Supporting Information

Pharmacokinetic/Pharmacodynamic Determinations of Iron-tannic Molecular Nanoparticles with its Implication in MR Imaging and Enhancement of Liver Clearance

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Table S1. Some properties of iron-polyphenol nanoparticles

Platforms	Physical size (nm)	Hydrodynamic size (nm)	r_1 ($mM^{-1}s^{-1}$)	r_2 ($mM^{-1}s^{-1}$)	reference
FeIII-TA capsule	3000	NA	2.04	12	(1)
Fe-CPNDs	1.5	2	1.5	2.9	(2)
Fe-EA	200	240	0.36	61.1	(3)
Fe-GA-PEG	5	20	3.5	0.97	(4)
FTs (this work)	3	8	3.14	NA	(5, 6)

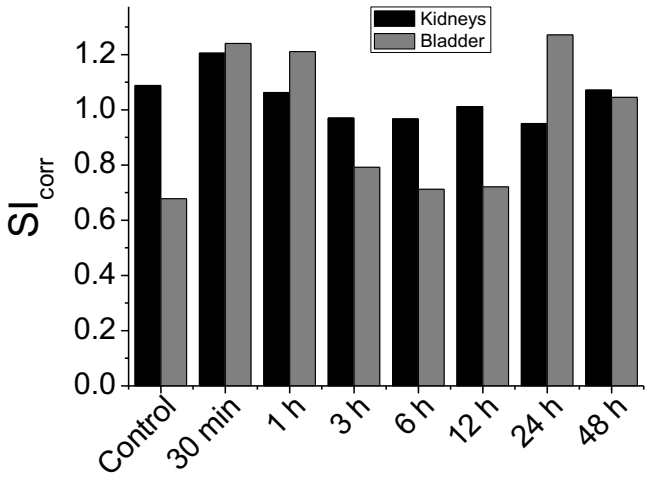

Figure S1 corrected MRI signal intensity in kidneys and bladder of rate being intravenously injected for different lengths of time

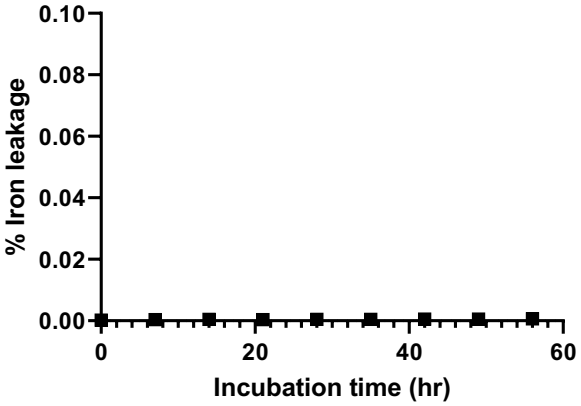

Figure S2 Percentage of iron leakage from FTs

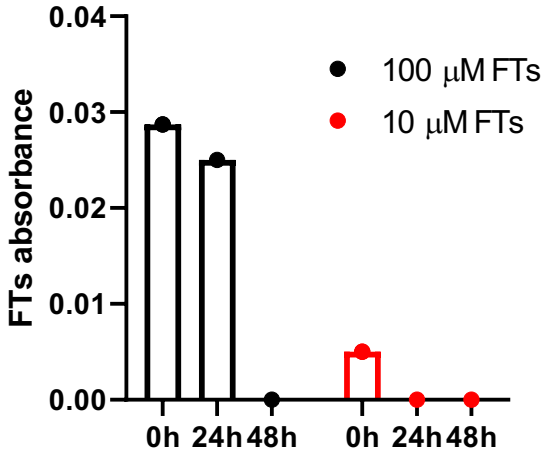

Figure S3 Absorbance of FTs incubated with esterase (1mg) for different length of time.

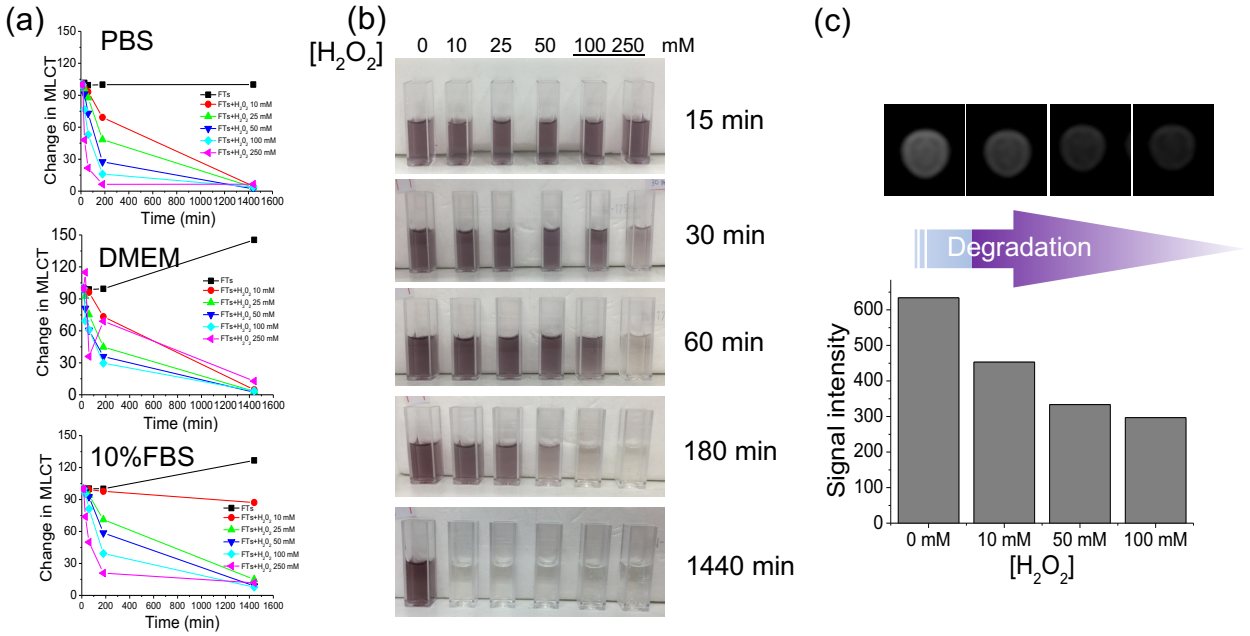

Figure S4 (a) Changes in absorbance of CT band of FTs incubated with different concentrations of H_2O_2 for different lengths of incubation time with different media (b) Photographic images of the FTs solution in PBS containing H_2O_2. (c) T_1 weighted images with corresponding signal intensity of FTs solutions with different degrees of degradation (different H_2O_2 concentrations).

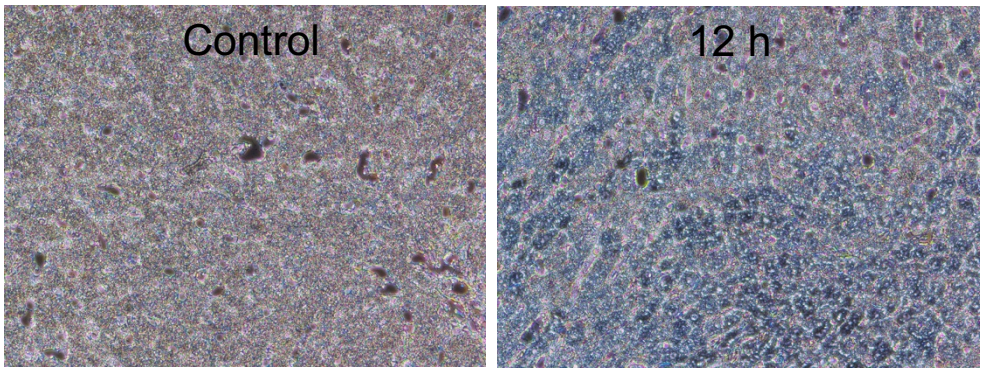

Figure S5 Prussian blue staining of liver section from control rats and rats injected with FTs for 12 hours

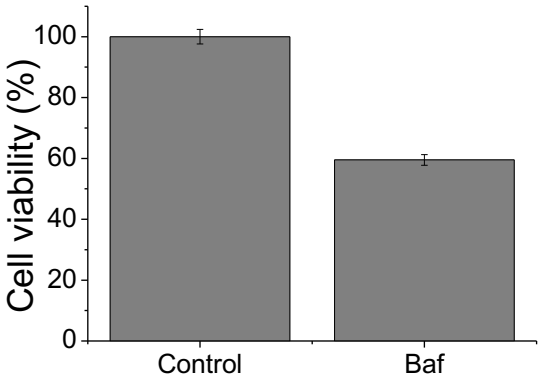

Figure S6 MTT assay of AML12 cells after treatment with Baf (50 nM) for 48 hours.

References

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