



Fondation Eboko

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Consultations on the Zero Project of the Pact for the Future

Chapter I: Sustainable Development and Development Financing

Promoting inclusive financing: Establishing financial mechanisms that offer accessible and affordable financing options for African countries, especially those with limited access. This could include the creation of regional development banks or investment funds specifically targeting sustainable development projects in Africa.

Enhancing domestic resource mobilization: Supporting African countries to strengthen their capacity to mobilize domestic resources through effective tax systems, combating illicit financial flows, and promoting private sector investment in sustainable development initiatives.

Facilitating technology transfer: Encouraging technology transfer and knowledge sharing to enable African countries to adopt and implement sustainable development solutions. This can be achieved through partnerships with developed countries, international institutions, and private sector actors.

Chapter II: International Peace and Security

In the context of Central Africa, it is important to consider the persistent insecurity in the eastern Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC) and its implications for regional stability. This region has long been faced with complex security challenges, exacerbated by the presence of armed groups, ethnic violence, land conflicts, and political rivalries.

To promote peace and security in the region, it is crucial to strengthen conflict prevention efforts. This can be achieved by establishing early warning mechanisms to detect early signs of tension, investing in programs to promote community reconciliation, and encouraging disarmament, demobilization, and reintegration of former combatants.

Furthermore, it is essential to support regional security initiatives in Central Africa. Organizations such as the Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS) and the International Conference on the Great Lakes Region (ICGLR) play a key role in promoting peace and conflict resolution. Encouraging cooperation and coordination between these organizations can strengthen the effectiveness of security actions in the region.

Lastly, it is crucial to promote long-term peacebuilding by addressing the root causes of conflicts. This involves tackling issues such as poverty, social inequalities, access to natural resources, and ethnic tensions. Community development programs, transparent governance, and transitional justice can contribute to reducing divisions and promoting stability.

It is essential to work closely with local, regional, and international stakeholders to address these security challenges. By supporting coordinated initiatives and fostering dialogue and cooperation, it is possible to create conditions conducive to sustainable peace and development in the Central Africa region.

Chapter III: Science, Technology, Innovation, and Digital Cooperation

Promoting digital inclusion: Reducing the digital divide in Africa by improving access to affordable and reliable internet connectivity, promoting digital literacy, and supporting the development of digital infrastructure.

Supporting research and development: Investing in science, technology, and innovation in Africa by establishing research funding programs, facilitating collaborations between academia and industry, and providing incentives for technological advancements in key sectors such as renewable energy, agriculture, and healthcare.

Chapter IV: Youth and Future Generations

Encouraging Youth Participation:

It is essential to recognize the crucial role that youth play in the development of Central Africa. To ensure a sustainable and prosperous future, it is imperative to encourage their active participation in decision-

making processes, policy formulation, and the implementation of sustainable development initiatives. This requires the creation of dedicated platforms for innovation, entrepreneurship, and leadership development, led by the youth themselves. These platforms will enable them to share their ideas, concerns, and unique perspectives and have their voices heard in the discussions that shape their future. By giving African youth the opportunity to participate actively, we can ensure more inclusive and relevant decisions for future generations.

Investing in Education and Skill Development:

Education is a fundamental pillar of sustainable development. In order to empower young Africans to become agents of change in their societies, we must invest in quality education and skill development. This entails access to quality education, both formal and informal, that promotes critical learning, creativity, and innovation. It is crucial to adapt educational curricula to meet the current needs of the job market, with a focus on emerging sectors with high growth potential. Additionally, it is vital to strengthen vocational and technical training programs to equip young people with the skills needed to thrive in the 21st-century economy. By investing in the education and skill development of youth, we open up promising opportunities for them and contribute to building a more dynamic and resilient society.

Promoting Inclusion and Equal Opportunities:

Ensuring that all young people have equitable access to development opportunities is crucial. This means guaranteeing the inclusion of youth from marginalized backgrounds, rural areas, and underprivileged communities. Specific policies and programs need to be created to reduce inequalities and promote equal opportunities. This can include measures such as access to scholarships, mentorship programs, local economic development initiatives, and social inclusion policies. By adopting an inclusive and equitable approach, we can help all young Africans realize their full potential and actively contribute to building a just and sustainable society.

Chapter V: Global Governance Transformation

Strengthening Multilateralism and Representation:

It is crucial to advocate for a reformed, inclusive, and effective multilateral system to ensure fair representation of African countries in global decision-making processes. Reforms of international financial institutions are essential to make them more representative and accountable. By strengthening the voice and participation of African nations, we can create a framework that truly reflects the interests and needs of the continent. It is important to encourage equitable collaboration between African countries and other regions of the world to effectively advocate for African interests in sustainable development, fair trade, combating climate change, and global peace. Such transformation of global governance would allow for better consideration of the aspirations, challenges, and specific opportunities that Africa faces.

Promoting Accountability, Transparency, and Anti-Corruption Efforts:

For effective global governance, it is imperative to promote accountability and transparency. This requires increased support for responsible and ethical behavior from international actors. It is essential to strengthen initiatives to combat corruption and illicit financial activities that undermine Africa's economic and social progress. By adopting strict policies and measures of accountability and transparency, we can ensure efficient and equitable use of financial and economic resources. This will foster sustainable development and empowerment of African nations while strengthening trust in global governance systems.

Promoting Interregional Dialogue and Cooperation:

For successful global governance transformation, it is essential to promote interregional dialogue and cooperation. It is important to create platforms that facilitate exchanges between African countries and other regions of the world to foster mutual understanding, learning, and cooperation. Such initiatives will strengthen international relations between Africa and the rest of the world, enabling collaborative opportunities on issues of common interest. By promoting international cooperation, we can work together to address global challenges such as climate change, food security, health, poverty alleviation, and inequality.

By implementing these recommendations, we can truly transform global governance and create conditions conducive to sustainable development, peace, technological advancements, and youth empowerment in Africa. By strengthening multilateralism, promoting transparency and accountability, and fostering interregional dialogue and cooperation, we will create real opportunities for Africa to play a leading role in global affairs and shape a more prosperous and equitable future for all.