

# Structure:Function Relationships in Molecular Spin-Crossover Complexes

Malcolm A. Halcrow\*

*School of Chemistry, University of Leeds, Woodhouse Lane, Leeds, UK LS2 9JT.  
E-mail: m.a.halcrow@leeds.ac.uk*

## Electronic Supplementary Information

**Table S1** Structural data for salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  and its derivatives.

**Figure S1** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for complexes from the  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  series.

**Table S2** Structural changes during spin-crossover for  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  and its derivatives.

**Table S3** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of *tris*-pyrazolylborates and related ligands.

**Table S4** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of *tris*-pyrazolylmethanes and related ligands.

**Figure S2** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised iron(II) scorpionate complexes.

**Table S5** Structural changes during spin-crossover for iron(II) scorpionate complexes.

**Table S6** Structural data for iron(III)  $[\text{Fe}(\text{saltrien})]^+$  derivatives.

**Table S7** Structural data for iron(II)  $[\text{Fe}(\text{5-NO}_2\text{-saltrien})]$  derivatives.

**Table S8** Structural data for iron(III)  $[\text{Fe}(\text{saltrien})]^+$  derivatives bearing an expanded chelate ring.

**Figure S3** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for complexes from the  $[\text{Fe}(\text{saltrien})]^+$  series.

**Table S9** Structural data for iron(III) complexes of  $\text{pap}^-$ ,  $\text{qsal}^-$  and related tridentate Schiff bases.

**Figure S4.** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{pap})_2]^+$ ,  $[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2]^+$  and their derivatives.

**Table S10** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2]^+$  and its derivatives.

**Table S11** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands.

**Figure S5** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands.

**Table S12** Structural changes during spin-crossover for iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands

**Table S13** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands.

**Figure S6** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands.

**Table S14** Structural changes during spin-crossover for iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands.

**Figure S7** Close intermolecular contacts involving the capping  $\text{N}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_4)_3$  moiety in high-spin  $[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Br}[\text{AsF}_6]\cdot\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  and in spin-crossover  $[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Br}[\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]$ .

**References.**

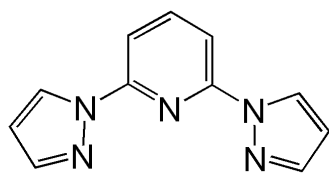
**Table S1.** Structural data for salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  and its derivatives. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of the four distortion parameters. Data are from ref. [1], unless otherwise stated.

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	$\theta$ (°)	$\phi$ (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	66.24(2)	155.7(1)	186.6(2)	547
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{PF}_6]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	62.64(1)	154.18(7)	197.2(2)	559
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{SbF}_6]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	61.94(2)	154.4(1)	199.0(3)	560
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{I}_3]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	84.9(1)-88.7(1) <sup>a</sup>	156.4(4)- 171.1(5) <sup>a</sup>	155(1)- 172(1) <sup>a</sup>	479-514 <sup>a</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]\text{I}_{0.5}\text{I}_3]_{1.5}$	High-spin	High-spin	89.92(5)	156.0(2)	172.8(6)	522
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{B}_9\text{H}_{11})_2]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ , molecule A <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	87.03(9)	159.6(3)	157(1)	482
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{SbF}_6]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	87.66(4)	178.0(1)	148.8(4)	460
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-iPr}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{PF}_6]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{CN} \cdot 0.5(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2$	High-spin	High-spin	84.19(5)- 86.40(5) <sup>c</sup>	175.0(1)- 176.5(2) <sup>c</sup>	149.4(2)- 152.5(2) <sup>c</sup>	463-471 <sup>c</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-CO}_2\text{Et}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	89.39(2)	174.62(7)	152.3(2)	479
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}=\text{CHferrocenyl}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot 2(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{O}$	High-spin	High-spin	88.3	175.4(2)	144.7(4)	453
$\alpha\text{-}[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Ph}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	61.15(4)	176.3(2)	177.0(7)	479
$\beta\text{-}[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Ph}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	62.30(2)	180	176.8(2)	482
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-ferrocenyl}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot 3\text{CH}_3\text{CN}$	High-spin	High-spin	66.3; 69.4 <sup>c</sup>	180; 180 <sup>c</sup>	168; 169 <sup>c</sup>	481; 479 <sup>c</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-CH}_2\text{OH}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	72.08(3)	164.7(1)	166.3(3)	486
$\alpha\text{-}[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-CH}_2\text{OH}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	85.48(2)	164.86(8)	152.1(3)	474
$\beta\text{-}[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-CH}_2\text{OH}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	71.56(2)	163.62(7)	172.3(2)	488
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}=\text{CHferrocenyl}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{I}_3]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	85.7	163.4(3)	157(1)	491
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}=\text{CHferrocenyl}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BPh}_4]_2 \cdot 3\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2 \cdot (\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{O}$	High-spin	High-spin	86.6	156.6(1)	167.7(5)	528
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}=\text{CHferrocenyl}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{Ni}(\text{mnt})_2]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	74.4	166.1(2)	169.7(7)	479
$\alpha\text{-}[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}_2\text{SCN}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	78.8	158.10(7)	169.1(2)	486
$[\text{Fe}(\text{bppy})_2][\text{SbF}_6]_2$	High-spin	High-spin	59.84(3)	154.5(1)	201.8(4)	562
$[\text{Fe}(\text{bppy})_2][\text{SbF}_6]_2 \cdot 2\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$	High-spin	High-spin	84.66(4)	163.2(1)	161.0(5)	485
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.94(2)	172.98(7)	150.8(2)	467
		Low-spin	89.40(2)	178.15(8)	86.1(2)	282
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot 3\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	86.34(4); 89.14(4) <sup>d</sup>	178.3(1); 177.5(1) <sup>d</sup>	89.1(4); 86.5(4) <sup>d</sup>	279; 283 <sup>d</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{Ni}(\text{mnt})_2]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ <sup>[2]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	76.7	178.4	157.9(5)	450
		Low-spin	81.3	177.9	94.1(5)	282
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	76.4	175.85(9)	153.1(3)	462
		Low-spin	81.9	179.2(2)	92.9(5)	285
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot x\text{H}_2\text{O}$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	76.4	175.3(1)	154.8(4)	460
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{Co}(\text{C}_2\text{B}_9\text{H}_{11})_2]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ , molecule B <sup>b</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	87.4(1)	178.3(3)	87(1)	283
$[\text{Fe}(\{4'\text{-Me}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	90	180	158.8(4)	480
		Low-spin	89.9	175.8(4)	89(1)	288
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bip})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot 1+x\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2 \cdot 1-x(\text{C}_2\text{H}_5)_2\text{O}$	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	81.32(5)- 89.66(4) <sup>e</sup>	174.5(2)-178.7(2) <sup>e</sup>	80.1(7)-89.5(6) <sup>e</sup>	263-279 <sup>e</sup>
$\alpha\text{-}[\text{Fe}(\{4'\text{-Cl}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	90	180	153.2(3)	470
		Low-spin	89.82(4)	176.9(3)	85.4(8)	280
$[\text{Fe}(\{4'\text{-Br}\}_2\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	Spin-crossover	High-spin	90	180	150.9(2)	467

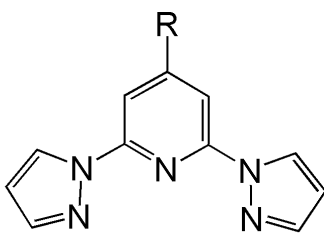
Table S1 continued

[Fe(4-{CH <sub>2</sub> OH}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.71(4)	178.4(1)	147.6(6)	454
		Low-spin	89.87(4)	177.3(2)	91.2(4)	297
[Fe(4-{CH <sub>2</sub> OH}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.4	177.4(3)	147.7(9)	458
		Low-spin	90.0	177.7(4)	94(1)	306
$\beta$ -[Fe(4-{CH <sub>2</sub> SCN}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	88.5	172.34(8)	147.3(3)	459
		Low-spin	88.7	178.22(6)	87.3(2)	286
[Fe(4-NITR-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	89.8	178.2(3)	87(1)	284
[Fe(4-I-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	88.2	178.6(1)	86.1(4)	281
[Fe(4-{C≡CC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SC(O)Me}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	88.0	177.7(2)	87.2(6)	285
[Fe(4-{C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> OH}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	87.7	178.3(1)	89.0(3)	291
<i>catena</i> -[FeH(4-{4-pyridyl}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>m</sub> [ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3m</sub> · <i>m</i> CH <sub>3</sub> OH	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	87.2	174.9(2)	88.0(7)	283
[Fe(4-{3-pyridyl}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	86.4	179.26(12)	87.1(4)	282
[Fe(4-{3-pyridyl}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[3]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	84.7	179.0(2)	89.3(7)	284
[FeH(4-{3-pyridyl}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>m</sub> [BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3m</sub> · <i>m</i> CH <sub>3</sub> CN· <i>m</i> H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>[3]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	88.2	173.92(13)	86.6(5)	285
[Fe(bppyz) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·3CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	86.42(4)	173.2(1)	153.6(4)	476
		Low-spin	86.24(3)	177.4(1)	91.5(4)	296
[Fe({3'-Me} <sub>2</sub> -bppy <sub>2</sub> z) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	90	180	150.3(2)	460
		Low-spin	90	180	94.0(2)	309
[Fe({3'-Me} <sub>2</sub> -bppy <sub>2</sub> z) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	90	180	156.1(2)	480
		Low-spin	90	180	96.1(2)	316
[Fe({3',5'-Me <sub>2</sub> }-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	84.18(2)	176.96(7)	85.2(2)	272
[Fe({4'-Me} <sub>2</sub> -1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	89.90(3)	178.0(1)	84.3(4)	276
[Fe({3'-Mes} <sub>2</sub> -1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	89.50(2)	178.98(8)	84.0(3)	277
[Fe({3'-Mes} <sub>2</sub> -1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][FeCl <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	89.9	178.7(3)	81(1)	269
[Fe({4'-CO <sub>2</sub> Et} <sub>2</sub> -1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2CF <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> OH	Low-spin	Low-spin	85.52(3)	176.4(1)	83.3(3)	272
[Fe({4'-I} <sub>2</sub> -1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	Low-spin	Low-spin	89.02(4)	175.5(2)	86.8(5)	284
[Fe(4-{CH <sub>2</sub> N[CH <sub>2</sub> -2-pyridyl] <sub>2</sub> PdCl}-1-bpp) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>4</sub> ·6.8CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ·0.3(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O <sup>[4]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	86.69(4)	177.69(13)	86.7(4)	284
[Fe(bppyz) <sub>2</sub> ][SbF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·3CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	n/a	Low-spin	88.59(4)	178.6(2)	85.5(5)	281
[Fe({3',5'-Me <sub>2</sub> }-bppy <sub>2</sub> z) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	88.09(3); 89.87(3) <sup>d</sup>	176.1(1); 179.5(1) <sup>d</sup>	84.5(4); 86.8(4) <sup>d</sup>	279; 285 <sup>d</sup>
[Fe({3'-Mes} <sub>2</sub> -bppy <sub>2</sub> z) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·5CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	82.09(4)	179.8(2)	95.9(3)	288

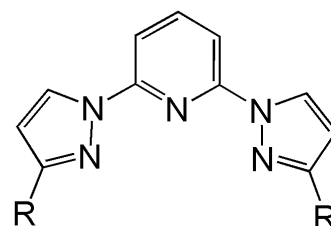
<sup>a</sup>There are six unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, all in the same spin state. <sup>b</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this material, which have different spin-state behaviour. <sup>c</sup>There are four unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, all in the same spin state. <sup>d</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, both in the same spin state. <sup>e</sup>There are three unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, all in the same spin state.



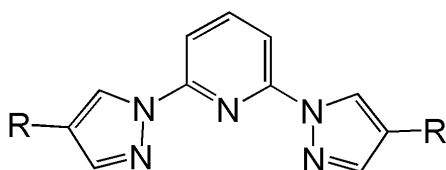
1-bpp



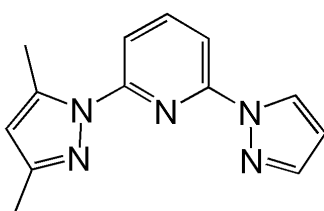
4-R-1-bpp



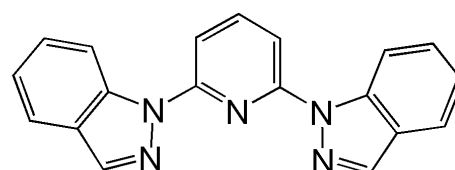
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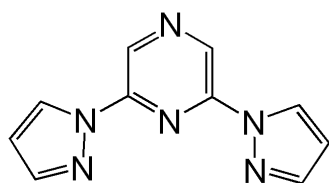
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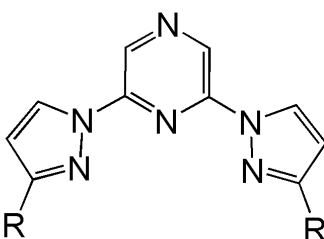
{3',5'-Me<sub>2</sub>}-1-bpp



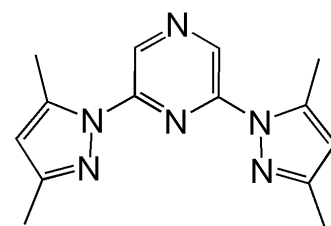
1-bip



bppy

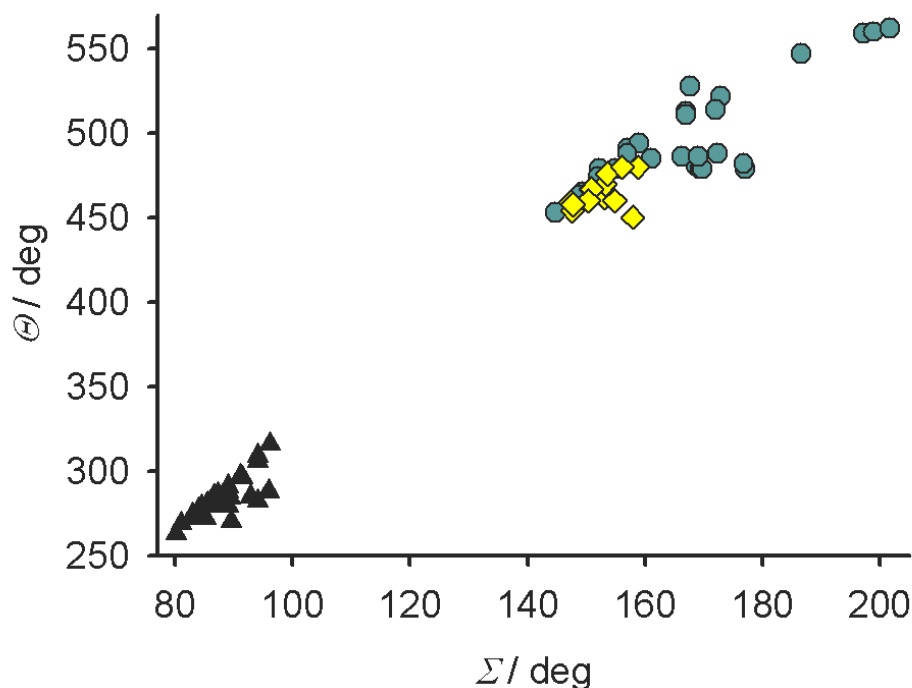


{3'-R}<sub>2</sub>-bppy



{3',5'-Me<sub>2</sub>}<sub>2</sub>-bppy

High-spin structure (remains high-spin on cooling)  
High-spin structure (undergoes spin-crossover on cooling)  
Low-spin structure



**Figure S1.** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised complexes from the  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  series (Table S1).

Complexes that are spin-crossover active clearly exhibit  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  values towards the low end of the range observed for the high-spin state of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  compounds. This correlates with the angular Jahn-Teller distortion exhibited by this series of high-spin complex. See the main text for more details.

**Table S2.** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for  $[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2]^{2+}$  and its derivatives, whose high-spin and low-spin crystal structures are available (Table S1, Fig. S1). Data are taken from ref. [1] unless otherwise stated.

	$T_{1/2}$ (K)	$\Delta T$ (K)	$ \Delta\theta $ ( $^\circ$ )	$ \Delta\phi $ ( $^\circ$ )	$\Delta\Sigma$ ( $^\circ$ )	$\Delta\Theta$ ( $^\circ$ )
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	260	3	0.5	5.2	64.7	185
$[\text{Fe}(\text{1-bpp})_2][\text{Ni}(\text{mnt})_2]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$ <sup>[2]</sup>	170	0-70	4.5	0.5	63.8	168
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}_2\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	147	6	5.5	3.4	60.2	177
$[\text{Fe}(\{4'\text{-Me}_2\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	233	3	0.14	4.2	69.8	192
$\alpha$ - $[\text{Fe}(\{4'\text{-Cl}_2\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	202	3	0.18	3.1	67.8	190
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}_2\text{OH}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	271	0	0.16	1.13	56.4	157
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}_2\text{OH}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	284	0	0.62	0.3	53.7	152
$\beta$ - $[\text{Fe}(4\text{-}\{\text{CH}_2\text{SCN}\}\text{-1-bpp})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	272	0	0.2	5.9	60.0	173
$[\text{Fe}(\text{bppy})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot 3\text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$	198	n/a	0.18	4.2	62.1	180
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}_2\}\text{-1-bppy})_2][\text{BF}_4]_2$	240	0	0	0	56.3	151
$[\text{Fe}(\{3'\text{-Me}_2\}\text{-1-bppy})_2][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	190	0	0	0	60.0	164

**Table S3** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of *tris*-pyrazolylborates and related ligands. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ . Data are from ref. [5], unless otherwise stated.

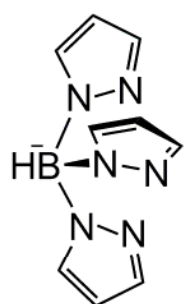
	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	Fe–N2–N1–C5 (average, °)	Fe–N2–N1–B (average, °)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	High-spin	High-spin	162.4	20.2	43.3(2)	57
[Fe(pz <sup>CF3</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	High-spin	High-spin	178.3	1.0	22.7(3)	29
[Fe(pz <sup>cPr</sup> <sub>4</sub> B) <sub>2</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH, molecule 1 <sup>a</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	166.3	9.3	45.60(14)	62
[Fe(PhBpz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]	High-spin	High-spin	162.1	12.9	46.96(14)	66
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> I) <sub>2</sub> ], nSCO polymorph	High-spin	High-spin	164.9	9.3	48.5(2)	66
[Fe(pz <sup>Ph</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	n/a	High-spin	174.2	7.3	48.3(3)	158
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>4</sub> B) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[6]</sup>	n/a	High-spin	169.3	7.3	47.6(3)	58
[Fe(pz <sup>cPr</sup> <sub>4</sub> B) <sub>2</sub> ]·½C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>8</sub>	n/a	High-spin	168.7; 168.9 <sup>b</sup>	9.0; 11.7 <sup>b</sup>	47.2(3); 48.4(3) <sup>b</sup>	59; 59 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sup>Ph,4-CN</sup> <sub>2</sub> pz <sup>5-Ph,4-CN</sup> <sub>2</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[7]</sup>	n/a	High-spin	175.6	10.8	49(1)	91
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	176.7; 178.3 <sup>b</sup>	3.5; 0.5 <sup>b</sup>	43.6(8); 42.0(7) <sup>b</sup>	50; 49
[Fe(pz <sup>*</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	174.2	6.8	41.2(3)	51
[Fe(pz <sup>cyPr</sup> <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	179.1	0.3	46.8(5)	54
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CCSiMe <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	165.4	7.9	38.2(4)	56
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CCPh) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	164.7	10.5	47.5(2)	64
[Fe(pz <sup>cPr</sup> <sub>4</sub> B) <sub>2</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH, molecule 2 <sup>a</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	171.0	5.5	48.0(2)	61
		Low-spin	174.8	5.7	5.60(14)	9
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> I) <sub>2</sub> ], SCO polymorph	Spin-crossover	High-spin	166.1	8.6	44.5(2)	64
		Low-spin	171.8	4.8	4.2(3)	11
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> I) <sub>2</sub> ]·2CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	164.4	9.8	48.0(3)	60
		Low-spin	171.2	5.3	6.2(2)	10
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CCH) <sub>2</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	~80% High-spin	163.5; 170.2 <sup>c</sup>	9.3; 6.0 <sup>c</sup>	37.5(2); 28.5(2) <sup>b</sup>	52; 38 <sup>b</sup>
		Low-spin	169.8; 172.1 <sup>b</sup>	4.8; 5.2 <sup>b</sup>	3.0(2); 3.3(2) <sup>b</sup>	8, 9 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ], low temperature phase	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	177.5; 179.1 <sup>b</sup>	2.9; 0.8 <sup>b</sup>	26.4(7); 21.2(6) <sup>b</sup>	25; 25 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ], annealed phase <sup>[8]</sup>	Spin-crossover	ca. 80% High-spin	176.0	1.3	44.5(5)	68
		Low-spin	175.9	1.3	19.2(2)	30
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> B <i>t</i> Bu) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[9]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	178.1(2)	2.0(3)	6.1(2)	7
[Fe(pz <sub>4</sub> B) <sub>2</sub> ]	Low-spin	Low-spin	172.5; 175.1 <sup>b</sup>	1.7; 3.0 <sup>b</sup>	16.8(7); 20.4(7) <sup>b</sup>	21; 25 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> BPh) <sub>2</sub> ]	Low-spin	Low-spin	171.3	5.3	42(1)	30
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> BC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> I) <sub>2</sub> ]	Low-spin	Low-spin	172.6	5.0	20.2(3)	25
[Fe(in <sub>3</sub> BH) <sub>2</sub> ]·3.5CHCl <sub>3</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	174.9; 175.8 <sup>b</sup>	6.9; 5.3 <sup>b</sup>	20(1); 14(1) <sup>b</sup>	26; 18 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> B <i>t</i> Bu) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[9]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	177.02(12)	4.38(18)	28.92(16)	33

<sup>a</sup> There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this material, which have different spin-state behaviour. <sup>b</sup> There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, both in the same spin state. <sup>c</sup> There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this crystal phase, one of which is high-spin while the other is *ca.* 60% high-spin at this temperature.

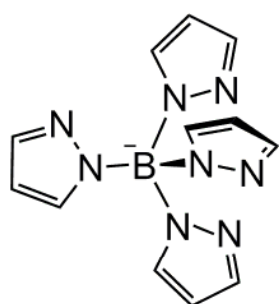
**Table S4** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of *tris*-pyrazolylmethane and *tris*-pyrazolylmethanide ligands. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ .

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	Fe–N2–N1–C5 (average, °)	Fe–N2–N1–X (average, °)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·4CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	162.1(3)	17.7(3)	65.5(3)	76
[Fe(pz <sup>Me3</sup> <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·4CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	n/a	High-spin	171.8	5.8	67.6	82
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][Fe <sub>2</sub> OCl <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>[13]</sup>	n/a	High-spin	178.9	3.1(9)	65.8(6)	75
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , high-T phase <sup>[14]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	168.0(3)	12.5(3)	67.2(3)	81
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , low-T phase, molecule 1 <sup>a</sup> <sup>[14]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	161.7(3)	20.2(3)	64.0(3)	78
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , low-T phase, molecule 2 <sup>a</sup> <sup>[14]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	179.0(3)	1.3(3)	19.2(3)	23
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	171.2(5)	8.7(5)	65.4(5)	79
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> C) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2thf <sup>[15]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	n/a <sup>b</sup>	n/a <sup>b</sup>	64.8(3)	n/a <sup>b</sup>
		Low-spin	177.4	2.9	22.9(3)	29
[Fe(pz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>2</sub> pz <sup>5-Me</sup> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[16]</sup>	Spin-crossover	ca. 70% High-spin	177.0(9)	2.2(9)	63.4(6)	71
		Low-spin	177.8(6)	1.6(6)	26.0(3)	31
[Fe(pz <sup>Me3</sup> <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[17]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	174.4(3)	n/a <sup>b</sup>	70.3(3)	n/a <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH)(pz <sub>3</sub> CH)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , polymorph A <sup>[18]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	178.5(7)	1.4(7)	23.3(5)	30
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH)(pz <sub>3</sub> CH)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , polymorph B <sup>[18]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	172.1(5)	6.0(5)	66.3(3)	77
		Low-spin	176.4(4)	1.7(4)	24.8(3)	30
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH)(pz <sup>4-Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> CH)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2CH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[18]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	172.3	7.3	70.7(3)	81
		Low-spin	174.6	5.8	34.4(3)	44
[Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH)(pz <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> OH)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[18]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	176.5(4)	1.1(4)	24.3(3)	33
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][NO <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , $\alpha$ -polymorph <sup>[19]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	177.8	2.1	28.8(3)	34
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][NO <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , $\beta$ -polymorph <sup>[19]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	177.9	1.9	29.0(3)	35
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[20]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	178.4	0.5	30.6(4)	38
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> CH) <sub>2</sub> ][Fe(NCS) <sub>5</sub> (py)]·2CH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[21]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	177.5(3); 178.3(3) <sup>b</sup>	0.3(3); 2.3(3) <sup>b</sup>	29.9(2); 31.2(2) <sup>b</sup>	35; 37 <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(pz <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> OP{O}Ph <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[22]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	176.0	2.9	30.4(2)	37
[{Fe(pz* <sub>3</sub> CH)} <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -{pz <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> }) <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>4</sub> <sup>[23]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	177.6	1.8	24.3(4)	32

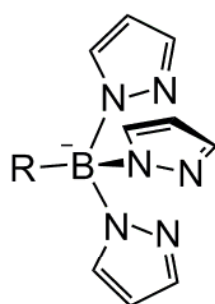
<sup>a</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this phase, which have different spin-state behaviour. <sup>b</sup>The published high-spin structure of this compound is not available on the Cambridge Crystallographic Database. Therefore, these data could not be calculated. <sup>c</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, both in the same spin state.



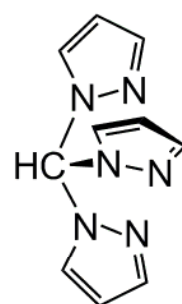
$\text{pz}_3\text{BH}^-$



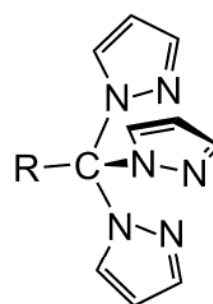
$\text{pz}_4\text{B}^-$



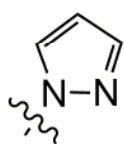
$\text{pz}_3\text{BR}^-$



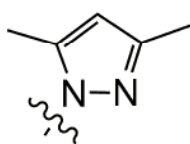
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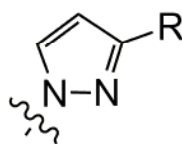
$\text{pz}_3\text{CR}$



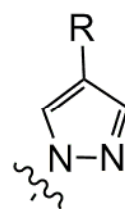
$\text{pz}$



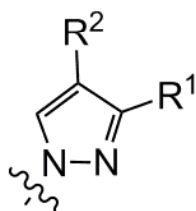
$\text{pz}^*$



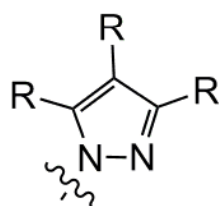
$\text{pz}^{\text{R}}$



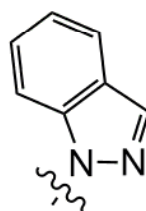
$\text{pz}^{4-\text{R}}$



$\text{pz}^{\text{R}_1,4-\text{R}_2}$



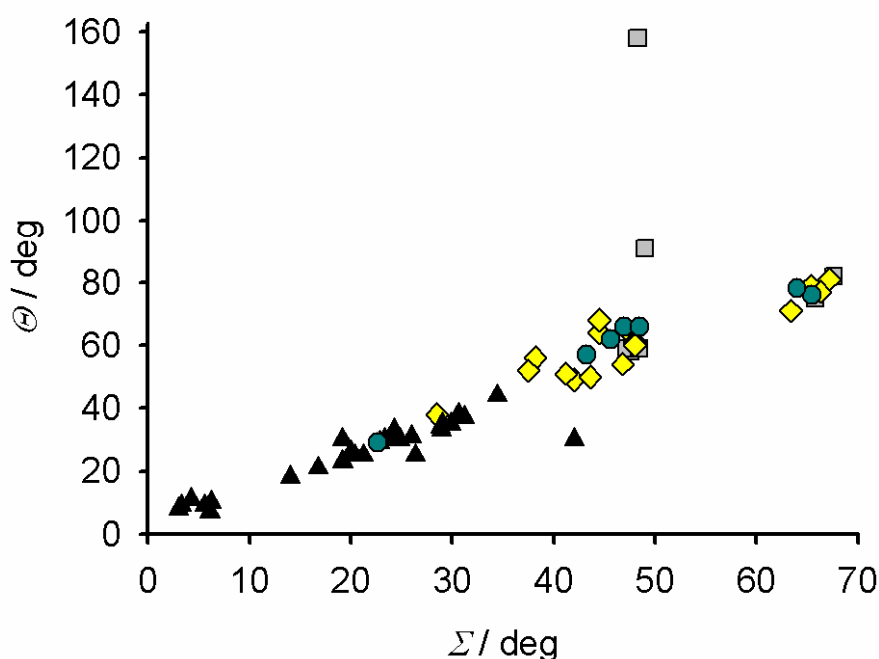
$\text{pz}^{\text{R}_3}$



$\text{in}$



High-spin structure (remains high-spin on cooling)  
 High-spin structure (undergoes spin-crossover on cooling)  
 High-spin structure (low temperature spin-state behaviour not reported)  
 Low-spin structure



**Figure S2.** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised iron(II) scorpionate complexes (Tables S3 and S4).

The range of  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  values shown by these compounds is much narrower than for the other compounds examined in this work. That reflects the six-membered chelate rings formed by the tripodal scorpionate ligands, which favour *cis*-N–Fe–N bond angles close to 90°.

There is no apparent correlation between  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  and the occurrence of spin-crossover in these compounds. See the main text for a discussion of the dependence of spin-crossover on the scorpionate ligand conformation.

The two outlying datapoints with abnormally high values of  $\Theta$  are both pyrazolylborate complexes with 3-phenyl substituents at their pyrazole rings, which exert a strong steric influence on the metal coordination sphere. These are both probably high-spin compounds, although their spin-states at low temperature were not recorded.

**Table S5** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for iron(II) complexes of scorpionate ligands, whose high-spin and low-spin crystal structures are available.

	$T_{1/2}$ (K)	$\Delta T$ (K)	$ \Delta \text{Fe-N2-NI-C5} $ (°)	$ \Delta \text{Fe-N2-NI-X} $ (°)	$\Delta \Theta$ (°)
[Fe(Bpz <sup>cPr</sup> <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH, molecule 2 <sup>[5]</sup>	175	n/a	3.8	0.2	52
[Fe(IC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Bpz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ], SCO polymorph <sup>[5]</sup>	130	n/a	5.7	3.8	53
[Fe(IC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Bpz <sup>Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]·2CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> <sup>[5]</sup>	175	n/a	6.8	4.5	50
[Fe(HCpz <sup>*</sup> <sub>3</sub> )(HCpz <sub>3</sub> )] [BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , polymorph B <sup>[18]</sup>	228	0	4.3	4.3	47
[Fe(HCpz <sup>*</sup> <sub>3</sub> )(HCpz <sup>4-Me</sup> <sub>3</sub> )] [BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·2CH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[18]</sup>	100 <sup>a</sup>	0	2.3	1.5	37

<sup>a</sup>Transition proceeds in two closely-spaced steps, in a material with just one unique iron site. The  $T_{1/2}$  value is the temperature where the transition has proceeded to 50% completion in the material as a whole.

**Table S6** Structural data for iron(III) [Fe(saltrien)]<sup>+</sup> derivatives. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\alpha$ ,  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ . Data are taken from ref. [24], unless otherwise stated.

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	$\alpha$ (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(saltrien)]BF <sub>4</sub> <sup>[25]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	104.0(1)	95.7(3)	249
[Fe(saltrien)]PF <sub>6</sub>	High-spin	High-spin	114.55(12); 121.08(13) <sup>a</sup>	95.0(5); 105.0(5) <sup>a</sup>	236; 323 <sup>a</sup>
[Fe(saltrien)]BPh <sub>4</sub> ·½(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	High-spin	High-spin	124.98(6)	94.1(2)	239
[Fe(saltrien)]BPh <sub>4</sub> ·½C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	High-spin	High-spin	121.80(9)	95.5(3)	240
[Fe(saltrien)]ClO <sub>4</sub> , molecule A <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	76.6(3)	96.0(6)	254
[Fe(saltrien)][MnCr(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[26]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin <sup>b</sup>	103.0(8); 120.1(7) <sup>a</sup>	71(2); 89(2) <sup>a</sup>	198; 230 <sup>a</sup>
[Fe(5-OMe-saltrien)]PF <sub>6</sub> ·½H <sub>2</sub> O	High-spin	High-spin	124.0	85.5(14)	204
[Fe(5-Me-saltrien)]PF <sub>6</sub>	High-spin	High-spin	98.69(4); 100.94(5) <sup>a</sup>	93.9(2); 118.8(2) <sup>a</sup>	244; 358 <sup>a</sup>
[Fe(5- <i>t</i> Bu-saltrien)]NO <sub>3</sub> ·C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>4</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub>	High-spin above 100 K	High-spin	108.80(6)	109.4(2)	284
[Fe(saltrien)][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ], monoclinic polymorph <sup>c</sup> [27]	High-spin	High-spin	118.0	91.4(4)	225
[Fe(saltrien)][Ni(dcbdt)]	<i>ca.</i> 85% High-spin	<i>ca.</i> 85% High-spin	79.9	56.9(4)	187
[Fe(saltrien)][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ], triclinic polymorph	Spin-crossover	High-spin	106.9	96.9(4)	250
		Low-spin	72.9	40.3(5)	56
[Fe( <i>N</i> {hexyl}saltrien)]BF <sub>4</sub> , molecule 1 <sup>d</sup> [25]	High-spin	High-spin	85.1(2)	81.8(5)	208
[Fe( <i>N</i> {hexyl}saltrien)]BF <sub>4</sub> , molecule 2 <sup>d</sup> [25]	Spin-crossover	<i>ca.</i> 50% High-spin	86.3(2)	67.2(5)	186
		Low-spin	86.3(1)	65.0(3)	140
[Fe(3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -saltrien)]PF <sub>6</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.2	89(2)	263
[Fe(3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -saltrien)]ClO <sub>4</sub>	Spin-crossover	<i>ca.</i> 60% High-spin	88.1	68.7(6)	199
[Fe(saltrien)]BPh <sub>4</sub> ·(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO	Spin-crossover	<i>ca.</i> 40% High-spin	85.8	50.1(7)	117
[Fe(5-OMe-saltrien)]ClO <sub>4</sub>	n/a	<i>ca.</i> 10% High-spin	73.2	49.0(11)	94
[Fe(saltrien)][MnCr(C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> ]·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> <sup>[26]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	71.65(13)	51.6(6)	102
[Fe(saltrien)]ClO <sub>4</sub> , molecule B <sup>b</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	73.6(2)	46.3(7)	83
[Fe(saltrien)]Cl·2H <sub>2</sub> O	Low-spin	Low-spin	64.8	43.4(2)	69
[Fe(saltrien)]Br·H <sub>2</sub> O	Low-spin	Low-spin	65.6	45.1(7)	71
[Fe(saltrien)]NO <sub>3</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	Low-spin	Low-spin	64.2	46.9(3)	74
[Fe(saltrien)][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ]·(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sup>c</sup> [27]	Low-spin	Low-spin	72.5	50.2	86
[Fe(5-Cl-saltrien)]ClO <sub>4</sub>	Low-spin ?	Low-spin	69.2	45.6(7)	79
[Fe(naphthtrien)]PF <sub>6</sub> ·(C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O	Low-spin	Low-spin	61.83(6)	43.5(4)	98

<sup>a</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, that are both in the same spin state. <sup>b</sup>There are three unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this material, which have different spin-state behaviour. <sup>c</sup>Two other crystal forms of [Fe(saltrien)][Ni(dmit)<sub>2</sub>] are also presented in ref. [27], but these were not spectroscopically or magnetochemically characterised. <sup>d</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this material, which have different spin-state behaviour.

**Table S7** Structural data for iron(II) [Fe(5-NO<sub>2</sub>-saltrien)] derivatives. See the main text for the definitions of  $\alpha$ ,  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ .

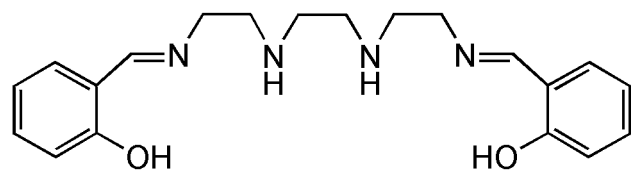
	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	$\alpha$ (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(5-NO <sub>2</sub> -saltrien)] <sup>[28]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	94.5	98.8(7)	247
		Low-spin ? <sup>a</sup>	92.4; 94.3 <sup>a</sup>	97(3); 67(3) <sup>a</sup>	237; 100 <sup>a</sup>
[Fe(3-OMe-5-NO <sub>2</sub> -saltrien)] <sup>[29]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	109.5	103.3(3)	290
		Low-spin	111.0	69.2(5)	198
[Fe(3-OEt-5-NO <sub>2</sub> -saltrien)]·thf <sup>[29]</sup>	Partial spin-crossover <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	84.9	110.1(7)	315
[Fe(3-OMe-5-NO <sub>2</sub> -NMe-saltrien)] <sup>[30]</sup>	Partial spin-crossover <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	115.1	90.5(5)	231

<sup>a</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, that should both be in a low-spin state according to magnetic susceptibility data. However, the  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  values imply that one molecule may be low-spin, and the other high-spin, in the single crystal at the temperature of measurement (103 K). <sup>b</sup>These compounds remain predominantly high-spin on cooling but show evidence of spin-crossover involving a fraction of the sample

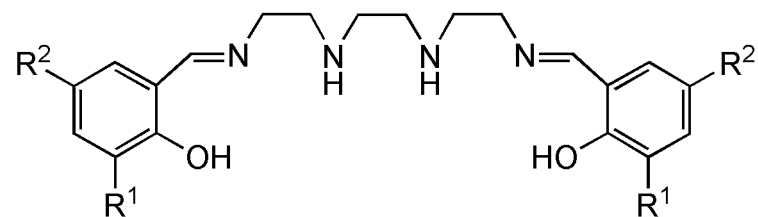
**Table S8** Structural data for iron(III) [Fe(saltrien)]<sup>+</sup> derivatives bearing an expanded chelate ring between the ligand amino donors. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\alpha$ ,  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ .

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	$\alpha$ (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(232-tet)]ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>[31]</sup>	High-spin above 78 K	High-spin	108.4	116.5(4)	344
[Fe(3-OMe-232-tet)]ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>[31]</sup>	High-spin above 78 K	High-spin	97.3	84(1)	238
[Fe(3,5-{OMe} <sub>2</sub> -232-tet)]ClO <sub>4</sub> high-T phase <sup>a [32]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	111.9	74.7(4)	216
[Fe(3,5-{OMe} <sub>2</sub> -232-tet)]ClO <sub>4</sub> mixed-spin phase, molecule 1 <sup>a [32]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	107.6	87.5(5)	250
[Fe(3,5-{OMe} <sub>2</sub> -232-tet)]ClO <sub>4</sub> mixed-spin phase, molecule 1 <sup>a [32]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	115.7	54.1(5)	90

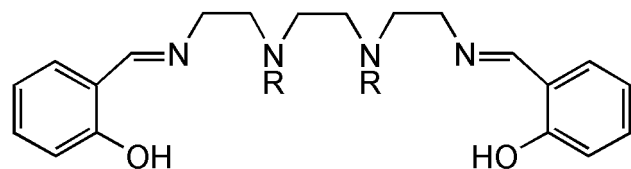
<sup>a</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this phase, which have different spin-state behaviour.



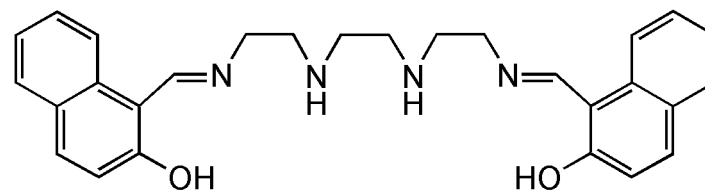
H<sub>2</sub>saltrien



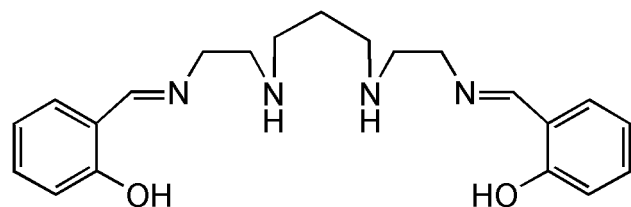
H<sub>2</sub>(3-R<sup>1</sup>-5-R<sup>2</sup>-saltrien)



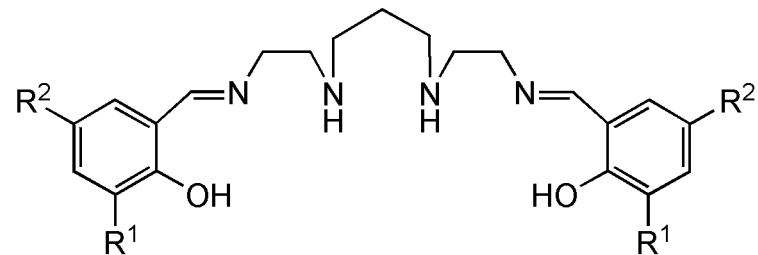
H<sub>2</sub>(NR-saltrien)



H<sub>2</sub>naphthrien

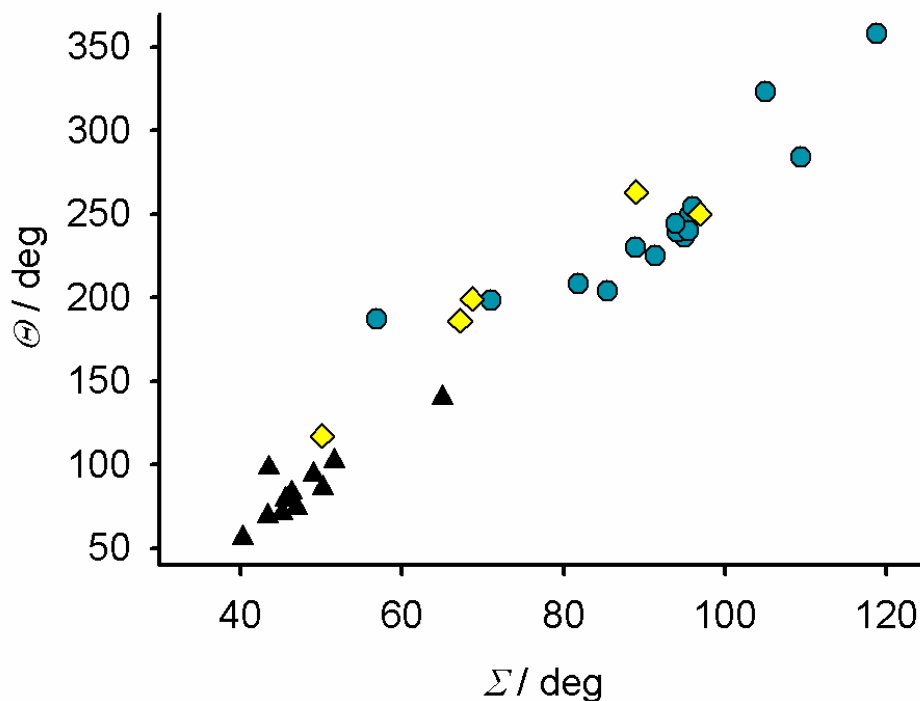


H<sub>2</sub>(2,3,2-tet)



H<sub>2</sub>(3-R<sup>1</sup>-5-R<sup>2</sup>-2,3,2-tet)

High-spin structure (remains high-spin on cooling)  
High-spin structure (undergoes spin-crossover on cooling)  
Low-spin structure



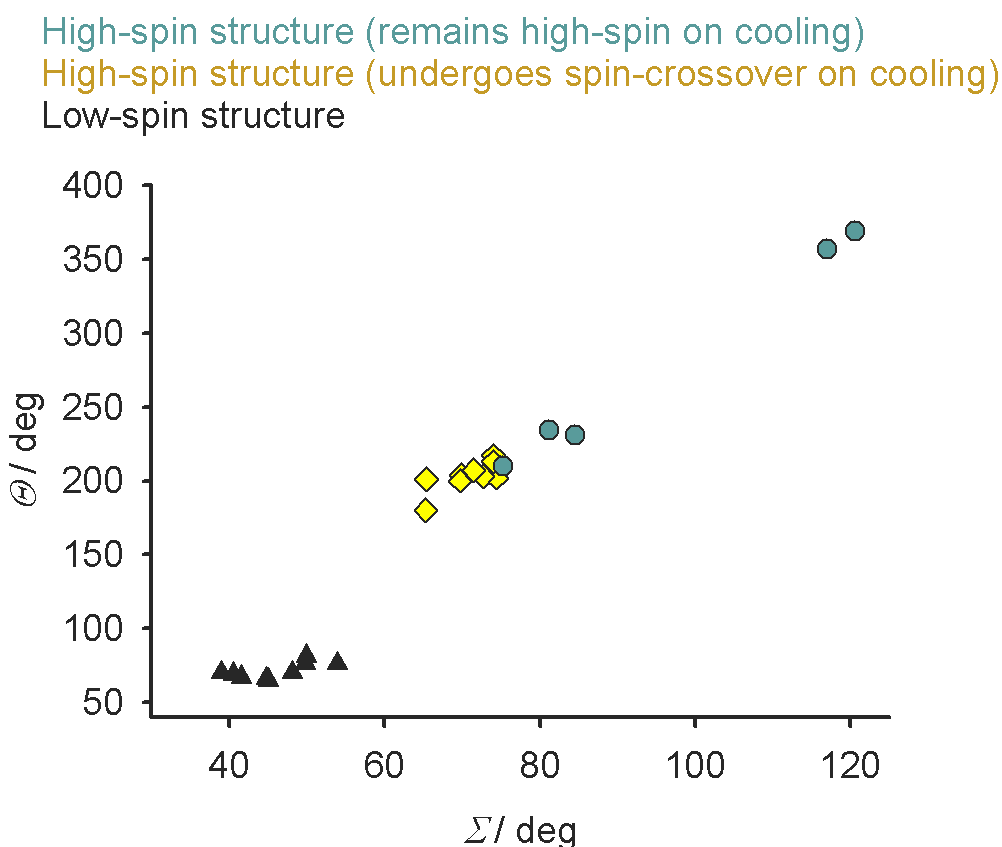
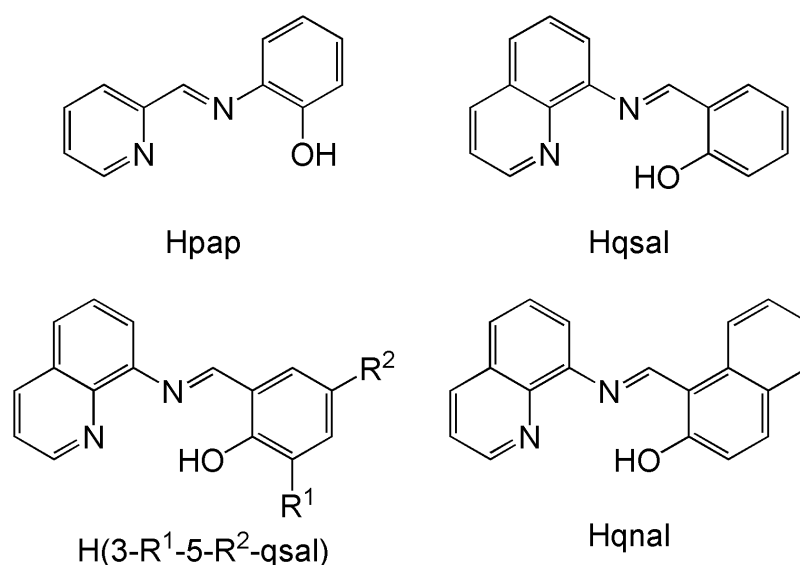
**Figure S3.** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised complexes from the  $[\text{Fe}(\text{saltrien})]^+$  series (Table S6).

There is no apparent correlation between  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  and the occurrence of spin-crossover in these compounds. See the main text for a discussion of the dependence of spin-crossover on the saltrien ligand conformation.

**Table S9** Structural data for iron(III) complexes of pap<sup>-</sup>, qsal<sup>-</sup> and related tridentate Schiff base derivatives. See the next page for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\theta$ ,  $\phi$ ,  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$ .

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	$\theta$ (°)	$\phi$ (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(pdtd) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[33]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	66.8	168.69(9)	75.3(3)	210
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Cu(pds) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[34]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	70.5	162.64(12)	81.2(4)	234
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Au(pds) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[34]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	70.7	162.3(2)	84.6(7)	231
[Fe(pap) <sub>2</sub> ][BF <sub>4</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O] <sup>a [35]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	87.2	162.4	120.6	369
[Fe(pap) <sub>2</sub> ][ClO <sub>4</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O] <sup>a [36]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	85.9	164.0(3)	117(1)	357
[Fe(pap) <sub>2</sub> ][PF <sub>6</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> OH] <sup>[37]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	n/a <sup>b</sup>	176.4(2)	58.2(7)	n/a <sup>b</sup>
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][NCS] <sup>[35]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	83.1	170.5	65.3	180
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][NCS·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[35]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	85.5	178.0	49.8	76
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][NCSe] <sup>[35]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	79.5; 82.6 <sup>c</sup>	169.2; 169.9 <sup>c</sup>	69.9; 74.4 <sup>c</sup>	204; 202 <sup>c</sup>
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][NCSe·MeOH] <sup>[38]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	n/a	179.0(3)	51(1)	n/a
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][NCSe·CH <sub>2</sub> Cl <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[38]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	80.6	178.3(1)	49.9(3)	81
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[39]</sup>	Partial spin-crossover	High-spin	77.7	168.4	69.7	200
		<i>ca.</i> 55% High-spin	76.9	170.5	54.7	152
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·xCH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[40]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.8	166.21(9)	72.7(3)	203
		Low-spin	87.9	176.5	44.8	66
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> CN·H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>[41]</sup>	Spin-crossover	<i>ca.</i> 80% High-spin ? <sup>d</sup>	85.6; 86.7 <sup>c</sup>	176.5(5); 178.3(6) <sup>c</sup>	52(2); 52(2) <sup>c</sup>	84; 100 <sup>c</sup>
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(dmise) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·xCH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[42]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	89.3	166.35(11)	71.5(4)	207
		Low-spin	89.0	176.59(11)	41.6(4)	67
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni(ddd) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> CN·CH <sub>3</sub> OH·H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>[33]</sup>	Partial spin-crossover	High-spin	89.4	165.2(3)	74(1)	217
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Pd(dmit) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>5</sub> ·(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CO <sup>[43]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	85.9	167.6(2)	74.0(7)	213
		Low-spin	86.5	176.1(3)	40.5(9)	69
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][I <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>[44]</sup>	Spin-crossover	<i>ca.</i> 80 % High-spin	83.7	165.9(2)	65.4(9)	201
		Low-spin	82.9	175.1(2)	39.0(9)	70
[Fe(5-Cl-qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][Ni( $\alpha$ -tpdt) <sub>2</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> CN <sup>[45]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	89.7	177.5(2)	45.0(6)	65
[Fe(3-OMe-qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sup>[46]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	87.4	177.94(18)	48.1(6)	70
[Fe(qsal) <sub>2</sub> ][N <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>[47]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	89.6	177.62 (7)	53.89(18)	76

<sup>a</sup>Although the anhydrous solids undergo spin-crossover, and are isostructural with the hydrate crystals by powder diffraction, the freshly prepared hydrate crystals remain high-spin on cooling to 5 K. <sup>b</sup>This structure is not deposited on the Cambridge Crystallographic Database. <sup>c</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, that are both in the same spin state. <sup>d</sup>Although the Mössbauer spectrum and magnetic moment of this material imply it is predominantly high-spin at room temperature, the metric parameters of its crystal structure at the same temperature are more consistent with a predominantly low-spin state.



**Figure S4.** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{pap})_2]^+$ ,  $[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2]^+$  and their derivatives (Table S9).

The twisted ligand conformations adopted by the three high-spin salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2]^+$  have only a small effect on their coordination geometry, expressed using  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$ .

The outlying points with very high values for these parameters correspond to the two  $[\text{Fe}(\text{pap})_2]^+$  salts in Table S6, whose exclusively five-membered chelate rings lead to a more distorted coordination geometry.

**Table S10** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal}_2)]^+$  and its derivatives, whose high-spin and low-spin crystal structures are available (Table S9, Fig. S4).

	$T_{1/2}$ (K)	$\Delta T$ (K)	$ \Delta\theta $ (°)	$ \Delta\phi $ (°)	$\Delta\Sigma$ (°)	$\Delta\Theta$ (°)
$[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2][\text{Ni}(\text{dmit})_2] \cdot x\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^{[40]}$	213	37 <sup>a</sup>	1.9	10.3	27.9	137
$[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2][\text{Ni}(\text{dmise})_2] \cdot x\text{CH}_3\text{CN}^{[42]}$	249	15	0.3	10.24(15)	29.9(6)	140
$[\text{Fe}(\text{qsal})_2]\text{I}_3^{[44]}$	240	0	0.8 <sup>b</sup>	9.2(3) <sup>b</sup>	26.4(13) <sup>b</sup>	131 <sup>b</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\text{qnal})_2][\text{Pd}(\text{dmit})_2]_5 \cdot (\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CO}^{[43]}$	ca. 220	0	0.6	8.5(4)	33.5(11)	144

<sup>a</sup>On the first thermal cycle only. Hysteresis is lost on repeated cyclic about the transition, probably because of solvent loss and/or a crystallographic phase change. <sup>b</sup>May be underestimated, as the high-spin crystal structure appears to have a residual low-spin component.

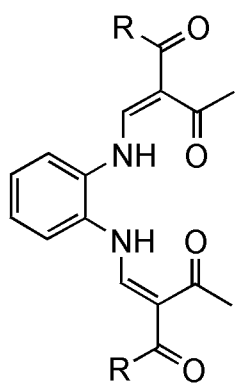


**Table S11** Structural data for iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands. See the next page for schematics of the ligands in this Table, and the main text for the definitions of  $\beta$ ,  $\Sigma$ ,  $\Theta$  and the ligand conformations.

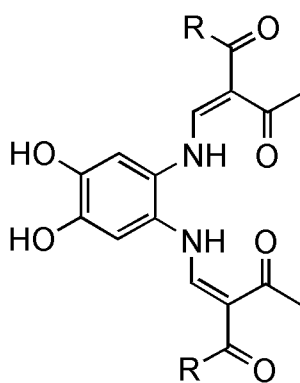
	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	Ligand conformation	$\beta$ (°)	Axial <i>trans</i> -N–Fe–N (°)	$\Sigma$ (°)	$\Theta$ (°)
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[48]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	<i>meso</i>	19.1, 23.4	172.4(8)	70.9(2)	218
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(2-MeIm) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[48]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	umbrella	14.2, 25.3	164.93(7)	86.3(2)	235
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(PyNMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[49]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	umbrella	21.5, 26.3	169.1(2)	69.6(5)	208
<i>catena</i> -[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )( $\mu$ -4,4'-bipy)]·dmf <sup>[49]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	2x <i>meso</i> <sup>a</sup>	3.9, 9.3; 5.2, 8.4 <sup>a</sup>	177.0(1); 177.3(1) <sup>a</sup>	48.9(4); 46.1(4) <sup>a</sup>	155; 148 <sup>a</sup>
<i>catena</i> -[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )( $\mu$ -4,4'-dpa)]·C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub> OH <sup>[49]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	<i>meso</i>	10.7, 11.6	169.45(9)	64.9(3)	216
<i>catena</i> -[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )( $\mu$ -bimm)]·½CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[50]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	envelope	5.7, 7.0	167.52(6)	69.36(17)	212
[Fe(L <sup>4</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>2</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[51]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	<i>meso</i>	6.5, 18.9	176.6(1)	48.9(4)	160
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>7</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>4</sub> ]·4(1-MeIm) <sup>[49]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	<i>meso</i>	10.0, 23.0	173.94(9)	62.5(3)	188
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(Im) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[52]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	umbrella	6.8, 10.8	173.9(1)	54.0(4)	167
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(PyPh) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[53]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	envelope	5.2, 7.7	174.47(9)	50.6(2)	163
		Low-spin	envelope	4.2, 6.5	174.7(1)	23.0(3)	59
[Fe(L <sup>1</sup> )(PyCN) <sub>2</sub> ]·¼PyCN <sup>[54]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2x envelope <sup>a</sup>	2.8, 4.6; 3.4, 17.9 <sup>a</sup>	176.1(1); 173.8(1) <sup>a</sup>	41.6(3); 44.7(3) <sup>a</sup>	146; 146 <sup>a</sup>
		Low-spin	2x envelope <sup>a</sup>	3.1, 3.7; 2.4, 15.7 <sup>a</sup>	176.1(1); 174.7(1) <sup>a</sup>	21.3(3); 24.6(3) <sup>a</sup>	63; 69 <sup>a</sup>
[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )(Py) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[55]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	envelope	8.3, 11.0	175.6(1)	50.6(2)	162
		Low-spin	envelope	5.5, 6.7	176.1(1)	21.9(2)	63
[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )(PyNMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ] <sup>[55]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	<i>meso</i>	7.6, 12.5	171.4(2)	60.7(5)	189
[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>2</sub> ]·dmf <sup>[48]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	envelope	5.4, 12.4	177.59(8)	53.0(2)	154
[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>2</sub> ]·1-MeIm <sup>[56]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	envelope	8.2, 10.2	179.24(8)	47.1(3)	127
		Low-spin	envelope	1.2, 8.4	179.0(1)	22.9(3)	45
[Fe(L <sup>2</sup> )(PyPh) <sub>2</sub> ]·PyPh <sup>[53]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	<i>meso</i>	1.5, 4.4	174.84(9)	26.9(3)	67
<i>catena</i> -[Fe(L <sup>3</sup> )( $\mu$ -bimm)] <sup>[57]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	umbrella	16.7, 27.4	171.44(11)	61.6(3)	199
		Low-spin	umbrella	13.6, 21.7	175.21(13)	25.6(5)	74
[Fe(L <sup>5</sup> )(Py) <sub>2</sub> ]·Py <sup>[58]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	umbrella	11.5, 14.9	178.49(7)	21.7(2)	38
[Fe(L <sup>5</sup> )(PyNMe <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]·CH <sub>3</sub> OH·½PyNMe <sub>2</sub> <sup>[58]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	umbrella	6.0, 11.6	176.3(2)	20.1(4)	65
<i>catena</i> -[Fe(L <sup>6</sup> )( $\mu$ -PyC <sub>3</sub> H <sub>6</sub> Py)]·½CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[57]</sup>	Partial SCO	High-spin	umbrella	9.8, 10.2	177.26(5)	41.3(2)	141
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>7</sup> )(Py) <sub>4</sub> ]·4Py <sup>[59]</sup>	Partial SCO <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	envelope	4.6, 14.3	174.4	54.9	176
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>8</sup> )(Py) <sub>4</sub> ]·7Py, high-T phase <sup>[59]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	umbrella	11.2, 12.4	170.7	62.7	197
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>8</sup> )(Py) <sub>4</sub> ]·7Py, low-T phase, molecule A <sup>[59]c</sup>	n/a	High-spin	2x umbrella	4.8, 7.6; 16.4, 19.8 <sup>d</sup>	170.5; 170.0 <sup>d</sup>	66.9; 68.9 <sup>d</sup>	204; 210 <sup>d</sup>
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>8</sup> )(Py) <sub>4</sub> ]·7Py, low-T phase, molecule B <sup>[59]c</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	2x umbrella	9.7, 12.4; 8.9, 9.9 <sup>d</sup>	173.8; 174.3 <sup>d</sup>	25.5; 28.6 <sup>d</sup>	72; 75 <sup>d</sup>
[Fe <sub>2</sub> ( $\mu$ -L <sup>8</sup> )(1-MeIm) <sub>4</sub> ]·4(1-MeIm) <sup>[56]</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	envelope	2.5, 5.1	178.1(1)	17.8(3)	46

<sup>a</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, that are both in the same spin state. <sup>b</sup>This compound remains predominantly high-spin on cooling but shows evidence of spin-crossover involving a fraction of the sample. <sup>c</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this phase, which have different spin-state behaviour.

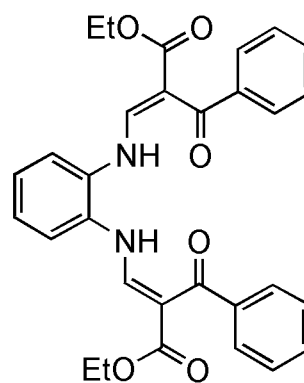
<sup>d</sup>The two iron centres in this dinuclear molecule are crystallographically distinct.



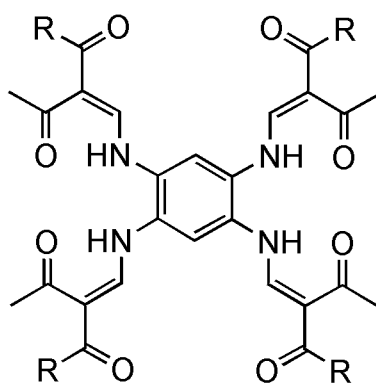
R = OEt, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>1</sup>  
R = Me, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>2</sup>  
R = Ph, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>3</sup>



R = OEt, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>4</sup>  
R = Me, H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>5</sup>

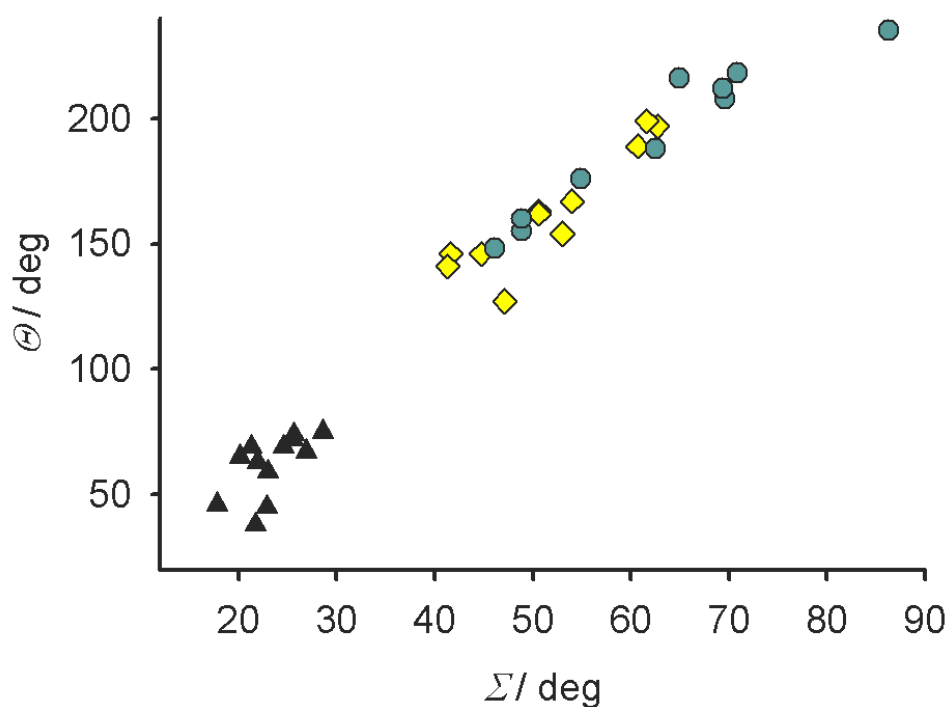


H<sub>2</sub>L<sup>6</sup>



R = OEt, H<sub>4</sub>L<sup>7</sup>  
R = Me, H<sub>4</sub>L<sup>8</sup>

High-spin structure (remains high-spin on cooling)  
High-spin structure (undergoes spin-crossover on cooling)  
Low-spin structure



**Figure S5** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands (Table S11).

There is no apparent correlation between  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  and the degree of conformational twisting in the Jäger chelate ( $\beta$ , Table S7). The high-spin complexes with the most distorted coordination geometries have *trans* N–Fe–N angles to their axial donors that differ strongly from linearity.

**Table S12** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for iron(II) complexes of Jäger Schiff base ligands, whose high-spin and low-spin crystal structures are available (Table S11, Fig. S5).

	$T_{1/2}$ (K)	$\Delta T$ (K)	$ \Delta\beta $ (°)	$ \Delta\{\text{Axial } \textit{trans}\text{-N-Fe-N}\} $ (°)	$\Delta\Sigma$ (°)	$\Delta\Theta$ (°)
$[\text{Fe}(\text{L}^1)(\text{PyPh})_2]^{[53]}$	234	4	1.1	0.23	27.6	104
$[\text{Fe}(\text{L}^1)(\text{PyCN})_2] \cdot \frac{1}{4}\text{PyCN}^{[54]}$	275	0	0.6	0	20.3	83
	175	0 (8 <sup>a</sup> )	1.6	0.9	20.1	77
$[\text{Fe}(\text{L}^2)(\text{Py})_2]^{[55]}$	190	2	3.6	0.5	28.7	99
$[\text{Fe}(\text{L}^2)(1\text{-MeIm})_2] \cdot 1\text{-MeIm}^{[56]}$	178	0	4.0	0.2	24.2	82
<i>catena</i> - $[\text{Fe}(\text{L}^3)(\mu\text{-}4,4'\text{-bimm})]$	173	5	4.4	3.8	36.0	125

<sup>a</sup>This half-transition takes place in two stages; the second lower-temperature step exhibits an 8 K hysteresis.

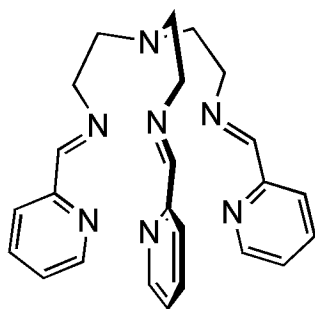
**Table S13** Structural parameters for iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands. See below for schematics of the ligands in this Table. Data are from ref. [60] unless otherwise stated.

	Spin-state behaviour	Spin-state of crystal structure	Fe–N{bridgehead} (Å)	$\Sigma$	$\Theta$
[Fe(Pz <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	High-spin	High-spin	2.7320(19)	111.5(2)	228
[Fe(Pz <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	High-spin	High-spin	2.7468(16)	112.3(2)	229
[Fe({1-CPh <sub>3</sub> -4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	High-spin	High-spin	3.004(8)	100.2(12)	241
[Fe({2-Ph-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)][NO <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	High-spin	High-spin	3.261(7)	83.5(10)	181
[Fe(Py <sub>3</sub> Crypt)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	High-spin above 80 K	High-spin	3.280(3)	99.9(3)	203
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Br[PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[61]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	2.991	90.1(2)	200
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Br[AsF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[61]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	2.997	89.5(2)	200
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Br[SbF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> OH <sup>[61]</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	2.995	89.6(3)	199
[Fe({1-Me-2-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	n/a	High-spin	2.724(4)	109.9(7)	219
[Fe({1-Me-2-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> CN	n/a	High-spin	2.834(3)	123.8(3)	260
[Fe({6-MePy} <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[62]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.210 (3)	111(1)	191
		Low-spin	3.572 (1)	83.8(5)	121
[Fe({6-Me-5-(OC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>13</sub> )Py} <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[63]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.162	116.6(4)	196
		Low-spin	3.519	82.1(2)	117
[Fe(Pz <sub>3</sub> tren)][NO <sub>3</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·CH <sub>3</sub> NO <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.959(3)	90.1(3)	218
		Low-spin	3.433(1)	65.1(4)	154
[Fe(Py <sub>3</sub> tren)][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , SCO polymorph	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.753(8)	n/a	n/a
[Fe(4-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·3H <sub>2</sub> O	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.889(7)	103.6(6)	220
		Low-spin	3.523(2)	54.6(5)	139
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[I <sub>3</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.085(4)	80.9(5)	195
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[PF <sub>6</sub> ], high-T phase	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.004(3)	83.5(3)	192
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[PF <sub>6</sub> ], low-T phase, molecule 1 <sup>b</sup>	High-spin	High-spin	2.982(1)	82.1(3)	188
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[PF <sub>6</sub> ], low-T phase, molecule 2 <sup>b</sup>	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	3.376(1)	61.1(3)	105
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[AsF <sub>6</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.983(4)	83.0(3)	186
		Low-spin	3.372(9)	68.3(14)	118
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[SbF <sub>6</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.017(2)	83.8(3)	182
		Low-spin	3.350(1)	62.6(2)	112
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl[CF <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ]	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.969(2)	83.0(3)	192
[Fe({2-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]Br[CF <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>[61]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.950	84.1(2)	192
		Mostly low-spin	3.228	63.9(4)	138
[Fe({5-Me-4-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	3.050(3)	94.7(5)	229
[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O <sup>[64]</sup>	Spin-crossover	High-spin	2.976(2)	98.7(2)	223
		Low-spin	3.473(1)	54.43(19)	135
[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> ·H <sub>2</sub> O	Spin-crossover	Low-spin	3.437(1)	59.0(3)	130
		Low-spin	3.527(1)	54.3(3)	132

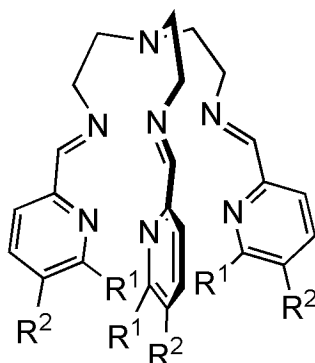
**Table S13 continued**

[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)]Cl <sub>0.5</sub> [PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>1.5</sub> ·2H <sub>2</sub> O	n/a	Low-spin	3.441	56.3	128
[Fe({1-Me-2-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]I <sub>2</sub> <sup>[65]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	3.437(3)	57.1(4)	144
[Fe({1-allyl-2-Im} <sub>3</sub> tren)]I <sub>2</sub> <sup>[65]</sup>	n/a	Low-spin	3.363(6); 3.364(6); 3.485(6) <sup>c</sup>	61(1); 56(1); 54(1) <sup>c</sup>	135; 128; 133 <sup>c</sup>
[Fe(Py <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.439	60.3	114
[Fe(Py <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.477(1)	61.4(2)	110
[Fe(Py <sub>3</sub> tren)][PF <sub>6</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> , low-spin polymorph	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.435(1)	63.9(5)	114
[Fe({5-(OC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>13</sub> )Py} <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[63]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.417; 3.423 <sup>d</sup>	66.7(3); 68.1(3) <sup>d</sup>	113; 109 <sup>d</sup>
NaFe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[64]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.413(4)	53.5(3)	123
K[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[64]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.372(2)	56.70(17)	120
Rb[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[64]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.360(4)	57.8(2)	126
Cs[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[64]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.357(5)	57.2(3)	123
NH <sub>4</sub> [Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][BF <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[64]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.383(3)	55.35(17)	122
K[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>3</sub> <sup>[66]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.350(1)	58.14(14)	119
Rb[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[66]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.376(1)	56.28(17)	122
Cs[Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[66]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.386(2)	54.4(3)	122
NH <sub>4</sub> [Fe(2-Im <sub>3</sub> tren)][ClO <sub>4</sub> ] <sub>2</sub> <sup>[66]</sup>	Low-spin	Low-spin	3.380(1)	56.31(14)	120

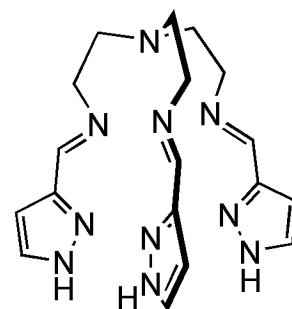
<sup>a</sup>Estimated value based on incomplete published data. <sup>b</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this phase, which have different spin-state behaviour. <sup>c</sup>There are three unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, all in the same spin state. <sup>d</sup>There are two unique molecules in the asymmetric unit of this compound, both in the same spin state.



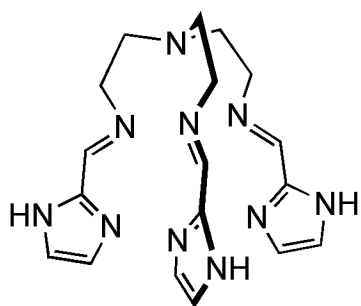
Py<sub>3</sub>tren



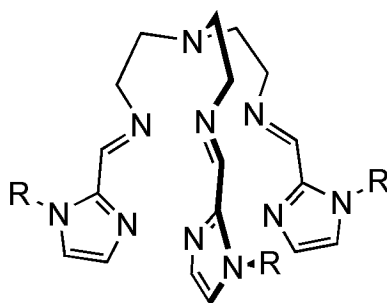
{6-R<sup>1</sup>-5-R<sup>2</sup>-Py}<sub>3</sub>tren



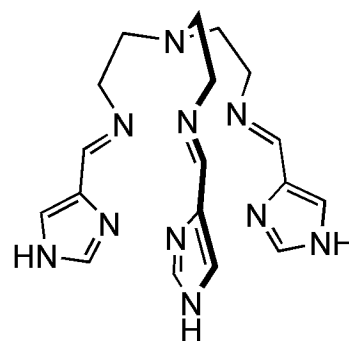
Pz<sub>3</sub>tren



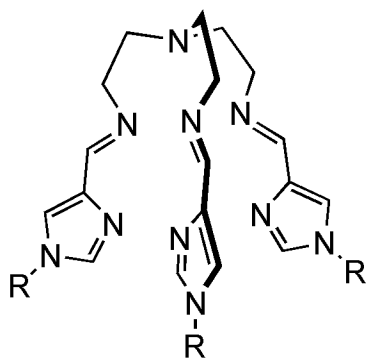
2-Im<sub>3</sub>tren



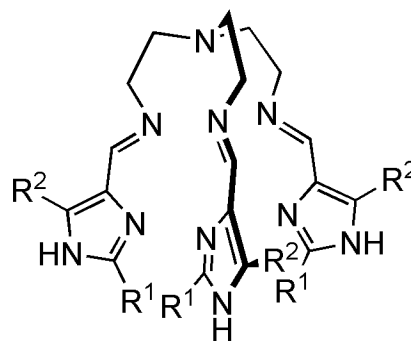
{1-R-2-Im}<sub>3</sub>tren



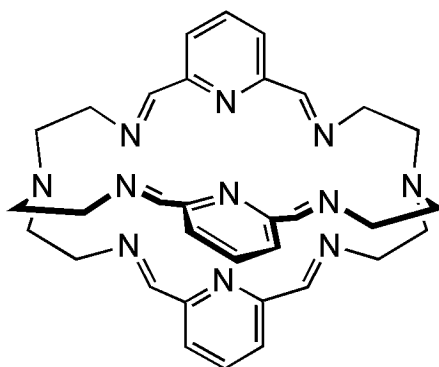
4-Im<sub>3</sub>tren



{1-R-4-Im}<sub>3</sub>tren

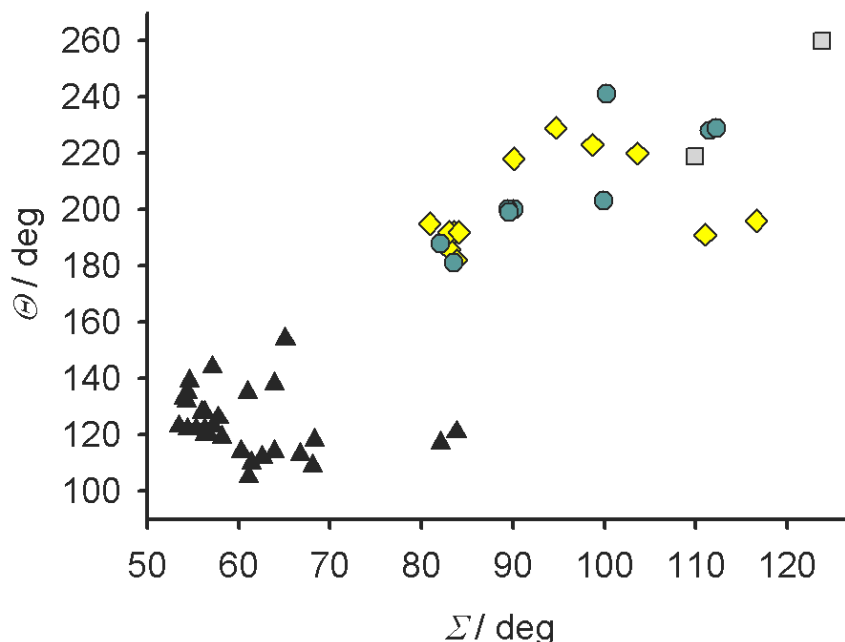


{2-R<sup>1</sup>-5-R<sup>2</sup>-4-Im}<sub>3</sub>tren



Py<sub>3</sub>crypt

High-spin structure (remains high-spin on cooling)  
 High-spin structure (undergoes spin-crossover on cooling)  
 High-spin structure (low temperature spin-state behaviour not reported)  
 Low-spin structure



**Figure S6** Plot of  $\Sigma$  vs.  $\Theta$  for crystallographically characterised iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands (Table S13).

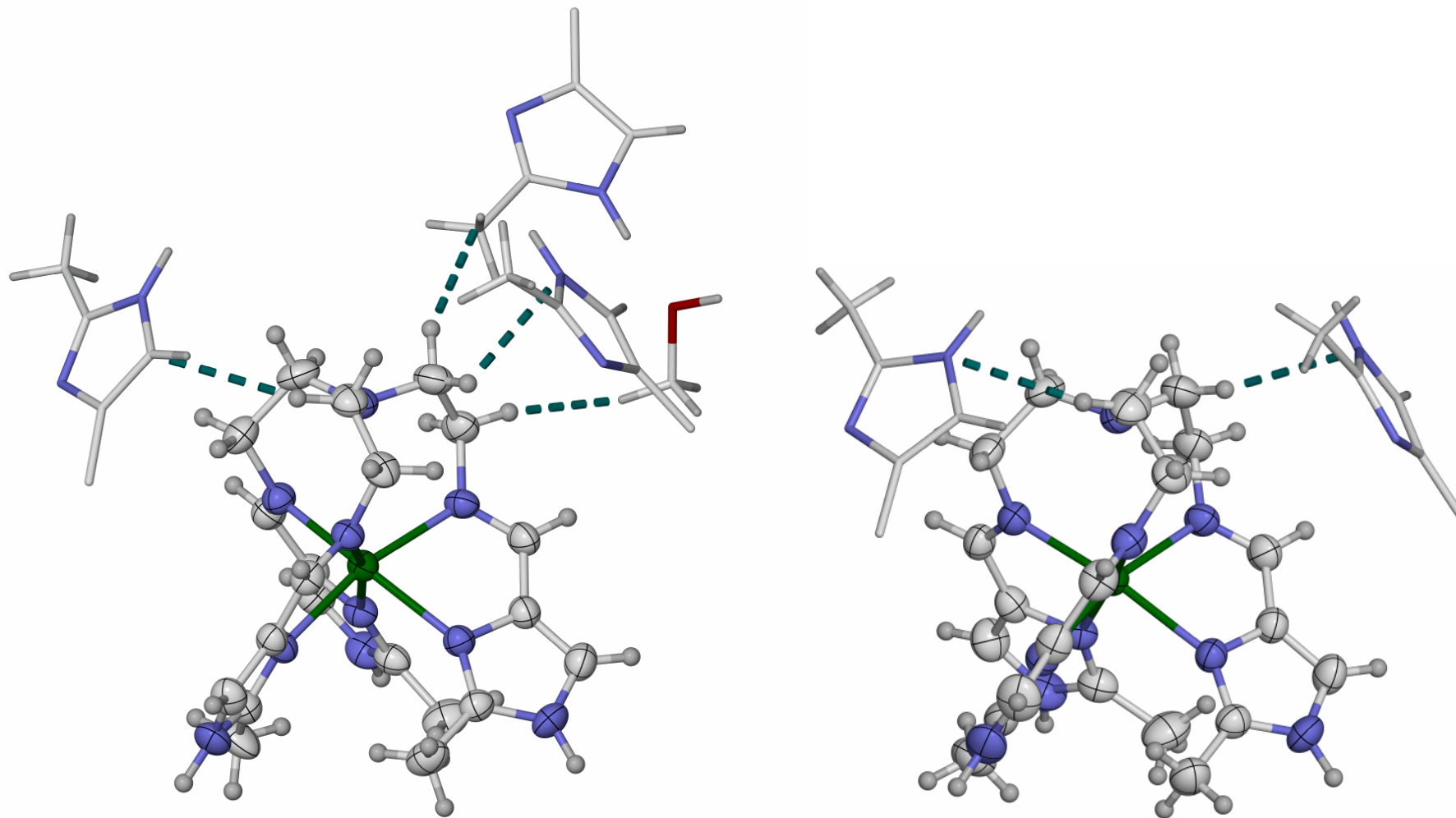
There is no apparent correlation between  $\Sigma$  and  $\Theta$  and the occurrence of spin-crossover in these compounds.

The two outlying low-spin datapoints with  $\Sigma \approx 85^\circ$  are  $[\text{Fe}(\{6\text{-MePy}\}_3\text{tren})]^{2+}$  derivatives, whose methyl substituents exert a strong steric influence on the metal coordination sphere.

**Table S14** Structural changes taking place during spin-crossover for iron(II) complexes of tren-based podands, whose high-spin and low-spin crystal structures are available (Table S13, Fig. 6). Data are from ref. [58] unless otherwise stated.

	$T_{1/2}$ (K)	$\Delta T$ (K)	$\Delta\text{Fe}\dots\text{N}\{\text{bridgehead}\}$ ( $\text{\AA}$ )	$\Delta\Sigma$ ( $^\circ$ )	$\Delta\Theta$ ( $^\circ$ )
$[\text{Fe}(\{6\text{-MePy}\}_3\text{tren})][\text{ClO}_4]_2$ <sup>[61]</sup>	233	0	0.362(3)	27(1)	70
$[\text{Fe}(\{6\text{-Me-5-(OC}_6\text{H}_{13}\text{)Py}\}_3\text{tren})][\text{ClO}_4]_2$ <sup>[62]</sup>	146	0	0.357	34.5(4)	79
$[\text{Fe}(\text{Pz}_3\text{tren})][\text{NO}_3]_2 \cdot \text{CH}_3\text{NO}_2$	139	0	0.474(3)	25.0(5)	64
$[\text{Fe}(4\text{-Im}_3\text{tren})][\text{BF}_6]_2 \cdot 3\text{H}_2\text{O}$	210	0	0.634(7)	49.0(8)	81
$[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Cl}[\text{PF}_6]$	122	0	0.372(3)	22.4(4)	87
$[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Cl}[\text{AsF}_6]$	97 <sup>a</sup>	0	0.39(1)	14.7(3)	68
$[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Cl}[\text{SbF}_6]$	120	0	0.333(2)	21.2(4)	70
$[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Br}[\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]$ <sup>[60]</sup>	97	2	0.278 <sup>b</sup>	20.2(4) <sup>b</sup>	54 <sup>b</sup>
$[\text{Fe}(\{5\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})][\text{ClO}_4]_2$	n/a	n/a	0.477(3)	40.4(6)	97
$[\text{Fe}(2\text{-Im}_3\text{tren})][\text{BF}_4]_2 \cdot \text{H}_2\text{O}$ <sup>[61]</sup>	n/a	n/a	0.497(2)	54.3(3)	88

<sup>a</sup>Transition proceeds in two closely-spaced steps, in a material with just one unique iron site. The  $T_{1/2}$  value is the temperature where the transition has proceeded to 50% completion in the material as a whole. <sup>b</sup>May be underestimated, as the low-spin crystal structure appears to have a residual high-spin component.



**Figure S7.** Close intermolecular contacts involving the capping  $\text{N}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_4)_3$  moiety in high-spin  $[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Br}[\text{AsF}_6]\cdot\text{CH}_3\text{OH}$  (left) and in spin-crossover  $[\text{Fe}(\{2\text{-Me-4-Im}\}_3\text{tren})]\text{Br}[\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3]$  (right).<sup>[60]</sup> Only contacts that are equal to, or closer than, the van der Waals radii of the two interacting atoms are shown.

The more crowded steric environment about the capping group may inhibit spin-crossover in the high-spin  $\text{AsF}_6^-$  salt, and in the isostructural  $\text{PF}_6^-$  and  $\text{SbF}_6^-$  crystals. The same argument has previously been made to explain the high-spin nature of some salts of  $[\text{Fe}(\text{Pz}_3\text{tren})]^{2+}$ .<sup>[58]</sup>



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