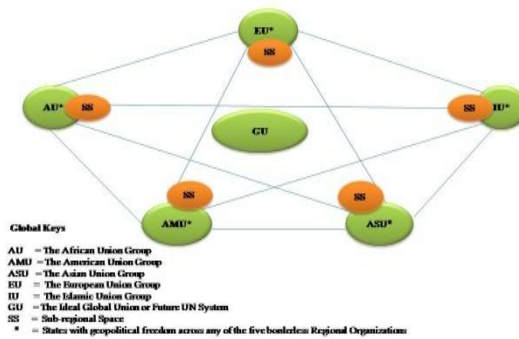


**Fig. VIII Operations of a UN 2.0 System: The People & Region Centric Innovations**



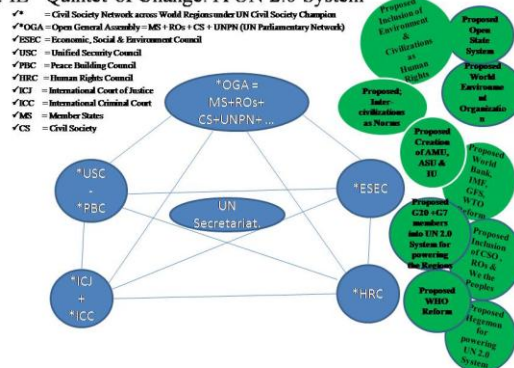
## Chapter V. Transforming global governance

As an improved global order, highest priority is placed to protect global commons as a new Norm in post-Covid era. Resulting from our newly proposed global norm or practice - is the Quintet of Change (as called for in the OCA Report and Policy Brief 11) that infuses the Global Union Model (fig. I) as a global family structure, and the practice of Intercontinental Relations for systemic transformation of UN. Technically, by amending Article IV and Chapter VIII of the UN Charter – the Westphalian State System, the UN System and the state-centric Global Decision-making Structures are transformed in order to meet the geopolitical realities of today. Below are governance improvements that are achievable in short and long terms:



**Fig. I A Global Union Model: The Built Intercontinental System**

**Fig. II. Quintet of Change: A UN 2.0 System**

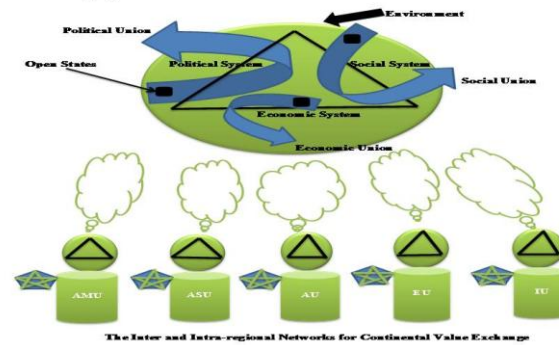


- a. Update Multilateralism and operationalize inclusivity as networks of States and Non-state Actors (involving the States, identity-based Regional Organizations, Civil Society and We the Peoples for participation) at the center of UN Decision-making and Action-taking, in order to solve human problems and address global challenges for the benefit of Youths and Future Generations (fig.VIII).
- b. Implement the proposed Open State System (fig. III) for replacing the Westphalian State System that allows for States to either exit, or join any preferred identity-based Regional Organizations (such as EU, AU amongst others are to be created) for Economic Union,

Social Union or Political Union irrespective of their geographical locations toward a Borderless and Democratic World. In practice, the new global phenomenon of open globalization is already taking place as Ukraine (now in War with Russia) has declared the intent to join EU (while Finland and Sweden are also joining) for solidarity, prosperity, peace and effective collective security.

Fig. III Open State System in the Intercontinental System Network

▪ A proposed Open State System for an interconnected world of disparate People, Civilizations, Institutions, Nations and Regions with shared and equal Sovereignty



- c. Upgrade the General Assembly in order to include Member States, identity-based Regional Organizations such as Africa Union (AU), European Union (EU) and Create the Asian Union (ASU), the American Union (AMU) and the Islamic Union (IU), and also include Non-State Actors (such as UN Youth Council, A Civil Society High Level Focal Point and UN Parliamentary Assembly (UNPA) as Advisory Body for people participation
- d. Upgrade the Economic and Social Council into Economic, Social and Environment Council so as to initiate green policies for regulating the economic space, environment and for the development of all-inclusive social space that is corruption free, and allows for Civil Society and Private Partnerships.
- e. Increase International Court of Justice partnership with International Criminal Court and strengthen the court against political pressure so as to widen Justice Net, and to effectively and efficiently adjudicate fairness, human rights, good governance and justice in the application of open, or common International Law (Intercontinental Law) at local, national, transnational, regional and global levels for protecting our global commons and Justice for all.
- f. Review the Human Rights Council so as to recognize a healthy Environment as human right (this aspect has been passed into a historic UN Resolution on July 28, 2022), and as well recognize the identities of world civilizations as human right under the watch of Civil Society Network.

- g. Create a World Environment Organization (WEO) as the Specialized (Technical or Functional) Agency for responding to Environmental Challenges – By upgrading United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP)
- h. Reform World Health Organization so as to rapidly collaborate with the proposed WEO and, respond to emergencies at all levels of Governance when it concerns Global Health Disasters
- i. Reform World Trade Organization for inclusivity of Developing Countries in Trade Governance as in the Global Union Model, in order to reduce global inequality

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