

Formalization of Nested Multisets, Hereditary Multisets, and Syntactic Ordinals

Jasmin Christian Blanchette, Mathias Fleury, and Dmitriy Traytel

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Abstract

This Isabelle/HOL formalization introduces a nested multiset datatype and defines Dershowitz and Manna's nested multiset order. The order is proved well founded and linear. By removing one constructor, we transform the nested multisets into hereditary multisets. These are isomorphic to the syntactic ordinals—the ordinals can be recursively expressed in Cantor normal form. Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and linear orders are provided on this type.

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1 Introduction

This Isabelle/HOL formalization introduces a nested multiset datatype and defines Dershowitz and Manna's nested multiset order. The order is proved well founded and linear. By removing one constructor, we transform the nested multisets into hereditary multisets. These are isomorphic to the syntactic ordinals—the ordinals can be recursively expressed in Cantor normal form. Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and linear orders are provided on this type.

In addition, signed (or hybrid) multisets are provided (i.e., multisets with possibly negative multiplicities), as well as signed hereditary multisets and signed ordinals (e.g., $\omega^2 - 2\omega + 1$).

We refer to the following conference paper for details:

Jasmin Christian Blanchette, Mathias Fleury, Dmitriy Traytel:
Nested Multisets, Hereditary Multisets, and Syntactic Ordinals in Isabelle/HOL.
FSCD 2017: 11:1-11:18
<https://hal.inria.fr/hal-01599176/document>

2 More about Multisets

```
theory Multiset_More
imports
  HOL-Library.Multiset_Order
  HOL-Library.Sublist
begin
```

Isabelle's theory of finite multisets is not as developed as other areas, such as lists and sets. The present theory introduces some missing concepts and lemmas. Some of it is expected to move to Isabelle's library.

2.1 Basic Setup

```
declare
  diff_single_trivial [simp]
  in_image_mset [iff]
  image_mset.compositionality [simp]
```

```
mset_subset_eqD[dest, intro?]
```

```
Multiset.in_multiset_in_set[simp]
inter_add_left1[simp]
inter_add_left2[simp]
inter_add_right1[simp]
inter_add_right2[simp]
```

```
sum_mset_sum_list[simp]
```

2.2 Lemmas about Intersection, Union and Pointwise Inclusion

```
lemma subset_mset_imp_subset_add_mset:  $A \subseteq\# B \implies A \subseteq\# add\_mset x B$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma subset_add_mset_notin_subset_mset:  $\langle A \subseteq\# add\_mset b B \implies b \notin\# A \implies A \subseteq\# B \rangle$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma subset_msetE [elim!]:  $\llbracket A \subset\# B; \llbracket A \subseteq\# B; \neg B \subseteq\# A \rrbracket \implies R \rrbracket \implies R$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma Diff_triv_mset:  $M \cap\# N = \{\#\} \implies M - N = M$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma diff_intersect_sym_diff:  $(A - B) \cap\# (B - A) = \{\#\}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma subseq_mset_subseteq_mset: subseq xs ys  $\implies$  mset xs  $\subseteq_{\#}$  mset ys
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma finite_mset_set_inter:
  finite A  $\implies$  finite B  $\implies$  mset_set (A ∩ B) = mset_set A ∩# mset_set B
⟨proof⟩
```

2.3 Lemmas about Filter and Image

```
lemma count_image_mset_ge_count: count (image_mset f A) (f b)  $\geq$  count A b
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma count_image_mset_inj:
  assumes inj f
  shows count (image_mset f M) (f x) = count M x
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma count_image_mset_le_count_inj_on:
  inj_on f (set_mset M)  $\implies$  count (image_mset f M) y  $\leq$  count M (inv_into (set_mset M) f y)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma mset_filter_compl: mset (filter p xs) + mset (filter (Not o p) xs) = mset xs
⟨proof⟩
```

Near duplicate of filter_eq_replicate_mset: $\{\#y \in \# ?D. y = ?x\#} = replicate_mset (count ?D ?x) ?x$.

```
lemma filter_mset_eq: filter_mset ((=) L) A = replicate_mset (count A L) L
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma filter_mset_cong[fundef_cong]:
  assumes M = M'  $\wedge$  a  $\in_{\#}$  M  $\implies$  P a = Q a
  shows filter_mset P M = filter_mset Q M
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma image_mset_filter_swap: image_mset f {# x  $\in_{\#}$  M. P (f x)\#} = {# x  $\in_{\#}$  image_mset f M. P x\#}
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma image_mset_cong2:
  ( $\bigwedge x. x \in_{\#} M \implies f x = g x$ )  $\implies$  M = N  $\implies$  image_mset f M = image_mset g N
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma filter_mset_empty_conv: ⟨(filter_mset P M = {#}) = ( $\forall L \in \# M. \neg P L$ )⟩
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma multiset_filter_mono2: ⟨filter_mset P A  $\subseteq_{\#}$  filter_mset Q A  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall a \in_{\#} A. P a \longrightarrow Q a$ )⟩
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma image_filter_cong:
  assumes  $\bigwedge C. C \in_{\#} M \implies P C = g C$ 
  shows  $\{\# f C. C \in_{\#} \{# C \in_{\#} M. P C \#\}\#} = \{\# g C \mid C \in_{\#} M. P C \#\}$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma image_mset_filter_swap2: ⟨{# C  $\in_{\#} \{# P x. x \in_{\#} D\#}.$  Q C \#} = {# P x. x  $\in_{\#} \{# C \mid C \in_{\#} D. Q (P C)\#\#\}}$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
declare image_mset_cong2 [cong]
```

```
lemma filter_mset_empty_if_finite_and_filter_set_empty:
  assumes { $x \in X. P x\} = \{\}$  and finite X
  shows {# x  $\in_{\#}$  mset_set X. P x\#} = {#}
⟨proof⟩
```

2.4 Lemmas about Sum

```

lemma sum_image_mset_sum_map[simp]: sum_mset (image_mset f (mset xs)) = sum_list (map f xs)
  <proof>

lemma sum_image_mset_mono:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::canonically_ordered_monoid_add
  assumes sub: A ⊆# B
  shows (∑ m ∈# A. f m) ≤ (∑ m ∈# B. f m)
  <proof>

lemma sum_image_mset_mono_mem:
  n ∈# M ⇒ f n ≤ (∑ m ∈# M. f m) for f :: 'a ⇒ 'b::canonically_ordered_monoid_add
  <proof>

lemma count_sum_mset_if_1_0: <count M a = (∑ x ∈# M. if x = a then 1 else 0)>
  <proof>

lemma sum_mset_dvd:
  fixes k :: 'a::comm_semiring_1_cancel
  assumes ∀ m ∈# M. k dvd f m
  shows k dvd (∑ m ∈# M. f m)
  <proof>

lemma sum_mset_distrib_div_dvd:
  fixes k :: 'a::unique_euclidean_semiring
  assumes ∀ m ∈# M. k dvd f m
  shows (∑ m ∈# M. f m) div k = (∑ m ∈# M. f m div k)
  <proof>

```

2.5 Lemmas about Remove

```

lemma set_mset_minus_replicate_mset[simp]:
  n ≥ count A a ⇒ set_mset (A - replicate_mset n a) = set_mset A - {a}
  n < count A a ⇒ set_mset (A - replicate_mset n a) = set_mset A
  <proof>

abbreviation removeAll_mset :: 'a ⇒ 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset where
  removeAll_mset C M ≡ M - replicate_mset (count M C) C

lemma mset_removeAll[simp, code]: removeAll_mset C (mset L) = mset (removeAll C L)
  <proof>

lemma removeAll_mset_filter_mset: removeAll_mset C M = filter_mset ((≠) C) M
  <proof>

abbreviation remove1_mset :: 'a ⇒ 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset where
  remove1_mset C M ≡ M - {#C#}

lemma removeAll_subseteq_remove1_mset: removeAll_mset x M ⊆# remove1_mset x M
  <proof>

lemma in_remove1_mset_neq:
  assumes ab: a ≠ b
  shows a ∈# remove1_mset b C ↔ a ∈# C
  <proof>

lemma size_mset_removeAll_mset_le_iff: size (removeAll_mset x M) < size M ↔ x ∈# M
  <proof>

lemma size_remove1_mset_If: <size (remove1_mset x M) = size M - (if x ∈# M then 1 else 0)>
  <proof>

lemma size_mset_remove1_mset_le_iff: size (remove1_mset x M) < size M ↔ x ∈# M

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *remove_1_mset_id_iff_notin*: $\text{remove1_mset } a M = M \longleftrightarrow a \notin M$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *id_remove_1_mset_iff_notin*: $M = \text{remove1_mset } a M \longleftrightarrow a \notin M$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *remove1_mset_eqE*:
 $\text{remove1_mset } L x1 = M \implies$
 $(L \in x1 \implies x1 = M + \{\#L\#} \implies P) \implies$
 $(L \notin x1 \implies x1 = M \implies P) \implies$
 P
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *image_filter_ne_mset[simp]*:
 $\text{image_mset } f \{x \in M. f x \neq y\} = \text{removeAll_mset } y (\text{image_mset } f M)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *image_mset_remove1_mset_if*:
 $\text{image_mset } f (\text{remove1_mset } a M) =$
 $(\text{if } a \in M \text{ then } \text{remove1_mset } (f a) (\text{image_mset } f M) \text{ else } \text{image_mset } f M)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *filter_mset_neg*: $\{x \in M. x \neq y\} = \text{removeAll_mset } y M$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *filter_mset_neq_cond*: $\{x \in M. P x \wedge x \neq y\} = \text{removeAll_mset } y \{x \in M. P x\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *remove1_mset_add_mset_If*:
 $\text{remove1_mset } L (\text{add_mset } L' C) = (\text{if } L = L' \text{ then } C \text{ else } \text{remove1_mset } L C + \{\#L'\#})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *minus_remove1_mset_if*:
 $A - \text{remove1_mset } b B = (\text{if } b \in B \wedge b \in A \wedge \text{count } A b \geq \text{count } B b \text{ then } \{\#b\#} + (A - B) \text{ else } A - B)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_mset_eq_add_mset_ne*:
 $a \neq b \implies \text{add_mset } a A = \text{add_mset } b B \longleftrightarrow a \in B \wedge b \in A \wedge A = \text{add_mset } b (B - \{\#a\#})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_mset_eq_add_mset*: $\langle \text{add_mset } a M = \text{add_mset } b M' \longleftrightarrow$
 $(a = b \wedge M = M') \vee (a \neq b \wedge b \in M \wedge \text{add_mset } a (M - \{\#b\#}) = M') \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_mset_remove_trivial_iff*: $\langle N = \text{add_mset } a (N - \{\#b\#}) \longleftrightarrow a \in N \wedge a = b \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *trivial_add_mset_remove_iff*: $\langle \text{add_mset } a (N - \{\#b\#}) = N \longleftrightarrow a \in N \wedge a = b \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *remove1_single_empty_iff[simp]*: $\langle \text{remove1_mset } L \{\#L'\#} = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow L = L' \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_mset_less_imp_less_remove1_mset*:
assumes *xM_lt_N*: $\text{add_mset } x M < N$
shows $M < \text{remove1_mset } x N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *remove_diff_multiset[simp]*: $\langle x13 \notin A \implies A - \text{add_mset } x13 B = A - B \rangle$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma removeAll_notin:  $\langle a \notin A \Rightarrow removeAll\_mset a A = A \rangle$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_drop_uppto:  $\langle mset (drop a N) = \{\#N!i. i \in \# mset\_set \{a..<length N\}\#\} \rangle$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

2.6 Lemmas about Replicate

```

lemma replicate_mset_minus_replicate_mset_same[simp]:
  replicate_mset m x - replicate_mset n x = replicate_mset (m - n) x
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_subset_iff_lt[simp]: replicate_mset m x  $\subset \#$  replicate_mset n x  $\longleftrightarrow m < n$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_subseteq_iff_le[simp]: replicate_mset m x  $\subseteq \#$  replicate_mset n x  $\longleftrightarrow m \leq n$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_lt_iff_lt[simp]: replicate_mset m x < replicate_mset n x  $\longleftrightarrow m < n$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_le_iff_le[simp]: replicate_mset m x  $\leq$  replicate_mset n x  $\longleftrightarrow m \leq n$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_eq_iff[simp]:
  replicate_mset m x = replicate_mset n y  $\longleftrightarrow m = n \wedge (m \neq 0 \rightarrow x = y)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma replicate_mset_plus: replicate_mset (a + b) C = replicate_mset a C + replicate_mset b C
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_replicate_replicate_mset: mset (replicate n L) = replicate_mset n L
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma set_mset_single_iff_replicate_mset: set_mset U = {a}  $\longleftrightarrow (\exists n > 0. U = replicate\_mset n a)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma ex_replicate_mset_if_all_elems_eq:
  assumes  $\forall x \in \# M. x = y$ 
  shows  $\exists n. M = replicate\_mset n y$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

2.7 Multiset and Set Conversions

```

lemma count_mset_set_if: count (mset_set A) a = (if a  $\in A \wedge finite A$  then 1 else 0)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_set_set_mset_empty_mempty[iff]: mset_set (set_mset D) = {}  $\longleftrightarrow D = \{\#\}$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma count_mset_set_le_one: count (mset_set A) x  $\leq 1$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_set_set_mset_subseteq[simp]: mset_set (set_mset A)  $\subseteq \# A$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_sorted_list_of_set[simp]: mset (sorted_list_of_set A) = mset_set A
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sorted_sorted_list_of_multiset[simp]:
  sorted (sorted_list_of_multiset (M :: 'a::linorder multiset))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma mset_take_subseq: mset (take n xs) ⊆# mset xs
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sorted_list_of_multiset_eq_Nil[simp]: sorted_list_of_multiset M = [] ↔ M = {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.8 Duplicate Removal

```

definition remdups_mset :: 'v multiset ⇒ 'v multiset where
  remdups_mset S = mset_set (set_mset S)

lemma set_mset_remdups_mset[simp]: ⌊set_mset (remdups_mset A)⌋ = set_mset A
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma count_remdups_mset_eq_1: a ∈# remdups_mset A ↔ count (remdups_mset A) a = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma remdups_mset_empty[simp]: remdups_mset {#} = {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma remdups_mset_singleton[simp]: remdups_mset {#a#} = {#a#}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma remdups_mset_eq_empty[iff]: remdups_mset D = {#} ↔ D = {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma remdups_mset_singleton_sum[simp]:
  remdups_mset (add_mset a A) = (if a ∈# A then remdups_mset A else add_mset a (remdups_mset A))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_remdups_remdups_mset[simp]: mset (remdups D) = remdups_mset (mset D)
  ⟨proof⟩

declare mset_remdups_remdups_mset[symmetric, code]

lemma count_remdups_mset_If: ⌊count (remdups_mset A) a⌋ = (if a ∈# A then 1 else 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmanotin_add_mset_remdups_mset:
  ⌊a ∉# A ⇒ add_mset a (remdups_mset A)⌋ = remdups_mset (add_mset a A)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.9 Repeat Operation

```

lemma repeat_mset_compower: repeat_mset n A = (((+) A) ^ n) {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma repeat_mset_prod: repeat_mset (m * n) A = (((+) (repeat_mset n A)) ^ m) {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.10 Cartesian Product

Definition of the cartesian products over multisets. The construction mimics of the cartesian product on sets and use the same theorem names (adding only the suffix `_mset` to Sigma and Times). See file `~/src/HOL/Product_Type.thy`

```

definition Sigma_mset :: 'a multiset ⇒ ('a ⇒ 'b multiset) ⇒ ('a × 'b) multiset where
  Sigma_mset A B ≡ Ⓛ # {#{#(a, b). b ∈# B a#}. a ∈# A #}

abbreviation Times_mset :: 'a multiset ⇒ 'b multiset ⇒ ('a × 'b) multiset (infixr ×# 80) where
  Times_mset A B ≡ Sigma_mset A (λ_. B)

hide-const (open) Times_mset

```

Contrary to the set version $A \times B$, we use the non-ASCII symbol $\in \#$.

syntax

$_Sigma_mset :: [pttrn, 'a multiset, 'b multiset] \Rightarrow ('a * 'b) multiset$
 $((3SIGMAMSET \in \# ./ _) [0, 0, 10] 10)$

translations

$SIGMAMSET x \in \# A. B == CONST Sigma_mset A (\lambda x. B)$

Link between the multiset and the set cartesian product:

lemma $Times_mset_Times: set_mset (A \times \# B) = set_mset A \times set_mset B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_msetI [intro!]: \llbracket a \in \# A; b \in \# B \mid a \rrbracket \implies (a, b) \in \# Sigma_mset A B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_msetE[elim!]: \llbracket c \in \# Sigma_mset A B; \bigwedge x. y. \llbracket x \in \# A; y \in \# B \mid x; c = (x, y) \rrbracket \implies P \rrbracket \implies P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

Elimination of $(a, b) \in \# A \times \# B$ – introduces no eigenvariables.

lemma $Sigma_msetD1: (a, b) \in \# Sigma_mset A B \implies a \in \# A$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_msetD2: (a, b) \in \# Sigma_mset A B \implies b \in \# B a$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_msetE2: \llbracket (a, b) \in \# Sigma_mset A B; \llbracket a \in \# A; b \in \# B \mid a \rrbracket \implies P \rrbracket \implies P$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_mset_cong:$
 $\llbracket A = B; \bigwedge x. x \in \# B \implies C x = D x \rrbracket \implies (SIGMAMSET x \in \# A. C x) = (SIGMAMSET x \in \# B. D x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $count_sum_mset: count (\sum \# M) b = (\sum P \in \# M. count P b)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_mset_plus_distrib1[simp]: Sigma_mset (A + B) C = Sigma_mset A C + Sigma_mset B C$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_mset_plus_distrib2[simp]:$
 $Sigma_mset A (\lambda i. B i + C i) = Sigma_mset A B + Sigma_mset A C$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Times_mset_single_left: \{\#a\#} \times \# B = image_mset (Pair a) B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Times_mset_single_right: A \times \# \{\#b\#} = image_mset (\lambda a. Pair a b) A$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Times_mset_single_single[simp]: \{\#a\#} \times \# \{\#b\#} = \{\#(a, b)\#}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $count_image_mset_Pair:$
 $count (image_mset (Pair a) B) (x, b) = (if x = a then count B b else 0)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $count_Sigma_mset: count (Sigma_mset A B) (a, b) = count A a * count (B a) b$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_mset_empty1[simp]: Sigma_mset \{\#\} B = \{\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Sigma_mset_empty2[simp]: A \times \# \{\#\} = \{\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma Sigma_mset_mono:
  assumes A ⊆# C and ⋀x. x ∈# A ⟹ B x ⊆# D x
  shows Sigma_mset A B ⊆# Sigma_mset C D
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mem_Sigma_mset_iff[iff]: ((a,b) ∈# Sigma_mset A B) = (a ∈# A ∧ b ∈# B a)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mem_Times_mset_iff: x ∈# A ×# B ⟷ fst x ∈# A ∧ snd x ∈# B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_empty_iff: (SIGMAMSET i∈#I. X i) = {#} ⟷ (∀ i∈#I. X i = {#})
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Times_mset_subset_mset_cancel1: x ∈# A ⟹ (A ×# B ⊆# A ×# C) = (B ⊆# C)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Times_mset_subset_mset_cancel2: x ∈# C ⟹ (A ×# C ⊆# B ×# C) = (A ⊆# B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Times_mset_eq_cancel2: x ∈# C ⟹ (A ×# C = B ×# C) = (A = B)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma split_paired_Ball_mset_Sigma_mset[simp]:
  (⋀ z∈#Sigma_mset A B. P z) ⟷ (⋀ x∈#A. ⋀ y∈#B x. P (x, y))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma split_paired_Bex_mset_Sigma_mset[simp]:
  (∃ z∈#Sigma_mset A B. P z) ⟷ (∃ x∈#A. ∃ y∈#B x. P (x, y))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum_mset_if_eq_constant:
  (Σ x∈#M. if a = x then (f x) else 0) = (((+) (f a)) ^^(count M a)) 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma iterate_op_plus: (((+) k) ^^ m) 0 = k * m
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma union_image_mset_Pair_distribute:
  Σ # {#image_mset (Pair x) (C x). x ∈# J - I #} =
  Σ # {#image_mset (Pair x) (C x). x ∈# J #} - Σ # {#image_mset (Pair x) (C x). x ∈# I #}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Un_distrib1: Sigma_mset (I ∪# J) C = Sigma_mset I C ∪# Sigma_mset J C
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Un_distrib2: (SIGMAMSET i∈#I. A i ∪# B i) = Sigma_mset I A ∪# Sigma_mset I B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Int_distrib1: Sigma_mset (I ∩# J) C = Sigma_mset I C ∩# Sigma_mset J C
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Int_distrib2: (SIGMAMSET i∈#I. A i ∩# B i) = Sigma_mset I A ∩# Sigma_mset I B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Diff_distrib1: Sigma_mset (I - J) C = Sigma_mset I C - Sigma_mset J C
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Diff_distrib2: (SIGMAMSET i∈#I. A i - B i) = Sigma_mset I A - Sigma_mset I B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_Union: Sigma_mset (Σ # X) B = (Σ # (image_mset (λA. Sigma_mset A B) X))
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma Times_mset_Un_distrib1:  $(A \cup\# B) \times\# C = A \times\# C \cup\# B \times\# C$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_Int_distrib1:  $(A \cap\# B) \times\# C = A \times\# C \cap\# B \times\# C$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_Diff_distrib1:  $(A - B) \times\# C = A \times\# C - B \times\# C$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_empty[simp]:  $A \times\# B = \{\#\} \longleftrightarrow A = \{\#\} \vee B = \{\#\}$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_insert_left:  $A \times\# add\_mset x B = A \times\# B + image\_mset (\lambda a. Pair a x) A$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_insert_right:  $add\_mset a A \times\# B = A \times\# B + image\_mset (Pair a) B$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma fst_image_mset_times_mset [simp]:
   $image\_mset fst (A \times\# B) = (if B = \{\#\} then \{\#\} else repeat\_mset (size B) A)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma snd_image_mset_times_mset [simp]:
   $image\_mset snd (A \times\# B) = (if A = \{\#\} then \{\#\} else repeat\_mset (size A) B)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma product_swap_mset:  $image\_mset prod.swap (A \times\# B) = B \times\# A$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

context
begin

qualified definition product_mset ::  $'a multiset \Rightarrow 'b multiset \Rightarrow ('a \times 'b) multiset$  where
  [code_abbrev]: product_mset A B = A  $\times\# B$ 

lemma member_product_mset:  $x \in\# product\_mset A B \longleftrightarrow x \in\# A \times\# B$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

lemma count_Sigma_mset_abs_def:  $count (Sigma\_mset A B) = (\lambda(a, b) \Rightarrow count A a * count (B a) b)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_image_mset1:  $image\_mset f A \times\# B = image\_mset (\lambda(a, b). (f a, b)) (A \times\# B)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_image_mset2:  $A \times\# image\_mset f B = image\_mset (\lambda(a, b). (a, f b)) (A \times\# B)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma sum_le_singleton:  $A \subseteq \{x\} \implies sum f A = (if x \in A then f x else 0)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_assoc:  $(A \times\# B) \times\# C = image\_mset (\lambda(a, b, c). ((a, b), c)) (A \times\# B \times\# C)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

2.11 Transfer Rules

```

lemma plus_multiset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
   $(rel\_fun (rel\_mset R) (rel\_fun (rel\_mset R) (rel\_mset R))) (+) (+)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma minus_multiset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  assumes [transfer_rule]:  $bi\_unique R$ 

```

```

shows (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (rel_mset R))) (-) (-)
⟨proof⟩

declare rel_mset_Zero[transfer_rule]

lemma count_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  assumes bi_unique R
  shows (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (rel_fun R (=))) count count
⟨proof⟩

lemma subseceq_multiset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  assumes [transfer_rule]: bi_unique R right_total R
  shows (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (=)))
    ( $\lambda M N. \text{filter\_mset}(\text{Domainp } R) M \subseteq \# \text{filter\_mset}(\text{Domainp } R) N$ ) ( $\subseteq \#$ )
⟨proof⟩

lemma sum_mset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  R 0  $\implies$  rel_fun R (rel_fun R R) (+) (+)  $\implies$  (rel_fun (rel_mset R) R) sum_mset sum_mset
⟨proof⟩

lemma Sigma_mset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  (rel_fun (rel_mset R) (rel_fun (rel_fun R (rel_mset S)) (rel_mset (rel_prod R S))))
  Sigma_mset Sigma_mset
⟨proof⟩

```

2.12 Even More about Multisets

2.12.1 Multisets and Functions

```

lemma range_image_mset:
  assumes set_mset Ds  $\subseteq$  range f
  shows Ds  $\in$  range (image_mset f)
⟨proof⟩

```

2.12.2 Multisets and Lists

```

lemma length_sorted_list_of_multiset[simp]: length (sorted_list_of_multiset A) = size A
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition list_of_mset :: 'a multiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a list where
  list_of_mset m = (SOME l. m = mset l)

```

```

lemma list_of_mset_exi:  $\exists l. m = mset l$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma mset_list_of_mset[simp]: mset (list_of_mset m) = m
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma length_list_of_mset[simp]: length (list_of_mset A) = size A
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma range_mset_map:
  assumes set_mset Ds  $\subseteq$  range f
  shows Ds  $\in$  range ( $\lambda Cl. mset (\text{map } f Cl)$ )
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma list_of_mset_empty[iff]: list_of_mset m = []  $\longleftrightarrow$  m = {#}
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma in_mset_conv_nth: ( $x \in \# mset xs$ ) = ( $\exists i < \text{length } xs. xs ! i = x$ )
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma in_mset_sum_list:
  assumes L  $\in \# LL$ 

```

```

assumes  $LL \in \text{set } Ci$ 
shows  $L \in \# \text{sum\_list } Ci$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma in_mset_sum_list2:
assumes  $L \in \# \text{sum\_list } Ci$ 
obtains  $LL$  where
   $LL \in \text{set } Ci$ 
   $L \in \# LL$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma in_mset_sum_list_iff:  $a \in \# \text{sum\_list } A \longleftrightarrow (\exists A \in \text{set } A. a \in \# A)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma subseteq_list_Union_mset:
assumes  $\text{length } Ci = n$ 
assumes  $\text{length } CAi = n$ 
assumes  $\forall i < n. Ci ! i \subseteq \# CAi ! i$ 
shows  $\sum \# (\text{mset } Ci) \subseteq \# \sum \# (\text{mset } CAi)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma same_mset_distinct_iff:
 $\langle \text{mset } M = \text{mset } M' \Rightarrow \text{distinct } M \longleftrightarrow \text{distinct } M' \rangle$ 
⟨proof⟩

2.12.3 More on Multisets and Functions

lemma subseteq_mset_size_eq:  $X \subseteq \# Y \Rightarrow \text{size } Y = \text{size } X \Rightarrow X = Y$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma image_mset_of_subset_list:
assumes  $\text{image\_mset } \eta C' = \text{mset } lC$ 
shows  $\exists qC'. \text{map } \eta qC' = lC \wedge \text{mset } qC' = C'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma image_mset_of_subset:
assumes  $A \subseteq \# \text{image\_mset } \eta C'$ 
shows  $\exists A'. \text{image\_mset } \eta A' = A \wedge A' \subseteq \# C'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma all_the_same:  $\forall x \in \# X. x = y \Rightarrow \text{card} (\text{set\_mset } X) \leq \text{Suc } 0$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Melem_subseteq_Union_mset[simp]:
assumes  $x \in \# T$ 
shows  $x \subseteq \# \sum \# T$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma Melem_subset_eq_sum_list[simp]:
assumes  $x \in \# \text{mset } T$ 
shows  $x \subseteq \# \text{sum\_list } T$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_subset_eq_Union_mset[simp]:
assumes  $i < \text{length } CAi$ 
shows  $CAi ! i \subseteq \# \sum \# (\text{mset } CAi)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_subset_eq_sum_list[simp]:
assumes  $i < \text{length } CAi$ 
shows  $CAi ! i \subseteq \# \text{sum\_list } CAi$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

2.12.4 More on Multiset Order

```
lemma less_multiset_doubletons:
  assumes
     $y < t \vee y < s$ 
     $x < t \vee x < s$ 
  shows
     $\{\#y, x\#} < \{\#t, s\#}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
end
```

3 Signed (Finite) Multisets

```
theory Signed_Multiset
imports Multiset_More
abbrevs
  !z = z
begin
```

```
unbundle multiset.lifting
```

3.1 Definition of Signed Multisets

```
definition equiv_zmset :: 'a multiset × 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset × 'a multiset ⇒ bool where
  equiv_zmset = (λ(Mp, Mn) (Np, Nn). Mp + Nn = Np + Mn)
```

```
quotient-type 'a zmset = 'a multiset × 'a multiset / equiv_zmset
  ⟨proof⟩
```

3.2 Basic Operations on Signed Multisets

```
instantiation zmset :: (type) cancel_comm_monoid_add
begin
```

```
lift-definition zero_zmset :: 'a zmset is ({#}, {#}) ⟨proof⟩
```

```
abbreviation empty_zmset :: 'a zmset ({#}_z) where
  empty_zmset ≡ 0
```

```
lift-definition minus_zmset :: 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset is
  λ(Mp, Mn) (Np, Nn). (Mp + Nn, Mn + Np)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lift-definition plus_zmset :: 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset is
  λ(Mp, Mn) (Np, Nn). (Mp + Np, Mn + Nn)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
instance
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

```
instantiation zmset :: (type) group_add
begin
```

```
lift-definition uminus_zmset :: 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset is λ(Mp, Mn). (Mn, Mp)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
instance
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

```

lift-definition zcount :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  int is  

 $\lambda(Mp, Mn) x. \text{int}(\text{count } Mp\ x) - \text{int}(\text{count } Mn\ x)$   

<proof>

lemma zcount_inject: zcount M = zcount N  $\longleftrightarrow$  M = N  

<proof>

lemma zmset_eq_iff: M = N  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall a.$  zcount M a = zcount N a)  

<proof>

lemma zmset_eqI: ( $\wedge x.$  zcount A x = zcount B x)  $\implies$  A = B  

<proof>

lemma zcount_uminus[simp]: zcount ( $- A$ ) x =  $- \text{zcount } A\ x$   

<proof>

lift-definition add_zmset :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset is  

 $\lambda x (Mp, Mn). (\text{add\_mset } x\ Mp, Mn)$   

<proof>

syntax  

 $_zmultiset :: \text{args} \Rightarrow 'a zmset (\{\#(\_)#\}_z)$   

translations  

 $\{\#x, xs\#}_z == CONST \text{add\_zmset } x\ \{\#xs\#}_z$   

 $\{\#x\#}_z == CONST \text{add\_zmset } x\ \{\#\}_z$ 

lemma zcount_empty[simp]: zcount {\#}_z a = 0  

<proof>

lemma zcount_add_zmset[simp]:  

 $\text{zcount}(\text{add\_zmset } b\ A)\ a = (\text{if } b = a \text{ then } \text{zcount } A\ a + 1 \text{ else } \text{zcount } A\ a)$   

<proof>

lemma zcount_single: zcount {\#b\#}_z a = (if b = a then 1 else 0)  

<proof>

lemma add_add_same_iff_zmset[simp]: add_zmset a A = add_zmset a B  $\longleftrightarrow$  A = B  

<proof>

lemma add_zmset_commute: add_zmset x (add_zmset y M) = add_zmset y (add_zmset x M)  

<proof>

lemma  

 $\text{singleton\_ne\_empty\_zmset}[simp]: \{\#x\#}_z \neq \{\#\}_z \text{ and}$   

 $\text{empty\_ne\_singleton\_zmset}[simp]: \{\#\}_z \neq \{\#x\#}_z$   

<proof>

lemma  

 $\text{singleton\_ne\_uminus\_singleton\_zmset}[simp]: \{\#x\#}_z \neq - \{\#y\#}_z \text{ and}$   

 $\text{uminus\_singleton\_ne\_singleton\_zmset}[simp]: - \{\#x\#}_z \neq \{\#y\#}_z$   

<proof>

```

3.2.1 Conversion to Set and Membership

```

definition set_zmset :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a set where  

 $\text{set\_zmset } M = \{x. \text{zcount } M\ x \neq 0\}$ 

```

```

abbreviation elem_zmset :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool where  

 $\text{elem\_zmset } a\ M \equiv a \in \text{set\_zmset } M$ 

```

notation

```

 $\text{elem\_zmset} ('(\in\#_z')) \text{ and}$   

 $\text{elem\_zmset} ((/_/\in\#_z) [51, 51] 50)$ 

```

```

notation (ASCII)
  elem_zmset ('(:#z') and
  elem_zmset ((/_/ :#z _) [51, 51] 50)

abbreviation not_elem_zmset :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  not_elem_zmset a M  $\equiv$  a  $\notin$  set_zmset M

notation
  not_elem_zmset ('(~:#z') and
  not_elem_zmset ((/_/ ~:#z _) [51, 51] 50)

notation (ASCII)
  not_elem_zmset ('(~:#z') and
  not_elem_zmset ((/_/ ~:#z _) [51, 51] 50)

context
begin

qualified abbreviation Ball :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  Ball M  $\equiv$  Set.Ball (set_zmset M)

qualified abbreviation Bex :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  Bex M  $\equiv$  Set.Bex (set_zmset M)

end

syntax
  _ZMBall :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  bool ((3 $\forall$  _ $\in$ #z_./__) [0, 0, 10] 10)
  _ZMBex :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  bool ((3 $\exists$  _ $\in$ #z_./__) [0, 0, 10] 10)

syntax (ASCII)
  _ZMBall :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  bool ((3 $\forall$  _:#z_./__) [0, 0, 10] 10)
  _ZMBex :: pttrn  $\Rightarrow$  'a set  $\Rightarrow$  bool  $\Rightarrow$  bool ((3 $\exists$  _:#z_./__) [0, 0, 10] 10)

translations
   $\forall x \in \#_z A. P \equiv \text{CONST Signed\_Multiset.Ball } A (\lambda x. P)$ 
   $\exists x \in \#_z A. P \equiv \text{CONST Signed\_Multiset.Bex } A (\lambda x. P)$ 

lemma zcount_eq_zero_if: zcount M x = 0  $\longleftrightarrow$  x  $\notin$ #z M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_in_if_zmset: x  $\notin$ #z M  $\longleftrightarrow$  zcount M x = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zcount_ne_zero_if[simp]: zcount M x  $\neq$  0  $\longleftrightarrow$  x  $\in$ #z M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zcount_inI:
  assumes zcount M x = 0  $\Longrightarrow$  False
  shows x  $\in$ #z M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma set_zmset_empty[simp]: set_zmset {#}z = {}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma set_zmset_single: set_zmset {#b#}z = {b}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma set_zmset_eq_empty_if[simp]: set_zmset M = {}  $\longleftrightarrow$  M = {#}z
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_count_ne: finite {x. count M x  $\neq$  count N x}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *finite_set_zmset*[*iff*]: *finite (set_zmset M)*
(proof)

lemma *zmultiset_nonemptyE*[*elim*]:
assumes $A \neq \{\#\}_z$
obtains x **where** $x \in \#_z A$
(proof)

3.2.2 Union

lemma *zcount_union*[*simp*]: *zcount (M + N) a = zcount M a + zcount N a*
(proof)

lemma *union_add_left_zmset*[*simp*]: *add_zmset a A + B = add_zmset a (A + B)*
(proof)

lemma *union_zmset_add_zmset_right*[*simp*]: $A + \text{add_zmset } a B = \text{add_zmset } a (A + B)$
(proof)

lemma *add_zmset_add_single*: $\langle \text{add_zmset } a A = A + \{\#a\#\}_z \rangle$
(proof)

3.2.3 Difference

lemma *zcount_diff*[*simp*]: *zcount (M - N) a = zcount M a - zcount N a*
(proof)

lemma *add_zmset_diff_bothsides*: $\langle \text{add_zmset } a M - \text{add_zmset } a A = M - A \rangle$
(proof)

lemma *in_diff_zcount*: $a \in \#_z M - N \longleftrightarrow \text{zcount } N a \neq \text{zcount } M a$
(proof)

lemma *diff_add_zmset*:
fixes $M N Q :: 'a \text{ zmultiset}$
shows $M - (N + Q) = M - N - Q$
(proof)

lemma *insert_Diff_zmset*[*simp*]: *add_zmset x (M - \{\#x\#\}_z) = M*
(proof)

lemma *diff_union_swap_zmset*: *add_zmset b (M - \{\#a\#\}_z) = add_zmset b M - \{\#a\#\}_z*
(proof)

lemma *diff_add_zmset_swap*[*simp*]: *add_zmset b M - A = add_zmset b (M - A)*
(proof)

lemma *diff_diff_add_zmset*[*simp*]: $(M :: 'a \text{ zmultiset}) - N - P = M - (N + P)$
(proof)

lemma *zmset_add*[*elim?*]:
obtains B **where** $A = \text{add_zmset } a B$
(proof)

3.2.4 Equality of Signed Multisets

lemma *single_eq_single_zmset*[*simp*]: $\{\#a\#\}_z = \{\#b\#\}_z \longleftrightarrow a = b$
(proof)

lemma *multi_self_add_other_not_self_zmset*[*simp*]: $M = \text{add_zmset } x M \longleftrightarrow \text{False}$
(proof)

lemma *add_zmset_remove_trivial*: $\langle \text{add_zmset } x M - \{\#x\#\}_z = M \rangle$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *diff_single_eq_union_zmset*: $M - \{\#x\#\}_z = N \longleftrightarrow M = add_zmset x N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *union_single_eq_diff_zmset*: $add_zmset x M = N \implies M = N - \{\#x\#\}_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_zmset_eq_conv_diff*:
 $add_zmset a M = add_zmset b N \longleftrightarrow$
 $M = N \wedge a = b \vee M = add_zmset b (N - \{\#a\#\}_z) \wedge N = add_zmset a (M - \{\#b\#\}_z)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *add_zmset_eq_conv_ex*:
 $(add_zmset a M = add_zmset b N) =$
 $(M = N \wedge a = b \vee (\exists K. M = add_zmset b K \wedge N = add_zmset a K))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *multi_member_split*: $\exists A. M = add_zmset x A$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.3 Conversions from and to Multisets

lift-definition *zmset_of* :: '*a multiset* \Rightarrow '*a zmultipset* **is** $\lambda f. (Abs_multiset f, \{\#\})$ ' $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zmset_of_inject[simp]*: $zmset_of M = zmset_of N \longleftrightarrow M = N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zmset_of_empty[simp]*: $zmset_of \{\#\} = \{\#\}_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zmset_of_add_mset[simp]*: $zmset_of (add_mset x M) = add_zmset x (zmset_of M)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zcount_of_mset[simp]*: $zcount (zmset_of M) x = int (count M x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zmset_of_plus*: $zmset_of (M + N) = zmset_of M + zmset_of N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *mset_pos* :: '*a zmultipset* \Rightarrow '*a multiset* **is** $\lambda(M_p, M_n). count (M_p - M_n)$ '
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lift-definition *mset_neg* :: '*a zmultipset* \Rightarrow '*a multiset* **is** $\lambda(M_p, M_n). count (M_n - M_p)$ '
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma
zmset_of_inverse[simp]: $mset_pos (zmset_of M) = M$ **and**
minus_zmset_of_inverse[simp]: $mset_neg (- zmset_of M) = M$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *neg_zmset_pos[simp]*: $mset_neg (zmset_of M) = \{\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma
count_mset_pos[simp]: $count (mset_pos M) x = nat (zcount M x)$ **and**
count_mset_neg[simp]: $count (mset_neg M) x = nat (- zcount M x)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma
mset_pos_empty[simp]: $mset_pos \{\#\}_z = \{\#\}$ **and**
mset_neg_empty[simp]: $mset_neg \{\#\}_z = \{\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma mset_pos_singleton[simp]: mset_pos {#x#}_z = {#x#} and
mset_neg_singleton[simp]: mset_neg {#x#}_z = {#}
⟨proof⟩

lemma
mset_pos_neg_partition: M = zmset_of (mset_pos M) - zmset_of (mset_neg M) and
mset_pos_as_neg: zmset_of (mset_pos M) = zmset_of (mset_neg M) + M and
mset_neg_as_pos: zmset_of (mset_neg M) = zmset_of (mset_pos M) - M
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_pos_uminus[simp]: mset_pos (- A) = mset_neg A
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_neg_uminus[simp]: mset_neg (- A) = mset_pos A
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_pos_plus[simp]:
mset_pos (A + B) = (mset_pos A - mset_neg B) + (mset_pos B - mset_neg A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_neg_plus[simp]:
mset_neg (A + B) = (mset_neg A - mset_pos B) + (mset_neg B - mset_pos A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_pos_diff[simp]:
mset_pos (A - B) = (mset_pos A - mset_pos B) + (mset_neg B - mset_neg A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_neg_diff[simp]:
mset_neg (A - B) = (mset_neg A - mset_neg B) + (mset_pos B - mset_pos A)
⟨proof⟩

lemma mset_pos_neg_dual:
mset_pos a + mset_pos b + (mset_neg a - mset_pos b) + (mset_neg b - mset_pos a) =
mset_neg a + mset_neg b + (mset_pos a - mset_neg b) + (mset_pos b - mset_neg a)
⟨proof⟩

lemma decompose_zmset_of2:
obtains A B C where
M = zmset_of A + C and
N = zmset_of B + C
⟨proof⟩

```

3.3.1 Pointwise Ordering Induced by zcount

```

definition subsequeq_zmset :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\subseteq_{\#z} 50$ ) where
A  $\subseteq_{\#z}$  B  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall a$ .  $\text{zcount } A \ a \leq \text{zcount } B \ a$ )

definition subset_zmset :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\subset_{\#z} 50$ ) where
A  $\subset_{\#z}$  B  $\longleftrightarrow$  A  $\subseteq_{\#z}$  B  $\wedge$  A  $\neq$  B

abbreviation (input)
supsequeq_zmset :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\supseteq_{\#z} 50$ )
where
supsequeq_zmset A B  $\equiv$  B  $\subseteq_{\#z}$  A

abbreviation (input)
supset_zmset :: 'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmset  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\supset_{\#z} 50$ )
where
supset_zmset A B  $\equiv$  B  $\subset_{\#z}$  A

notation (input)
subsequeq_zmset (infix  $\subseteq_{\#z} 50$ ) and

```

```
supseteq_zmset (infix ⊇#z 50)
```

notation (ASCII)

```
subseteq_zmset (infix ⊆#z 50) and
subset_zmset (infix ⊂#z 50) and
supseteq_zmset (infix ⊇#z 50) and
supset_zmset (infix >#z 50)
```

interpretation subset_zmset: ordered_ab_semigroup_add_imp_le (+) (-) (⊆#_z) (⊂#_z)
⟨proof⟩

interpretation subset_zmset:

```
ordered_ab_semigroup_monoid_add_imp_le (+) 0 (-) (⊆#z) (⊂#z)
⟨proof⟩
```

lemma zmset_subset_eqI: ($\bigwedge a. zcount A a \leq zcount B a$) $\implies A \subseteq#_z B$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_eq_zcount: $A \subseteq#_z B \implies zcount A a \leq zcount B a$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_eq_add_zmset_cancel: $\langle add_zmset a A \subseteq#_z add_zmset a B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq#_z B \rangle$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_eq_zmultiset_union_diff_commute:
 $A - B + C = A + C - B$ for $A B C :: 'a zmset$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_eq_insertD: $add_zmset x A \subseteq#_z B \implies A \subset#_z B$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_insertD: $add_zmset x A \subset#_z B \implies A \subset#_z B$
⟨proof⟩

lemma subset_eq_diff_conv_zmset: $A - C \subseteq#_z B \longleftrightarrow A \subseteq#_z B + C$
⟨proof⟩

lemma multi_psub_of_add_self_zmset[simp]: $A \subset#_z add_zmset x A$
⟨proof⟩

lemma multi_psub_self_zmset: $A \subset#_z A = False$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_add_zmset[simp]: $add_zmset x N \subset#_z add_zmset x M \longleftrightarrow N \subset#_z M$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_of_subseteq_iff[simp]: $zmset_of M \subseteq#_z zmset_of N \longleftrightarrow M \subseteq# N$
⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_of_subset_iff[simp]: $zmset_of M \subset#_z zmset_of N \longleftrightarrow M \subset# N$
⟨proof⟩

lemma

```
mset_pos_supset: A ⊆#z zmset_of (mset_pos A) and
mset_neg_supset: - A ⊆#z zmset_of (mset_neg A)
⟨proof⟩
```

lemma subset_mset_zmsetE:

```
assumes M ⊂#z N
obtains A B C where
  M = zmset_of A + C and N = zmset_of B + C and A ⊂# B
⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma subseteq_mset_zmsetE:
  assumes M ⊆#z N
  obtains A B C where
    M = zmset_of A + C and N = zmset_of B + C and A ⊆# B
  ⟨proof⟩

```

3.3.2 Subset is an Order

```

interpretation subset_zmset: order (⊆#z) (⊆#z)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

3.4 Replicate and Repeat Operations

```

definition replicate_zmset :: nat ⇒ 'a ⇒ 'a zmset where
  replicate_zmset n x = (add_zmset x ∘ n) {#}z

```

```

lemma replicate_zmset_0[simp]: replicate_zmset 0 x = {#}z
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma replicate_zmset_Suc[simp]: replicate_zmset (Suc n) x = add_zmset x (replicate_zmset n x)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma count_replicate_zmset[simp]:
  zcount (replicate_zmset n x) y = (if y = x then of_nat n else 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

fun repeat_zmset :: nat ⇒ 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset where
  repeat_zmset 0 _ = {#}z |
  repeat_zmset (Suc n) A = A + repeat_zmset n A

```

```

lemma count_repeat_zmset[simp]: zcount (repeat_zmset i A) a = of_nat i * zcount A a
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_right[simp]: repeat_zmset a (repeat_zmset b A) = repeat_zmset (a * b) A
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma left_diff_repeat_zmset_distrib':
  ⟨i ≥ j ⟹ repeat_zmset (i - j) u = repeat_zmset i u - repeat_zmset j u⟩
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma left_add_mult_distrib_zmset:
  repeat_zmset i u + (repeat_zmset j u + k) = repeat_zmset (i+j) u + k
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_distrib: repeat_zmset (m + n) A = repeat_zmset m A + repeat_zmset n A
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_distrib2[simp]:
  repeat_zmset n (A + B) = repeat_zmset n A + repeat_zmset n B
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_replicate_zmset[simp]: repeat_zmset n {#a#}z = replicate_zmset n a
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_distrib_add_zmset[simp]:
  repeat_zmset n (add_zmset a A) = replicate_zmset n a + repeat_zmset n A
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma repeat_zmset_empty[simp]: repeat_zmset n {#}z = {#}z
  ⟨proof⟩

```

3.4.1 Filter (with Comprehension Syntax)

```

lift-definition filter_zmset :: ('a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a zmset ⇒ 'a zmset is

```

$\lambda P \ (Mp, Mn). \ (filter_mset \ P \ Mp, filter_mset \ P \ Mn)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

syntax (ASCII)

$_ZMCollect :: pttrn \Rightarrow 'a zmiset \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow 'a zmiset ((1\{\#__ : \#z __./ _\#\}))$

syntax

$_ZMCollect :: pttrn \Rightarrow 'a zmiset \Rightarrow bool \Rightarrow 'a zmiset ((1\{\#__ \in \#z __./ _\#\}))$

translations

$\{\#x \in \#z \ M. \ P\#\} == CONST \ filter_zmset (\lambda x. \ P) \ M$

lemma count_filter_zmset[simp]:

$zcount (filter_zmset \ P \ M) \ a = (if \ P \ a \ then \ zcount \ M \ a \ else \ 0)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_empty_zmset[simp]: $filter_zmset \ P \ \{\#\}_z = \{\#\}_z$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_single_zmset: $filter_zmset \ P \ \{\#x\#\}_z = (if \ P \ x \ then \ \{\#x\#\}_z \ else \ \{\#\}_z)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_union_zmset[simp]: $filter_zmset \ P \ (M + N) = filter_zmset \ P \ M + filter_zmset \ P \ N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_diff_zmset[simp]: $filter_zmset \ P \ (M - N) = filter_zmset \ P \ M - filter_zmset \ P \ N$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_add_zmset[simp]:

$filter_zmset \ P \ (add_zmset \ x \ A) =$
 $(if \ P \ x \ then \ add_zmset \ x \ (filter_zmset \ P \ A) \ else \ filter_zmset \ P \ A)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma zmiset_filter_mono:

assumes $A \subseteq \#z \ B$
shows $filter_zmset \ f \ A \subseteq \#z \ filter_zmset \ f \ B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma filter_filter_zmset: $filter_zmset \ P \ (filter_zmset \ Q \ M) = \{\#x \in \#z \ M. \ Q \ x \wedge \ P \ x\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma

$filter_zmset_True[simp]: \{\#y \in \#z \ M. \ True\#\} = M$ **and**
 $filter_zmset_False[simp]: \{\#y \in \#z \ M. \ False\#\} = \{\#\}_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.5 Uncategorized

lemma multi_drop_mem_not_eq_zmset: $B - \{\#c\#\}_z \neq B$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma zmiset_partition: $M = \{\#x \in \#z \ M. \ P \ x \ \#\} + \{\#x \in \#z \ M. \ \neg \ P \ x\#\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

3.6 Image

definition image_zmset :: $('a \Rightarrow 'b) \Rightarrow 'a zmiset \Rightarrow 'b zmiset$ **where**
 $image_zmset \ f \ M =$
 $zmset_of \ (fold_mset \ (add_mset \circ \ f) \ \{\#\} \ (mset_pos \ M)) -$
 $zmset_of \ (fold_mset \ (add_mset \circ \ f) \ \{\#\} \ (mset_neg \ M))$

3.7 Multiset Order

instantiation zmiset :: (preorder) order
begin

```

lift-definition less_zmultiset :: 'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  bool is
   $\lambda(M_p, M_n) (N_p, N_n). M_p + N_n < M_n + N_p$ 
  (proof)

definition less_eq_zmultiset :: 'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  less_eq_zmultiset  $M' M \longleftrightarrow M' < M \vee M' = M$ 

instance
  (proof)

end

instance zmultiset :: (preorder) ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_add
  (proof)

instance zmultiset :: (preorder) ordered_ab_group_add
  (proof)

instantiation zmultiset :: (linorder) distrib_lattice
begin

definition inf_zmultiset :: 'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset where
  inf_zmultiset  $A B = (\text{if } A < B \text{ then } A \text{ else } B)$ 

definition sup_zmultiset :: 'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset  $\Rightarrow$  'a zmultiset where
  sup_zmultiset  $A B = (\text{if } B > A \text{ then } B \text{ else } A)$ 

lemma not_lt_iff_ge_zmset:  $\neg x < y \longleftrightarrow x \geq y$  for  $x y :: 'a zmultiset$ 
  (proof)

instance
  (proof)

end

lemma zmset_of_less: zmset_of  $M < zmset\_of N \longleftrightarrow M < N$ 
  (proof)

lemma zmset_of_le: zmset_of  $M \leq zmset\_of N \longleftrightarrow M \leq N$ 
  (proof)

instance zmultiset :: (preorder) ordered_ab_semigroup_add
  (proof)

lemma uminus_add_conv_diff_mset[cancellation_simproc_pre]:  $\langle -a + b = b - a \rangle$  for  $a :: 'a zmultiset$ 
  (proof)

lemma uminus_add_add_uminus[cancellation_simproc_pre]:  $\langle b - a + c = b + c - a \rangle$  for  $a :: 'a zmultiset$ 
  (proof)

lemma add_zmset_eq_add_NO_MATCH[cancellation_simproc_pre]:
   $\langle \text{NO\_MATCH } \{\#\}_z H \implies add\_zmset a H = \{\#a\#\}_z + H \rangle$ 
  (proof)

lemma repeat_zmset_iterate_add:  $\langle \text{repeat\_zmset } n M = \text{iterate\_add } n M \rangle$ 
  (proof)

declare repeat_zmset_iterate_add[cancellation_simproc_pre]

declare repeat_zmset_iterate_add[symmetric, cancellation_simproc_post]

(ML)

```

```

lemma zmset_subseteq_add_iff1:
   $j \leq i \implies (\text{repeat\_zmset } i u + m \subseteq_z \text{repeat\_zmset } j u + n) = (\text{repeat\_zmset } (i - j) u + m \subseteq_z n)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subseteq_add_iff2:
   $i \leq j \implies (\text{repeat\_zmset } i u + m \subseteq_z \text{repeat\_zmset } j u + n) = (m \subseteq_z \text{repeat\_zmset } (j - i) u + n)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_add_iff1:
   $j \leq i \implies (\text{repeat\_zmset } i u + m \subset_z \text{repeat\_zmset } j u + n) = (\text{repeat\_zmset } (i - j) u + m \subset_z n)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zmset_subset_add_iff2:
   $i \leq j \implies (\text{repeat\_zmset } i u + m \subset_z \text{repeat\_zmset } j u + n) = (m \subset_z \text{repeat\_zmset } (j - i) u + n)$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

⟨ML⟩

instance zmultipiset :: (preorder) ordered_ab_semigroup_add_imp_le
  ⟨proof⟩

⟨ML⟩

instance zmultipiset :: (linorder) linordered_cancel_ab_semigroup_add
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_mset_zmsetE:
  assumes  $M < N$ 
  obtains A B C where
     $M = \text{zmset\_of } A + C$  and  $N = \text{zmset\_of } B + C$  and  $A < B$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_eq_mset_zmsetE:
  assumes  $M \leq N$ 
  obtains A B C where
     $M = \text{zmset\_of } A + C$  and  $N = \text{zmset\_of } B + C$  and  $A \leq B$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma subset_eq_imp_le_zmset:  $M \subseteq_z N \implies M \leq N$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma subset_imp_less_zmset:  $M \subset_z N \implies M < N$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_imp_ex_zcount_lt:
  assumes  $m \_lt \_n: M < N$ 
  shows  $\exists y. \text{zcount } M y < \text{zcount } N y$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

instance zmultipiset :: (preorder) no_top
  ⟨proof⟩

lifting-update multiset.lifting
lifting-forget multiset.lifting

end

```

4 Nested Multisets

```

theory Nested_Multiset
imports HOL-Library.Multiset_Order
begin

```

```

declare multiset.map_comp [simp]
declare multiset.map_cong [cong]

4.1 Type Definition

datatype 'a nmultiset =
  ELEM 'a
  | MSet 'a nmultiset multiset

inductive no_elem :: 'a nmultiset ⇒ bool where
  ( $\lambda X. X \in\# M \Rightarrow \text{no\_elem } X) \Rightarrow \text{no\_elem } (\text{MSet } M)$ 

inductive-set sub_nmset :: ('a nmultiset × 'a nmultiset) set where
   $X \in\# M \Rightarrow (X, \text{MSet } M) \in \text{sub\_nmset}$ 

lemma wf_sub_nmset[simp]: wf sub_nmset
⟨proof⟩

primrec depth_nmset :: 'a nmultiset ⇒ nat (|_|) where
  | ELEM a | = 0
  | MSet M | = (let X = set_mset (image_mset depth_nmset M) in if X = {} then 0 else Suc (Max X))

lemma depth_nmset_MSet:  $x \in\# M \Rightarrow |x| < |\text{MSet } M|$ 
⟨proof⟩

declare depth_nmset.simps(2)[simp del]

```

4.2 Dershowitz and Manna's Nested Multiset Order

The Dershowitz–Manna extension:

```

definition less_multiset_extDM :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a multiset ⇒ 'a multiset ⇒ bool where
  less_multiset_extDM R M N ↔
  ( $\exists X Y. X \neq \{\#\} \wedge X \subseteq\# N \wedge M = (N - X) + Y \wedge (\forall k. k \in\# Y \rightarrow (\exists a. a \in\# X \wedge R k a))$ )

lemma less_multiset_extDM_imp_mult:
  assumes
    N_A: set_mset N ⊆ A and M_A: set_mset M ⊆ A and less: less_multiset_extDM R M N
  shows (M, N) ∈ mult {(x, y). x ∈ A ∧ y ∈ A ∧ R x y}
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_imp_less_multiset_extDM:
  assumes
    N_A: set_mset N ⊆ A and M_A: set_mset M ⊆ A and
    trans:  $\forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall z \in A. R x y \rightarrow R y z \rightarrow R x z$  and
    in_mult: (M, N) ∈ mult {(x, y). x ∈ A ∧ y ∈ A ∧ R x y}
  shows less_multiset_extDM R M N
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_multiset_extDM_iff_mult:
  assumes
    N_A: set_mset N ⊆ A and M_A: set_mset M ⊆ A and
    trans:  $\forall x \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall z \in A. R x y \rightarrow R y z \rightarrow R x z$ 
  shows less_multiset_extDM R M N ↔ (M, N) ∈ mult {(x, y). x ∈ A ∧ y ∈ A ∧ R x y}
⟨proof⟩

instantiation nmultiset :: (preorder) preorder
begin

lemma less_multiset_extDM_cong[fundef_cong]:
  ( $\forall X Y k a. X \neq \{\#\} \Rightarrow X \subseteq\# N \Rightarrow M = (N - X) + Y \Rightarrow k \in\# Y \Rightarrow R k a = S k a$ ) ⇒
  less_multiset_extDM R M N = less_multiset_extDM S M N
⟨proof⟩

```

```

function less_nmultipset :: 'a nmultipset  $\Rightarrow$  'a nmultipset  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  less_nmultipset (Elem a) (Elem b)  $\longleftrightarrow$  a < b
| less_nmultipset (Elem a) (MSet M)  $\longleftrightarrow$  True
| less_nmultipset (MSet M) (Elem a)  $\longleftrightarrow$  False
| less_nmultipset (MSet M) (MSet N)  $\longleftrightarrow$  less_multiset_extDM less_nmultipset M N
  <proof>
termination
  <proof>

lemmas less_nmultipset_induct =
  less_nmultipset.induct[case_names Elem_Elem Elem_MSet MSet_Elem MSet_MSet]

lemmas less_nmultipset_cases =
  less_nmultipset.cases[case_names Elem_Elem Elem_MSet MSet_Elem MSet_MSet]

lemma trans_less_nmultipset: X < Y  $\Longrightarrow$  Y < Z  $\Longrightarrow$  X < Z for X Y Z :: 'a nmultipset
  <proof>

lemma irrefl_less_nmultipset:
  fixes X :: 'a nmultipset
  shows X < X  $\Longrightarrow$  False
  <proof>

lemma antisym_less_nmultipset:
  fixes X Y :: 'a nmultipset
  shows X < Y  $\Longrightarrow$  Y < X  $\Longrightarrow$  False
  <proof>

definition less_eq_nmultipset :: 'a nmultipset  $\Rightarrow$  'a nmultipset  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  less_eq_nmultipset X Y = (X < Y  $\vee$  X = Y)

instance
  <proof>

lemma less_multiset_extDM_less: less_multiset_extDM (<) = (<)
  <proof>

end

instantiation nmultipset :: (order) order
begin

instance
  <proof>

end

instantiation nmultipset :: (linorder) linorder
begin

lemma total_less_nmultipset:
  fixes X Y :: 'a nmultipset
  shows  $\neg X < Y \Longrightarrow Y \neq X \Longrightarrow Y < X$ 
  <proof>

instance
  <proof>

end

lemma less_depth_nmset_imp_less_nmultipset: |X| < |Y|  $\Longrightarrow$  X < Y
  <proof>

```

```

lemma less_nmaset_imp_le_depth_nmset:  $X < Y \implies |X| \leq |Y|$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma eq_mlex_I:
  fixes f :: 'a ⇒ nat and R :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool
  assumes ⋀X Y. f X < f Y ⟹ R X Y and antisymp R
  shows {(X, Y). R X Y} = f <*mlex*> {(X, Y). f X = f Y ∧ R X Y}
⟨proof⟩

instantiation nmaset :: (wellorder) wellorder
begin

lemma depth_nmset_eq_0[simp]: |X| = 0 ⟷ (X = MSet {#} ∨ (∃x. X = Elem x))
⟨proof⟩

lemma depth_nmset_eq_Suc[simp]: |X| = Suc n ⟷
  (∃N. X = MSet N ∧ (∃Y ∈# N. |Y| = n) ∧ (∀Y ∈# N. |Y| ≤ n))
⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_less_nmaset_depth:
  wf {(X :: 'a nmaset, Y). |X| = i ∧ |Y| = i ∧ X < Y}
⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_less_nmaset: wf {(X :: 'a nmaset, Y :: 'a nmaset). X < Y} (is wf ?R)
⟨proof⟩

instance ⟨proof⟩

end
end

```

5 Hereditar(il)y (Finite) Multisets

```

theory Hereditary_Multiset
imports Multiset_More Nested_Multiset
begin

5.1 Type Definition

datatype hmaset =
  HMSet (hmsetmset: hmaset multiset)

lemma hmsetmset_inject[simp]: hmsetmset A = hmsetmset B ⟷ A = B
⟨proof⟩

primrec Rep_hmaset :: hmaset ⇒ unit nmaset where
  Rep_hmaset (HMSet M) = MSet (image_mset Rep_hmaset M)

primrec (nonexhaustive) Abs_hmaset :: unit nmaset ⇒ hmaset where
  Abs_hmaset (MSet M) = HMSet (image_mset Abs_hmaset M)

lemma type_definition_hmaset: type_definition Rep_hmaset Abs_hmaset {X. no_elem X}
⟨proof⟩

setup-lifting type_definition_hmaset

lemma HMSet_alt: HMSet = Abs_hmaset o MSet o image_mset Rep_hmaset
⟨proof⟩

lemma HMSet_transfer[transfer_rule]: rel_fun (rel_mset pcr_hmaset) pcr_hmaset MSet HMSet
⟨proof⟩

```

5.2 Restriction of Dershowitz and Manna's Nested Multiset Order

```

instantiation hmultipset :: linorder
begin

lift-definition less_hmultipset :: hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset ⇒ bool is (<) ⟨proof⟩
lift-definition less_eq_hmultipset :: hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset ⇒ bool is (≤) ⟨proof⟩

instance
⟨proof⟩

end

lemma less_HMSet_iff_less_multiset_extDM: HMSet M < HMSet N ↔ less_multiset_extDM (<) M N
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_less[simp]: hmsetmset M < hmsetmset N ↔ M < N
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_le[simp]: hmsetmset M ≤ hmsetmset N ↔ M ≤ N
⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_less_hmultipset: wf {(X :: hmultipset, Y :: hmultipset). X < Y}
⟨proof⟩

instance hmultipset :: wellorder
⟨proof⟩

lemma HMSet_less[simp]: HMSet M < HMSet N ↔ M < N
⟨proof⟩

lemma HMSet_le[simp]: HMSet M ≤ HMSet N ↔ M ≤ N
⟨proof⟩

lemma mem_imp_less_HMSet: k ∈# L ⇒ k < HMSet L
⟨proof⟩

lemma mem_hmsetmset_imp_less: M ∈# hmsetmset N ⇒ M < N
⟨proof⟩

```

5.3 Disjoint Union and Truncated Difference

```

instantiation hmultipset :: cancel_comm_monoid_add
begin

definition zero_hmultipset :: hmultipset where
0 = HMSet {#}

lemma hmsetmset_empty_iff[simp]: hmsetmset n = {#} ↔ n = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_0[simp]: hmsetmset 0 = {#}
⟨proof⟩

lemma
HMSet_eq_0_iff[simp]: HMSet m = 0 ↔ m = {#} and
zero_eq_HMSet[simp]: 0 = HMSet m ↔ m = {#}
⟨proof⟩

definition plus_hmultipset :: hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset where
A + B = HMSet (hmsetmset A + hmsetmset B)

definition minus_hmultipset :: hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset ⇒ hmultipset where
A - B = HMSet (hmsetmset A - hmsetmset B)

```

```

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma HMSet_plus: HMSet (A + B) = HMSet A + HMSet B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma HMSet_diff: HMSet (A - B) = HMSet A - HMSet B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_plus: hmsetmset (M + N) = hmsetmset M + hmsetmset N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_diff: hmsetmset (M - N) = hmsetmset M - hmsetmset N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma diff_diff_add_hmset[simp]: a - b - c = a - (b + c) for a b c :: hmultiset
  ⟨proof⟩

instance hmultiset :: comm_monoid_diff
  ⟨proof⟩

⟨ML⟩

instance hmultiset :: ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_add
  ⟨proof⟩

instance hmultiset :: ordered_ab_semigroup_add_imp_le
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation hmultiset :: order_bot
begin

definition bot_hmultiset :: hmultiset where
  bot_hmultiset = 0

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

instance hmultiset :: no_top
  ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma *le_minus_plus_same_hmset*: *m* ≤ *m* - *n* + *n* **for** *m n* :: *hmultiset*
 ⟨proof⟩

5.4 Infimum and Supremum

```

instantiation hmultiset :: distrib_lattice
begin

definition inf_hmultiset :: hmultiset ⇒ hmultiset ⇒ hmultiset where
  inf_hmultiset A B = (if A < B then A else B)

definition sup_hmultiset :: hmultiset ⇒ hmultiset ⇒ hmultiset where
  sup_hmultiset A B = (if B > A then B else A)

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```
end
```

5.5 Inequalities

```
lemma zero_le_hmset[simp]: 0 ≤ M for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma
```

```
le_add1_hmset: n ≤ n + m and  
le_add2_hmset: n ≤ m + n for n :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma le_zero_eq_hmset[simp]: M ≤ 0 ↔ M = 0 for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma not_less_zero_hmset[simp]: ¬ M < 0 for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma not_gr_zero_hmset[simp]: ¬ 0 < M ↔ M = 0 for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma zero_less_iff_neq_zero_hmset: 0 < M ↔ M ≠ 0 for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma zero_less_HMSet_iff[simp]: 0 < HMSet M ↔ M ≠ {#}  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gr_zeroI_hmset: (M = 0 ⇒ False) ⇒ 0 < M for M :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gr_implies_not_zero_hmset: M < N ⇒ N ≠ 0 for M N :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma add_eq_0_iff_both_eq_0_hmset[simp]: M + N = 0 ↔ M = 0 ∧ N = 0 for M N :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma trans_less_add1_hmset: i < j ⇒ i < j + m for i j m :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma trans_less_add2_hmset: i < j ⇒ i < m + j for i j m :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma trans_le_add1_hmset: i ≤ j ⇒ i ≤ j + m for i j m :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma trans_le_add2_hmset: i ≤ j ⇒ i ≤ m + j for i j m :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma diff_le_self_hmset: m - n ≤ m for m n :: hmultipiset  
⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

6 Signed Hereditar(il)y (Finite) Multisets

```
theory Signed_Hereditary_Multiset  
imports Signed_Multiset Hereditary_Multiset  
begin
```

6.1 Type Definition

```
typedef zhmultipiset = UNIV :: hmultipiset zmultiset set  
morphisms zhmsetmset ZHMSet
```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemmas ZHMSets_inverse[simp] = ZHMSets_inverse[OF UNIV_I]
lemmas ZHMSets_inject[simp] = ZHMSets_inject[OF UNIV_I UNIV_I]

declare
  zhmsetmset_inverse [simp]
  zhmsetmset_inject [simp]

setup-lifting type_definition_zhmultipiset

```

6.2 Multiset Order

```

instantiation zhmultipiset :: linorder
begin

lift-definition less_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset ⇒ bool is (<) ⟨proof⟩
lift-definition less_eq_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset ⇒ bool is (≤) ⟨proof⟩

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

```

lemmas ZHMSets_less[simp] = less_zhmultipiset.abs_eq
lemmas ZHMSets_le[simp] = less_eq_zhmultipiset.abs_eq
lemmas zhmsetmset_less[simp] = less_zhmultipiset.rep_eq[symmetric]
lemmas zhmsetmset_le[simp] = less_eq_zhmultipiset.rep_eq[symmetric]

```

6.3 Embedding and Projections of Syntactic Ordinals

```

abbreviation zhmset_of :: hmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset where
  zhmset_of M ≡ ZHMSets (zmset_of (hmultipiset M))

lemma zhmset_of_inject[simp]: zhmset_of M = zhmset_of N ↔ M = N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_less: zhmset_of M < zhmset_of N ↔ M < N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_le: zhmset_of M ≤ zhmset_of N ↔ M ≤ N
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

abbreviation hmset_pos :: zhmultipiset ⇒ hmultipiset where
  hmset_pos M ≡ HMSet (mset_pos (zhmsetmset M))

```

```

abbreviation hmset_neg :: zhmultipiset ⇒ hmultipiset where
  hmset_neg M ≡ HMSet (mset_neg (zhmsetmset M))

```

6.4 Disjoint Union and Difference

```

instantiation zhmultipiset :: cancel_comm_monoid_add
begin

lift-definition zero_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset is {#}z ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition plus_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset is
  λA B. A + B ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition minus_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset is
  λA B. A - B ⟨proof⟩

lemmas ZHMSets_plus = plus_zhmultipiset.abs_eq[symmetric]
lemmas ZHMSets_diff = minus_zhmultipiset.abs_eq[symmetric]

```

```

lemmas zhmsetmset_plus = plus_zhmiset.rep_eq
lemmas zhmsetmset_diff = minus_zhmiset.rep_eq

lemma zhmset_of_plus: zhmset_of (A + B) = zhmset_of A + zhmset_of B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmsetmset_0: hmsetmset 0 = {#}
  ⟨proof⟩

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma zhmset_of_0: zhmset_of 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_pos_plus:
  hmset_pos (A + B) = (hmset_pos A - hmset_neg B) + (hmset_pos B - hmset_neg A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_neg_plus:
  hmset_neg (A + B) = (hmset_neg A - hmset_pos B) + (hmset_neg B - hmset_pos A)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_pos_neg_partition: M = zhmset_of (hmset_pos M) - zhmset_of (hmset_neg M)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_pos_as_neg: zhmset_of (hmset_pos M) = zhmset_of (hmset_neg M) + M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_neg_as_pos: zhmset_of (hmset_neg M) = zhmset_of (hmset_pos M) - M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_pos_neg_dual:
  hmset_pos a + hmset_pos b + (hmset_neg a - hmset_pos b) + (hmset_neg b - hmset_pos a) =
  hmset_neg a + hmset_neg b + (hmset_pos a - hmset_neg b) + (hmset_pos b - hmset_neg a)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_sum_list: zhmset_of (sum_list Ms) = sum_list (map zhmset_of Ms)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_hmset_zhmsetE:
  assumes m_lt_n: M < N
  obtains A B C where M = zhmset_of A + C and N = zhmset_of B + C and A < B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_eq_hmset_zhmsetE:
  assumes m_le_n: M ≤ N
  obtains A B C where M = zhmset_of A + C and N = zhmset_of B + C and A ≤ B
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation zhmiset :: ab_group_add
begin

lift-definition uminus_zhmiset :: zhmiset ⇒ zhmiset is λA. - A ⟨proof⟩

lemmas ZHMSet_uminus = uminus_zhmiset.abs_eq[symmetric]
lemmas zhmsetmset_uminus = uminus_zhmiset.rep_eq

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

end

6.5 Infimum and Supremum

instance zhmultiset :: ordered_cancel_comm_monoid_add
  ⟨proof⟩

instance zhmultiset :: ordered_ab_group_add
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

instantiation zhmultiset :: distrib_lattice
begin

definition inf_zhmultiset :: zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset where
  inf_zhmultiset A B = (if A < B then A else B)

definition sup_zhmultiset :: zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset where
  sup_zhmultiset A B = (if B > A then B else A)

```

```

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```
end
```

```
end
```

7 Syntactic Ordinals in Cantor Normal Form

```

theory Syntactic_Ordinal
imports Hereditary_Multiset HOL-Library.Product_Order HOL-Library.Extended_Nat
begin

```

7.1 Natural (Hessenberg) Product

```

instantiation hm multiset :: comm_semiring_1
begin

```

```

abbreviation ω_exp :: hm multiset ⇒ hm multiset (ω^) where
  ω^ ≡ λm. HMSet {#m#}

```

```

definition one_hmultiset :: hm multiset where
  1 = ω^0

```

```

abbreviation ω :: hm multiset where
  ω ≡ ω^1

```

```

definition times_hmultiset :: hm multiset ⇒ hm multiset ⇒ hm multiset where
  A * B = HMSet (image_mset (case_prod (+)) (hmsetmset A ×# hmsetmset B))

```

```

lemma hmsetmset_times:
  hmsetmset (m * n) = image_mset (case_prod (+)) (hmsetmset m ×# hmsetmset n)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```
end
```

```

lemma empty_times_left_hmset[simp]: HMSet {#} * M = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma empty_times_right_hmset[simp]: M * HMSet {#} = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma singleton_times_left_hmset[simp]:  $\omega^M * N = \text{HMSet}(\text{image\_mset}((+) M)(\text{hmsetmset } N))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma singleton_times_right_hmset[simp]:  $N * \omega^M = \text{HMSet}(\text{image\_mset}((+) M)(\text{hmsetmset } N))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

7.2 Inequalities

```

definition plus_nmultipiset :: unit nmultipiset  $\Rightarrow$  unit nmultipiset  $\Rightarrow$  unit nmultipiset where
  plus_nmultipiset X Y = Rep_hmultipiset(Abs_hmultipiset X + Abs_hmultipiset Y)

lemma plus_nmultipiset_mono:
  assumes less:  $(X, Y) < (X', Y')$  and no_elem: no_elem X no_elem Y no_elem X' no_elem Y'
  shows plus_nmultipiset X Y < plus_nmultipiset X' Y'
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma plus_hmultipiset_transfer[transfer_rule]:
  (rel_fun pcr_hmultipiset (rel_fun pcr_hmultipiset pcr_hmultipiset)) plus_nmultipiset (+)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma Times_mset_monoL:
  assumes less:  $M < N$  and Z_nemp:  $Z \neq \{\#\}$ 
  shows  $M \times \# Z < N \times \# Z$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma times_hmultipiset_monoL:
   $a < b \implies 0 < c \implies a * c < b * c$  for a b c :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: linordered_semiring_strict
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult_le_mono1_hmset:  $i \leq j \implies i * k \leq j * k$  for i j k :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult_le_mono2_hmset:  $i \leq j \implies k * i \leq k * j$  for i j k :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma mult_le_mono_hmset:  $i \leq j \implies k \leq l \implies i * k \leq j * l$  for i j k l :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma less_iff_add1_le_hmset:  $m < n \iff m + 1 \leq n$  for m n :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma zero_less_iff_1_le_hmset:  $0 < n \iff 1 \leq n$  for n :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma less_add_1_iff_le_hmset:  $m < n + 1 \iff m \leq n$  for m n :: hmultipiset
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: ordered_cancel_comm_semiring
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: zero_less_one
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: linordered_semiring_1_strict
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: bounded_lattice_bot
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

instance hmultipiset :: linordered_nonzero_semiring

```

```

⟨proof⟩

instance hmultipset :: semiring_no_zero_divisors
⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_1_iff_eq_0_hmset:  $M < 1 \longleftrightarrow M = 0$  for  $M :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma zero_less_mult_iff_hmset[simp]:  $0 < m * n \longleftrightarrow 0 < m \wedge 0 < n$  for  $m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma one_le_mult_iff_hmset[simp]:  $1 \leq m * n \longleftrightarrow 1 \leq m \wedge 1 \leq n$  for  $m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_less_cancel2_hmset[simp]:  $m * k < n * k \longleftrightarrow 0 < k \wedge m < n$  for  $k m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_less_cancel1_hmset[simp]:  $k * m < k * n \longleftrightarrow 0 < k \wedge m < n$  for  $k m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel1_hmset[simp]:  $k * m \leq k * n \longleftrightarrow (0 < k \longrightarrow m \leq n)$  for  $k m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel2_hmset[simp]:  $m * k \leq n * k \longleftrightarrow (0 < k \longrightarrow m \leq n)$  for  $k m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel_left1_hmset:  $y > 0 \implies x \leq x * y$  for  $x y :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel_left2_hmset:  $y \leq 1 \implies x * y \leq x$  for  $x y :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel_right1_hmset:  $y > 0 \implies x \leq y * x$  for  $x y :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma mult_le_cancel_right2_hmset:  $y \leq 1 \implies y * x \leq x$  for  $x y :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma le_square_hmset:  $m \leq m * m$  for  $m :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma le_cube_hmset:  $m \leq m * (m * m)$  for  $m :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma
  less_imp_minus_plus_hmset:  $m < n \implies k < k - m + n$  and
  le_imp_minus_plus_hmset:  $m \leq n \implies k \leq k - m + n$  for  $k m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma gt_0_lt_mult_gt_1_hmset:
  fixes  $m n :: \text{hmultipset}$ 
  assumes  $m > 0$  and  $n > 1$ 
  shows  $m < m * n$ 
⟨proof⟩

instance hmultipset :: linordered_comm_semiring_strict
⟨proof⟩

```

7.3 Embedding of Natural Numbers

```

lemma of_nat_hmset:  $\text{of\_nat } n = \text{HMSet}(\text{replicate\_mset } n \ 0)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_inject_hmset[simp]:  $(\text{of\_nat } m :: \text{hmultipset}) = \text{of\_nat } n \longleftrightarrow m = n$ 

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_minus_hmset: of_nat (m - n) = (of_nat m :: hmultipiset) - of_nat n
⟨proof⟩

lemma plus_of_nat_plus_of_nat_hmset:
  k + of_nat m + of_nat n = k + of_nat (m + n) for k :: hmultipiset
⟨proof⟩

lemma plus_of_nat_minus_of_nat_hmset:
  fixes k :: hmultipiset
  assumes n ≤ m
  shows k + of_nat m - of_nat n = k + of_nat (m - n)
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_lt_ω[simp]: of_nat n < ω
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_ne_ω[simp]: of_nat n ≠ ω
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_less_hmset[simp]: (of_nat M :: hmultipiset) < of_nat N ↔ M < N
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_le_hmset[simp]: (of_nat M :: hmultipiset) ≤ of_nat N ↔ M ≤ N
⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_times_ω_exp: of_nat n * ω^m = HMSet (replicate_mset n m)
⟨proof⟩

lemma ω_exp_times_of_nat: ω^m * of_nat n = HMSet (replicate_mset n m)
⟨proof⟩

```

7.4 Embedding of Extended Natural Numbers

```

primrec hmset_of_enat :: enat ⇒ hmultipiset where
  hmset_of_enat (enat n) = of_nat n
  | hmset_of_enat ∞ = ω

lemma hmset_of_enat_0[simp]: hmset_of_enat 0 = 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_1[simp]: hmset_of_enat 1 = 1
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_of_nat[simp]: hmset_of_enat (of_nat n) = of_nat n
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_numeral[simp]: hmset_of_enat (numeral n) = numeral n
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_le_ω[simp]: hmset_of_enat n ≤ ω
⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_eq_ω_iff[simp]: hmset_of_enat n = ω ↔ n = ∞
⟨proof⟩

```

7.5 Head Omega

```

definition head_ω :: hmultipiset ⇒ hmultipiset where
  head_ω M = (if M = 0 then 0 else ω^(Max (set_mset (hmsetmset M)))))

lemma head_ω_subseq: hmsetmset (head_ω M) ⊆# hmsetmset M
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma head_ω_eq_0_iff[simp]: head_ω m = 0  $\longleftrightarrow$  m = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_0[simp]: head_ω 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_1[simp]: head_ω 1 = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_of_nat[simp]: head_ω (of_nat n) = (if n = 0 then 0 else 1)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_numerical[simp]: head_ω (numerical n) = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_ω[simp]: head_ω ω = ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma le_imp_head_ω_le:
  assumes m_le_n: m ≤ n
  shows head_ω m ≤ head_ω n
⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_lt_imp_lt: head_ω m < head_ω n  $\implies$  m < n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_plus[simp]: head_ω (m + n) = sup (head_ω m) (head_ω n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_ω_times[simp]: head_ω (m * n) = head_ω m * head_ω n
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.6 More Inequalities and Some Equalities

```

lemma zero_lt_ω[simp]: 0 < ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma one_lt_ω[simp]: 1 < ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma numeral_lt_ω[simp]: numeral n < ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma one_le_ω[simp]: 1 ≤ ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_le_ω[simp]: of_nat n ≤ ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma numeral_le_ω[simp]: numeral n ≤ ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_ω_lt_1[simp]:  $\neg \omega < 1$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_ω_lt_of_nat[simp]:  $\neg \omega < \text{of\_nat } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_ω_lt_numerical[simp]:  $\neg \omega < \text{numerical } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_ω_le_1[simp]:  $\neg \omega \leq 1$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma not_ω_le_of_nat[simp]:  $\neg \omega \leq \text{of\_nat } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma not_ω_le_numeral[simp]:  $\neg \omega \leq \text{numeral } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zero_ne_ω[simp]:  $0 \neq \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma one_ne_ω[simp]:  $1 \neq \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma numeral_ne_ω[simp]:  $\text{numeral } n \neq \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma
  ω_ne_0[simp]:  $\omega \neq 0$  and
  ω_ne_1[simp]:  $\omega \neq 1$  and
  ω_ne_of_nat[simp]:  $\omega \neq \text{of\_nat } m$  and
  ω_ne_numeral[simp]:  $\omega \neq \text{numeral } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma
  hmset_of_enat_inject[simp]:  $\text{hmset\_of\_enat } m = \text{hmset\_of\_enat } n \longleftrightarrow m = n$  and
  hmset_of_enat_less[simp]:  $\text{hmset\_of\_enat } m < \text{hmset\_of\_enat } n \longleftrightarrow m < n$  and
  hmset_of_enat_le[simp]:  $\text{hmset\_of\_enat } m \leq \text{hmset\_of\_enat } n \longleftrightarrow m \leq n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_ω_imp_ex_of_nat:
  assumes M_lt_ω:  $M < \omega$ 
  shows  $\exists n. M = \text{of\_nat } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma le_ω_imp_ex_hmset_of_enat:
  assumes M_le_ω:  $M \leq \omega$ 
  shows  $\exists n. M = \text{hmset\_of\_enat } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_ω_lt_ω_imp_times_lt_ω:  $M < \omega \implies N < \omega \implies M * N < \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma times_ω_minus_of_nat[simp]:  $m * \omega - \text{of\_nat } n = m * \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma times_ω_minus_numeral[simp]:  $m * \omega - \text{numeral } n = m * \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ω_minus_of_nat[simp]:  $\omega - \text{of\_nat } n = \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ω_minus_1[simp]:  $\omega - 1 = \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ω_minus_numeral[simp]:  $\omega - \text{numeral } n = \omega$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_minus_enat[simp]:  $\text{hmset\_of\_enat } (m - \text{enat } n) = \text{hmset\_of\_enat } m - \text{of\_nat } n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_lt_hmset_of_enat_iff:  $\text{of\_nat } m < \text{hmset\_of\_enat } n \longleftrightarrow \text{enat } m < n$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma of_nat_le_hmset_of_enat_iff: of_nat m ≤ hmset_of_enat n ↔ enat m ≤ n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_of_enat_lt_iff_ne_infinity: hmset_of_enat x < ω ↔ x ≠ ∞
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma minus_diff_sym_hmset: m - (m - n) = n - (n - m) for m n :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma diff_plus_sym_hmset: (c - b) + b = (b - c) + c for b c :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma times_diff_plus_sym_hmset: a * (c - b) + a * b = a * (b - c) + a * c for a b c :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma times_of_nat_minus_left:
  (of_nat m - of_nat n) * l = of_nat m * l - of_nat n * l for l :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma times_of_nat_minus_right:
  l * (of_nat m - of_nat n) = l * of_nat m - l * of_nat n for l :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_ω_imp_times_minus_left: m < ω ⇒ n < ω ⇒ (m - n) * l = m * l - n * l
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lt_ω_imp_times_minus_right: m < ω ⇒ n < ω ⇒ l * (m - n) = l * m - l * n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_pair_decompose:
  ∃ k n1 n2. m1 = k + n1 ∧ m2 = k + n2 ∧ (head_ω n1 ≠ head_ω n2 ∨ n1 = 0 ∧ n2 = 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_pair_decompose_less:
  assumes m1_lt_m2: m1 < m2
  shows ∃ k n1 n2. m1 = k + n1 ∧ m2 = k + n2 ∧ head_ω n1 < head_ω n2
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hmset_pair_decompose_less_eq:
  assumes m1 ≤ m2
  shows ∃ k n1 n2. m1 = k + n1 ∧ m2 = k + n2 ∧ (head_ω n1 < head_ω n2 ∨ n1 = 0 ∧ n2 = 0)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mono_cross_mult_less_hmset:
  fixes Aa A Ba B :: hmset
  assumes A_lt: A < Aa and B_lt: B < Ba
  shows A * Ba + B * Aa < A * B + Aa * Ba
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma triple_cross_mult_hmset:
  An * (Bn * Cn + Bp * Cp - (Bn * Cp + Cn * Bp))
  + (Cn * (An * Bp + Bn * Ap - (An * Bn + Ap * Bp)))
  + (Ap * (Bn * Cp + Cn * Bp - (Bn * Cn + Bp * Cp)))
  + Cp * (An * Bn + Ap * Bp - (An * Bp + Bn * Ap))) =
  An * (Bn * Cp + Cn * Bp - (Bn * Cn + Bp * Cp))
  + (Cn * (An * Bn + Ap * Bp - (An * Bp + Bn * Ap)))
  + (Ap * (Bn * Cn + Bp * Cp - (Bn * Cp + Cn * Bp)))
  + Cp * (An * Bp + Bn * Ap - (An * Bn + Ap * Bp)))
  for Ap An Bp Bn Cp Cn Dp Dn :: hmset
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.7 Conversions to Natural Numbers

definition offset_hmset :: hmset ⇒ nat **where**

```

offset_hmset M = count (hmsetmset M) 0

lemma offset_hmset_of_nat[simp]: offset_hmset (of_nat n) = n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma offset_hmset_numeral[simp]: offset_hmset (numeral n) = numeral n
  ⟨proof⟩

definition sum_coefs :: hmultipiset ⇒ nat where
  sum_coefs M = size (hmsetmset M)

lemma sum_coefs_distrib_plus[simp]: sum_coefs (M + N) = sum_coefs M + sum_coefs N
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma sum_coefs_gt_0: sum_coefs M > 0 ↔ M > 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.8 An Example

The following proof is based on an informal proof by Uwe Waldmann, inspired by a similar argument by Michel Ludwig.

```

lemma ludwig_waldmann_less:
  fixes α1 α2 β1 β2 γ δ :: hmultipiset
  assumes
    αβ2γ_lt_αβ1γ: α2 + β2 * γ < α1 + β1 * γ and
    β2_le_β1: β2 ≤ β1 and
    γ_lt_δ: γ < δ
  shows α2 + β2 * δ < α1 + β1 * δ
  ⟨proof⟩
end

```

8 Signed Syntactic Ordinals in Cantor Normal Form

```

theory Signed_Syntactic_Ordinal
imports Signed_Hereditary_Multipiset_Syntactic_Ordinal
begin

```

8.1 Natural (Hessenberg) Product

```

instantiation zhmultipiset :: comm_ring_1
begin

abbreviation ω_z_exp :: hmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset (ω_z ^) where
  ω_z ^ ≡ λm. ZHMSet {#m#}_z

lift-definition one_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset is {#0#}_z ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation ω_z :: zhmultipiset where
  ω_z ≡ ω_z ^1

lemma ω_z_as_ω: ω_z = zhmset_of ω
  ⟨proof⟩

lift-definition times_zhmultipiset :: zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset ⇒ zhmultipiset is
  λM N.
    zmset_of (hmsetmset (HMSet (mset_pos M) * HMSet (mset_pos N)))
    - zmset_of (hmsetmset (HMSet (mset_pos M) * HMSet (mset_neg N)))
    + zmset_of (hmsetmset (HMSet (mset_neg M) * HMSet (mset_neg N)))
    - zmset_of (hmsetmset (HMSet (mset_neg M) * HMSet (mset_pos N))) ⟨proof⟩

lemmas zhmsetmset_times = times_zhmultipiset.rep_eq

```

```

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma zhmset_of_1: zhmset_of 1 = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_times: zhmset_of (A * B) = zhmset_of A * zhmset_of B
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_prod_list:
  zhmset_of (prod_list Ms) = prod_list (map zhmset_of Ms)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.2 Embedding of Natural Numbers

```

lemma of_nat_zhmset: of_nat n = zhmset_of (of_nat n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_inject_zhmset[simp]: (of_nat m :: zhmultipiset) = of_nat n ↔ m = n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma plus_of_nat_plus_of_nat_zhmset:
  k + of_nat m + of_nat n = k + of_nat (m + n) for k :: zhmultipiset
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma plus_of_nat_minus_of_nat_zhmset:
  fixes k :: zhmultipiset
  assumes n ≤ m
  shows k + of_nat m - of_nat n = k + of_nat (m - n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_lt_ωz[simp]: of_nat n < ωz
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma of_nat_ne_ωz[simp]: of_nat n ≠ ωz
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.3 Embedding of Extended Natural Numbers

```

primrec zhmset_of_enat :: enat ⇒ zhmultipiset where
  zhmset_of_enat (enat n) = of_nat n
  | zhmset_of_enat ∞ = ωz

lemma zhmset_of_enat_0[simp]: zhmset_of_enat 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_enat_1[simp]: zhmset_of_enat 1 = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_enat_of_nat[simp]: zhmset_of_enat (of_nat n) = of_nat n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_enat_numeral[simp]: zhmset_of_enat (numeral n) = numeral n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_enat_le_ωz[simp]: zhmset_of_enat n ≤ ωz
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_enat_eq_ωz_iff[simp]: zhmset_of_enat n = ωz ↔ n = ∞
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.4 Inequalities and Some (Dis)equalities

```

instance zhmultiset :: zero_less_one
  ⟨proof⟩

instantiation zhmultiset :: linordered_idom
begin

definition sgn_zhmultiset :: zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset where
  sgn_zhmultiset M = (if M = 0 then 0 else if M > 0 then 1 else -1)

definition abs_zhmultiset :: zhmultiset ⇒ zhmultiset where
  abs_zhmultiset M = (if M < 0 then -M else M)

lemma gt_0_times_gt_0_imp:
  fixes a b :: zhmultiset
  assumes a_gt0: a > 0 and b_gt0: b > 0
  shows a * b > 0
  ⟨proof⟩

instance
⟨proof⟩

end

lemma le_zhmset_of_pos: M ≤ zhmset_of (hmset_pos M)
⟨proof⟩

lemma minus_zhmset_of_pos_le: - zhmset_of (hmset_neg M) ≤ M
⟨proof⟩

lemma zhmset_of_nonneg[simp]: zhmset_of M ≥ 0
⟨proof⟩

lemma
  fixes n :: zhmultiset
  assumes 0 ≤ m
  shows
    le_add1_hmset: n ≤ n + m and
    le_add2_hmset: n ≤ m + n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_iff_add1_le_zhmset: m < n ↔ m + 1 ≤ n for m n :: zhmultiset
⟨proof⟩

lemma gt_0_lt_mult_gt_1_zhmset:
  fixes m n :: zhmultiset
  assumes m > 0 and n > 1
  shows m < m * n
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma zero_less_iff_1_le_zhmset: 0 < n ↔ 1 ≤ n for n :: zhmultiset
⟨proof⟩

lemma less_add_1_iff_le_hmset: m < n + 1 ↔ m ≤ n for m n :: zhmultiset
⟨proof⟩

lemma nonneg_le_mult_right_mono_zhmset:
  fixes x y z :: zhmultiset
  assumes x: 0 ≤ x and y: 0 < y and z: x ≤ z
  shows x ≤ y * z
  ⟨proof⟩

instance hmultipset :: ordered_cancel_comm_semiring

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

instance *hmultiset* :: *linordered_semiring_1_strict*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

instance *hmultiset* :: *bounded_lattice_bot*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

instance *hmultiset* :: *zero_less_one*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

instance *hmultiset* :: *linordered_nonzero_semiring*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

instance *hmultiset* :: *semiring_no_zero_divisors*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zero_lt_* ω_z [simp]: $0 < \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *one_lt_* ω [simp]: $1 < \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *numeral_lt_* ω_z [simp]: *numeral n* $< \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *one_le_* ω_z [simp]: $1 \leq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *of_nat_le_* ω_z [simp]: *of_nat n* $\leq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *numeral_le_* ω_z [simp]: *numeral n* $\leq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_lt_*1[simp]: $\neg \omega_z < 1$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_lt_of_nat*[simp]: $\neg \omega_z < \text{of_nat } n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_lt_numeral*[simp]: $\neg \omega_z < \text{numeral } n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_le_*1[simp]: $\neg \omega_z \leq 1$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_le_of_nat*[simp]: $\neg \omega_z \leq \text{of_nat } n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *not_* ω_z *_le_numeral*[simp]: $\neg \omega_z \leq \text{numeral } n$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *zero_ne_* ω_z [simp]: $0 \neq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *one_ne_* ω_z [simp]: $1 \neq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *numeral_ne_* ω_z [simp]: *numeral n* $\neq \omega_z$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma

```

 $\omega_z \neq 0$  [simp]:  $\omega_z \neq 0$  and  

 $\omega_z \neq 1$  [simp]:  $\omega_z \neq 1$  and  

 $\omega_z \neq \text{of\_nat } m$  [simp]:  $\omega_z \neq \text{of\_nat } m$  and  

 $\omega_z \neq \text{numeral } n$  [simp]:  $\omega_z \neq \text{numeral } n$   

⟨proof⟩

lemma  

 $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat\_inject}$  [simp]:  $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat } m = \text{zhmset\_of\_enat } n \leftrightarrow m = n$  and  

 $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat\_lt\_iff\_lt}$  [simp]:  $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat } m < \text{zhmset\_of\_enat } n \leftrightarrow m < n$  and  

 $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat\_le\_iff\_le}$  [simp]:  $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat } m \leq \text{zhmset\_of\_enat } n \leftrightarrow m \leq n$   

⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{of\_nat\_lt\_zhmset\_of\_enat\_iff}$ :  $\text{of\_nat } m < \text{zhmset\_of\_enat } n \leftrightarrow \text{enat } m < n$   

⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{of\_nat\_le\_zhmset\_of\_enat\_iff}$ :  $\text{of\_nat } m \leq \text{zhmset\_of\_enat } n \leftrightarrow \text{enat } m \leq n$   

⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat\_lt\_iff\_ne\_infinity}$ :  $\text{zhmset\_of\_enat } x < \omega_z \leftrightarrow x \neq \infty$   

⟨proof⟩

```

8.5 An Example

A new proof of $\llbracket ?\alpha_2.0 + ?\beta_2.0 * ?\gamma < ?\alpha_1.0 + ?\beta_1.0 * ?\gamma; ?\beta_2.0 \leq ?\beta_1.0; ?\gamma < ?\delta \rrbracket \implies ?\alpha_2.0 + ?\beta_2.0 * ?\delta < ?\alpha_1.0 + ?\beta_1.0 * ?\delta$:

```

lemma  

  fixes  $\alpha_1 \alpha_2 \beta_1 \beta_2 \gamma \delta :: \text{hmultipiset}$   

  assumes  

     $\alpha_2 \gamma \text{lt } \alpha_1 \gamma: \alpha_2 + \beta_2 * \gamma < \alpha_1 + \beta_1 * \gamma$  and  

     $\beta_2 \text{le } \beta_1: \beta_2 \leq \beta_1$  and  

     $\gamma \text{lt } \delta: \gamma < \delta$   

  shows  $\alpha_2 + \beta_2 * \delta < \alpha_1 + \beta_1 * \delta$   

⟨proof⟩

```

end

```

theory Syntactic_Ordinal_Bridge
imports HOL-Library.Sublist Ordinal.OrdinalOmega Syntactic_Ordinal
abbrevs
  ! $h = h$ 
begin

```

9 Bridge between Huffman's Ordinal Library and the Syntactic Ordinals

9.1 Missing Lemmas about Huffman's Ordinals

```

instantiation ordinal :: order_bot
begin

definition bot_ordinal :: ordinal where
  bot_ordinal = 0

instance
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma insort_bot [simp]:  $\text{insort } \text{bot } xs = \text{bot} \# xs$  for  $xs :: 'a :: \{\text{order\_bot}, \text{linorder}\} \text{ list}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemmas insort_0_ordinal[simp] = insort_bot[of xs :: ordinal list for xs, unfolded bot_ordinal_def]

lemma from_cnf_less_omega_exp:
  assumes "k ∈ set ks. k < l"
  shows "from_cnf ks < ω ** l"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma from_cnf_0_iff[simp]: "from_cnf ks = 0 ↔ ks = []"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma from_cnf_append[simp]: "from_cnf (ks @ ls) = from_cnf ks + from_cnf ls"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma subseq_from_cnf_less_eq: "Sublist.subseq ks ls ⇒ from_cnf ks ≤ from_cnf ls"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

9.2 Embedding of Syntactic Ordinals into Huffman's Ordinals

```

abbreviation ω_h :: hmset where
  ω_h ≡ Syntactic_Ordinal.ω

abbreviation ω_h_exp :: hmset ⇒ hmset (ω_h ^) where
  ω_h ^ ≡ Syntactic_Ordinal.ω_exp

primrec ordinal_of_hmset :: hmset ⇒ ordinal where
  "ordinal_of_hmset (HMSet M) = from_cnf (rev (sorted_list_of_multiset (image_mset ordinal_of_hmset M)))"

```

```

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_0[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset 0 = 0"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_suc[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset (k + 1) = ordinal_of_hmset k + 1"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_1[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset 1 = 1"
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_omega[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset ω_h = ω"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_singleton[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset (ω ^ k) = ω ** ordinal_of_hmset k"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_iff[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset k = 0 ↔ k = 0"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma less_imp_ordinal_of_hmset_less: "k < l ⇒ ordinal_of_hmset k < ordinal_of_hmset l"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ordinal_of_hmset_less[simp]: "ordinal_of_hmset k < ordinal_of_hmset l ↔ k < l"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

end

```

10 Termination of McCarthy's 91 Function

```

theory McCarthy_91
imports HOL-Library.Multiset_Order
begin

```

```

lemma funpow_rec: "f ^ n = (if n = 0 then id else f ∘ f ^ (n - 1))"
  ⟨proof⟩

```

The f function captures the semantics of McCarthy's 91 function. The g function is a tail-recursive implementation of the function, whose termination is established using the multiset order. The definitions follow Dershowitz and Manna.

```

definition f :: int  $\Rightarrow$  int where
  f x = (if x > 100 then x - 10 else 91)

definition  $\tau$  :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  int multiset where
   $\tau$  n z = mset (map ( $\lambda i$ . (f  $\wedge$  nat i) z) [0..int n - 1])

function g :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  int  $\Rightarrow$  int where
  g n z = (if n = 0 then z else if z > 100 then g (n - 1) (z - 10) else g (n + 1) (z + 11))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 
termination
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

declare g.simps [simp del]

end

```

11 Termination of the Hydra Battle

```

theory Hydra_Battle
imports Syntactic_Ordinal
begin

```

```
  hide-const (open) Nil Cons
```

The h function and its auxiliaries f and d represent the hydra battle. The $encode$ function converts a hydra (represented as a Lisp-like tree) to a syntactic ordinal. The definitions follow Dershowitz and Moser.

```

datatype lisp =
  Nil
  | Cons (car: lisp) (cdr: lisp)
where
  car Nil = Nil
  | cdr Nil = Nil

primrec encode :: lisp  $\Rightarrow$  hmultipset where
  encode Nil = 0
  | encode (Cons l r) =  $\omega \wedge$ (encode l) + encode r

primrec f :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  lisp  $\Rightarrow$  lisp  $\Rightarrow$  lisp where
  f 0 y x = x
  | f (Suc m) y x = Cons y (f m y x)

lemma encode_f: encode (f n y x) = of_nat n *  $\omega \wedge$ (encode y) + encode x
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

function d :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  lisp  $\Rightarrow$  lisp where
  d n x =
    (if car x = Nil then cdr x
     else if car (car x) = Nil then f n (cdr (car x)) (cdr x)
     else Cons (d n (car x)) (cdr x))
     $\langle proof \rangle$ 
termination
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

declare d.simps[simp del]

```

```

function h :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  lisp  $\Rightarrow$  lisp where
  h n x = (if x = Nil then Nil else h (n + 1) (d n x))
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 
termination

```

```
<proof>
```

```
declare h.simps[simp del]
```

```
end
```

12 Termination of the Goodstein Sequence

```
theory Goodstein_Sequence
imports Multiset_More_Syntactic_Ordinal
begin
```

The *goodstein* function returns the successive values of the Goodstein sequence. It is defined in terms of *encode* and *decode* functions, which convert between natural numbers and ordinals. The development culminates with a proof of Goodstein's theorem.

12.1 Lemmas about Division

```
lemma div_mult_le: m div n * n ≤ m for m n :: nat
<proof>
```

```
lemma power_div_same_base:
  b ^ y ≠ 0 ⇒ x ≥ y ⇒ b ^ x div b ^ y = b ^ (x - y) for b :: 'a::semidom_divide
<proof>
```

12.2 Hereditary and Nonhereditary Base-*n* Systems

```
context
```

```
  fixes base :: nat
  assumes base_ge_2: base ≥ 2
begin
```

```
inductive well_base :: 'a multiset ⇒ bool where
  (forall n. count M n < base) ⇒ well_base M
```

```
lemma well_base_filter: well_base M ⇒ well_base {#m ∈ # M. p m#}
<proof>
```

```
lemma well_base_image_inj: well_base M ⇒ inj_on f (set_mset M) ⇒ well_base (image_mset f M)
<proof>
```

```
lemma well_base_bound:
  assumes
    well_base M and
    ∀ m ∈ # M. m < n
  shows (∑ m ∈ # M. base ^ m) < base ^ n
<proof>
```

```
inductive well_base_h :: hmsetmultiset ⇒ bool where
  (forall N ∈ # hmsetmultiset M. well_base_h N) ⇒ well_base (hmsetmultiset M) ⇒ well_base_h M
```

```
lemma well_base_h_mono_hmset: well_base_h M ⇒ hmsetmultiset N ⊆ # hmsetmultiset M ⇒ well_base_h N
<proof>
```

```
lemma well_base_h_imp_well_base: well_base_h M ⇒ well_base (hmsetmultiset M)
<proof>
```

12.3 Encoding of Natural Numbers into Ordinals

```
function encode :: nat ⇒ nat ⇒ hmsetmultiset where
  encode e n =
    (if n = 0 then 0 else of_nat (n mod base) * ω ^ (encode 0 e) + encode (e + 1) (n div base))
<proof>
```

```

termination
  ⟨proof⟩

declare encode.simps[simp del]

lemma encode_0[simp]: encode e 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma encode_Suc:
  encode e (Suc n) = of_nat (Suc n mod base) * ω ^ (encode 0 e) + encode (e + 1) (Suc n div base)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma encode_0_iff: encode e n = 0 ↔ n = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma encode_Suc_exp: encode (Suc e) n = encode e (base * n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma encode_exp_0: encode e n = encode 0 (base ^ e * n)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma mem_hmsetmset_encodeD: M ∈# hmsetmset (encode e n) ⇒ ∃ e' ≥ e. M = encode 0 e'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma less_imp_encode_less: n < p ⇒ encode e n < encode e p
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive aligned_e :: nat ⇒ hmsetmset ⇒ bool where
  (∀ m ∈# hmsetmset M. m ≥ encode 0 e) ⇒ aligned_e e M

lemma aligned_e_encode: aligned_e e (encode e M)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma well_baseh_encode: well_baseh (encode e n)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

12.4 Decoding of Natural Numbers from Ordinals

```

primrec decode :: nat ⇒ hmsetmset ⇒ nat where
  decode e (HMSetset M) = (Σ m ∈# M. base ^ decode 0 m) div base ^ e

lemma decode_unfold: decode e M = (Σ m ∈# hmsetmset M. base ^ decode 0 m) div base ^ e
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma decode_0[simp]: decode e 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive aligned_d :: nat ⇒ hmsetmset ⇒ bool where
  (∀ m ∈# hmsetmset M. decode 0 m ≥ e) ⇒ aligned_d e M

lemma aligned_d_0[simp]: aligned_d 0 M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma aligned_d_mono_exp_Suc: aligned_d (Suc e) M ⇒ aligned_d e M
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma aligned_d_mono_hmset:
  assumes aligned_d e M and hmsetmset M' ⊆# hmsetmset M
  shows aligned_d e M'
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma decode_exp_shift_Suc:
  assumes align_d: aligned_d (Suc e) M
  shows decode e M = base * decode (Suc e) M

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma decode_exp_shift:  
  assumes alignedd e M  
  shows decode 0 M = base ^ e * decode e M  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma decode_plus:  
  assumes aligndd M: alignedd e M  
  shows decode e (M + N) = decode e M + decode e N  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma less_imp_decode_less:  
  assumes  
    well_baseh M and  
    alignedd e M and  
    alignedd e N and  
    M < N  
  shows decode e M < decode e N  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma inj_decode: inj_on (decode e) {M. well_baseh M ∧ alignedd e M}  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma decode_0_iff: well_baseh M ⇒ alignedd e M ⇒ decode e M = 0 ↔ M = 0  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma decode_encode: decode e (encode e n) = n  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma encode_decode_exp_0: well_baseh M ⇒ encode 0 (decode 0 M) = M  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

end

```
lemma well_baseh_mono_base:  
  assumes  
    wellh: well_baseh base M and  
    two: 2 ≤ base and  
    bases: base ≤ base'  
  shows well_baseh base' M  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

12.5 The Goodstein Sequence and Goodstein's Theorem

```
context  
  fixes start :: nat  
begin
```

```
primrec goodstein :: nat ⇒ nat where  
  goodstein 0 = start  
  | goodstein (Suc i) = decode (i + 3) 0 (encode (i + 2) 0 (goodstein i)) - 1
```

```
lemma goodstein_step:  
  assumes gi_gt_0: goodstein i > 0  
  shows encode (i + 2) 0 (goodstein i) > encode (i + 3) 0 (goodstein (i + 1))  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
theorem goodsteins_theorem: ∃ i. goodstein i = 0  
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

end

end

13 Towards Decidability of Behavioral Equivalence for Unary PCF

```
theory Unary_PCF
imports
  HOL-Library.FSet
  HOL-Library.Countable_Set_Type
  HOL-Library.Nat_Bijection
  Hereditary_Multiset
  List-Index.List_Index
begin
```

13.1 Preliminaries

```
lemma prod_UNIV: UNIV = UNIV × UNIV
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma infinite_cartesian_productI1: infinite A ==> B ≠ {} ==> infinite (A × B)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

13.2 Types

```
datatype type = B (B) | Fun type type (infixr → 65)
```

```
definition mk_fun (infixr →→ 65) where
  Ts →→ T = fold (→) (rev Ts) T
```

```
primrec dest_fun where
  dest_fun B = []
  | dest_fun (T → U) = T # dest_fun U
```

```
definition arity where
  arity T = length (dest_fun T)
```

```
lemma mk_fun_dest_fun[simp]: dest_fun T →→ B = T
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma dest_fun_mk_fun[simp]: dest_fun (Ts →→ T) = Ts @ dest_fun T
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
primrec δ where
  δ B = HMSet {#}
  | δ (T → U) = HMSet (add_mset (δ T) (hmsetmset (δ U)))
```

```
lemma δ_mk_fun: δ (Ts →→ T) = HMSet (hmsetmset (δ T) + mset (map δ Ts))
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma type_induct [case_names Fun]:
  assumes
    (¬ T. (¬ T1 T2. T = T1 → T2 ==> P T1) ==>
     (¬ T1 T2. T = T1 → T2 ==> P T2) ==> P T)
  shows P T
  ⟨proof⟩
```

13.3 Terms

```
type-synonym name = string
type-synonym idx = nat
datatype expr =
  Var name * type (⟨_⟩) | Bound idx | B bool
  | Seq expr expr (infixr ? 75) | App expr expr (infixl · 75)
  | Abs type expr (Λ⟨_⟩ _ [100, 100] 800)

declare [[coercion_enabled]]
declare [[coercion B]]
```

```

declare [[coercion Bound]]

notation (output) B (_)
notation (output) Bound (_)

primrec open :: idx  $\Rightarrow$  expr  $\Rightarrow$  expr  $\Rightarrow$  expr where
  | open i t (j :: idx) = (if i = j then t else j)
  | open i t  $\langle yU \rangle$  =  $\langle yU \rangle$ 
  | open i t (b :: bool) = b
  | open i t (e1 ? e2) = open i t e1 ? open i t e2
  | open i t (e1 · e2) = open i t e1 · open i t e2
  | open i t ( $\Lambda\langle U \rangle e$ ) =  $\Lambda\langle U \rangle$  (open (i + 1) t e)

abbreviation open0  $\equiv$  open 0
abbreviation open_Var i xT  $\equiv$  open i  $\langle xT \rangle$ 
abbreviation open0_Var xT  $\equiv$  open 0  $\langle xT \rangle$ 

primrec close_Var :: idx  $\Rightarrow$  name  $\times$  type  $\Rightarrow$  expr  $\Rightarrow$  expr where
  | close_Var i xT (j :: idx) = j
  | close_Var i xT  $\langle yU \rangle$  = (if xT = yU then i else yU)
  | close_Var i xT (b :: bool) = b
  | close_Var i xT (e1 ? e2) = close_Var i xT e1 ? close_Var i xT e2
  | close_Var i xT (e1 · e2) = close_Var i xT e1 · close_Var i xT e2
  | close_Var i xT ( $\Lambda\langle U \rangle e$ ) =  $\Lambda\langle U \rangle$  (close_Var (i + 1) xT e)

abbreviation close0_Var  $\equiv$  close_Var 0

primrec fv :: expr  $\Rightarrow$  (name  $\times$  type) fset where
  | fv (j :: idx) = {||}
  | fv  $\langle yU \rangle$  = {|| $yU$ |}
  | fv (b :: bool) = {||}
  | fv (e1 ? e2) = fv e1  $\cup$  fv e2
  | fv (e1 · e2) = fv e1  $\cup$  fv e2
  | fv ( $\Lambda\langle U \rangle e$ ) = fv e

abbreviation fresh x e  $\equiv$  x  $\notin$  fv e

lemma ex_fresh:  $\exists x.$  (x :: char list, T)  $\notin$  A
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

inductive lc where
  | lc_Var[simp]: lc  $\langle xT \rangle$ 
  | lc_B[simp]: lc (b :: bool)
  | lc_Seq: lc e1  $\implies$  lc e2  $\implies$  lc (e1 ? e2)
  | lc_App: lc e1  $\implies$  lc e2  $\implies$  lc (e1 · e2)
  | lc_Abs:  $(\forall x.$  (x, T)  $\notin$  X  $\longrightarrow$  lc (open0_Var (x, T) e))  $\implies$  lc ( $\Lambda\langle T \rangle e$ )

declare lc.intros[intro]

definition body T t  $\equiv$   $(\exists X.$   $\forall x.$  (x, T)  $\notin$  X  $\longrightarrow$  lc (open0_Var (x, T) t))

lemma lc_Abs_iff_body: lc ( $\Lambda\langle T \rangle t$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  body T t
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma fv_open_Var: fresh xT t  $\implies$  fv (open_Var i xT t)  $\subseteq$  finsert xT (fv t)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma fv_close_Var[simp]: fv (close_Var i xT t) = fv t  $\setminus$  { $|xT|$ }
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma close_Var_open_Var[simp]: fresh xT t  $\implies$  close_Var i xT (open_Var i xT t) = t
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma open_Var_inj: fresh xT t ==> fresh xT u ==> open_Var i xT t = open_Var i xT u ==> t = u
  <proof>

context begin

private lemma open_Var_open_Var_close_Var: i ≠ j ==> xT ≠ yU ==> fresh yU t ==>
  open_Var i yU (open_Var j zV (close_Var j xT t)) = open_Var j zV (close_Var j xT (open_Var i yU t))
  <proof>

lemma open_Var_close_Var[simp]: lc t ==> open_Var i xT (close_Var i xT t) = t
  <proof>

end

lemma close_Var_inj: lc t ==> lc u ==> close_Var i xT t = close_Var i xT u ==> t = u
  <proof>

primrec Apps (infixl · 75) where
  f · [] = f
  | f · (x # xs) = f · x · xs

lemma Apps_snoc: f · (xs @ [x]) = f · xs · x
  <proof>

lemma Apps_append: f · (xs @ ys) = f · xs · ys
  <proof>

lemma Apps_inj[simp]: f · ts = g · ts  $\longleftrightarrow$  f = g
  <proof>

lemma eq_Apps_conv[simp]:
  fixes i :: idx and b :: bool and f :: expr and ts :: expr list
  shows
    ( $\langle m \rangle = f \cdot ts$ ) = ( $\langle m \rangle = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $f \cdot ts = \langle m \rangle$ ) = ( $\langle m \rangle = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $i = f \cdot ts$ ) = ( $i = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $f \cdot ts = i$ ) = ( $i = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $b = f \cdot ts$ ) = ( $b = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $f \cdot ts = b$ ) = ( $b = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $e1 ? e2 = f \cdot ts$ ) = ( $e1 ? e2 = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $f \cdot ts = e1 ? e2$ ) = ( $e1 ? e2 = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $\Lambda\langle T \rangle t = f \cdot ts$ ) = ( $\Lambda\langle T \rangle t = f \wedge ts = []$ )
    ( $f \cdot ts = \Lambda\langle T \rangle t$ ) = ( $\Lambda\langle T \rangle t = f \wedge ts = []$ )
  <proof>

lemma Apps_Var_eq[simp]:  $\langle xT \rangle \cdot ss = \langle yU \rangle \cdot ts \longleftrightarrow xT = yU \wedge ss = ts$ 
  <proof>

lemma Apps_Abs_neq_Apps[simp, symmetric, simp]:
   $\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot t \neq \langle xT \rangle \cdot ss$ 
   $\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot t \neq (i :: idx) \cdot ss$ 
   $\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot t \neq (b :: bool) \cdot ss$ 
   $\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot t \neq (e1 ? e2) \cdot ss$ 
  <proof>

lemma App_Abs_eq_Apps_Abs[simp]:  $\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot t = \Lambda\langle T' \rangle r' \cdot ss \longleftrightarrow T = T' \wedge r = r' \wedge ss = [t]$ 
  <proof>

lemma Apps_Var_neq_Apps_Abs[simp, symmetric, simp]:  $\langle xT \rangle \cdot ss \neq \Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot ts$ 
  <proof>

lemma Apps_Var_neq_Apps_beta[simp, THEN not_sym, simp]:
   $\langle xT \rangle \cdot ss \neq \Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot s \cdot ts$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma [simp]:

$$(\Lambda\langle T \rangle r \cdot ts = \Lambda\langle T' \rangle r' \cdot s' \cdot ts') = (T = T' \wedge r = r' \wedge ts = s' \# ts')$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma fold_eq_Bool_iff[simp]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{fold } (\rightarrow) (\text{rev } Ts) T = \mathcal{B} \longleftrightarrow Ts = [] \wedge T = \mathcal{B} \\ & \mathcal{B} = \text{fold } (\rightarrow) (\text{rev } Ts) T \longleftrightarrow Ts = [] \wedge T = \mathcal{B} \end{aligned}$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma fold_eq_Fun_iff[simp]:

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{fold } (\rightarrow) (\text{rev } Ts) T = U \rightarrow V \longleftrightarrow \\ & (Ts = [] \wedge T = U \rightarrow V \vee (\exists Us. Ts = U \# Us \wedge \text{fold } (\rightarrow) (\text{rev } Us) T = V)) \end{aligned}$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

13.4 Substitution

primrec subst **where**

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{subst } xT t \langle yU \rangle = (\text{if } xT = yU \text{ then } t \text{ else } \langle yU \rangle) \\ | & \text{subst } xT t (i :: idx) = i \\ | & \text{subst } xT t (b :: bool) = b \\ | & \text{subst } xT t (e1 ? e2) = \text{subst } xT t e1 ? \text{subst } xT t e2 \\ | & \text{subst } xT t (e1 \cdot e2) = \text{subst } xT t e1 \cdot \text{subst } xT t e2 \\ | & \text{subst } xT t (\Lambda\langle T \rangle e) = \Lambda\langle T \rangle (\text{subst } xT t e) \end{aligned}$$

lemma fv_subst:

$$fv (\text{subst } xT t u) = fv u |- \{|xT|\} | \cup | (\text{if } xT \in| fv u \text{ then } fv t \text{ else } \{\})$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma subst_fresh: $\text{fresh } xT u \implies \text{subst } xT t u = u$

$\langle proof \rangle$

context begin

private lemma open_open_id: $i \neq j \implies \text{open } i t (\text{open } j t' u) = \text{open } j t' u \implies \text{open } i t u = u$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma lc_open_id: $lc u \implies \text{open } k t u = u$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma subst_open: $lc u \implies \text{subst } xT u (\text{open } i t v) = \text{open } i (\text{subst } xT u t) (\text{subst } xT u v)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma subst_open_Var:

$$xT \neq yU \implies lc u \implies \text{subst } xT u (\text{open}_\text{Var} i yU v) = \text{open}_\text{Var} i yU (\text{subst } xT u v)$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma subst_Apps[simp]:

$$\text{subst } xT u (f \cdot xs) = \text{subst } xT u f \cdot \text{map } (\text{subst } xT u) xs$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

context begin

private lemma fresh_close_Var_id: $\text{fresh } xT t \implies \text{close}_\text{Var} k xT t = t$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma subst_close_Var:

$$xT \neq yU \implies \text{fresh } yU u \implies \text{subst } xT u (\text{close}_\text{Var} i yU t) = \text{close}_\text{Var} i yU (\text{subst } xT u t)$$

$\langle proof \rangle$

end

```
lemma subst_intro: fresh xT t  $\implies$  lc u  $\implies$  open0 u t = subst xT u (open0_Var xT t)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lc_subst[simp]: lc u  $\implies$  lc t  $\implies$  lc (subst xT t u)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma body_subst[simp]: body U u  $\implies$  lc t  $\implies$  body U (subst xT t u)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lc_open_Var: lc u  $\implies$  lc (open_Var i xT u)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lc_open[simp]: body U u  $\implies$  lc t  $\implies$  lc (open0 t u)
⟨proof⟩
```

13.5 Typing

```
inductive welltyped :: expr  $\Rightarrow$  type  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix :::: 60) where
| welltyped_Var[intro!]:  $\langle(x, T)\rangle$  :::: T
| welltyped_B[intro!]:  $(b :: \text{bool})$  :::: B
| welltyped_Seq[intro!]:  $e1 :: \mathcal{B} \implies e2 :: \mathcal{B} \implies e1 ? e2 :: \mathcal{B}$ 
| welltyped_App[intro]:  $e1 :: T \rightarrow U \implies e2 :: T \implies e1 \cdot e2 :: U$ 
| welltyped_Abs[intro]:  $(\forall x. (x, T) | \notin X \longrightarrow \text{open0\_Var}(x, T) e :: U) \implies \Lambda\langle T \rangle e :: T \rightarrow U$ 
```

```
inductive-cases welltypedE[elim!]:
```

```
 $\langle x \rangle :::: T$ 
 $(i :: \text{idx}) :::: T$ 
 $(b :: \text{bool}) :::: T$ 
 $e1 ? e2 :::: T$ 
 $e1 \cdot e2 :::: T$ 
 $\Lambda\langle T \rangle e :::: U$ 
```

```
lemma welltyped_unique: t :::: T  $\implies$  t :::: U  $\implies$  T = U
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma welltyped_lc[simp]: t :::: T  $\implies$  lc t
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma welltyped_subst[intro]:
 $u :::: U \implies t :::: \text{snd } xT \implies \text{subst } xT t u :::: U$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma rename_welltyped: u :::: U  $\implies$  subst (x, T)  $\langle(y, T)\rangle$  u :::: U
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma welltyped_Abs_fresh:
assumes fresh (x, T) u open0_Var (x, T) u :::: U
shows  $\Lambda\langle T \rangle u :::: T \rightarrow U$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma Apps_alt: f  $\cdot$  ts :::: T  $\longleftrightarrow$ 
 $(\exists Ts. f :::: \text{fold } (\rightarrow) (\text{rev } Ts) T \wedge \text{list\_all2 } (\text{:::}) ts Ts)$ 
⟨proof⟩
```

13.6 Definition 10 and Lemma 11 from Schmidt-Schauß's paper

```
abbreviation closed t  $\equiv$  fv t = {||}
```

```
primrec constant0 where
| constant0 B = Var ("bool", B)
| constant0 (T  $\rightarrow$  U) =  $\Lambda\langle T \rangle (\text{constant0 } U)$ 
```

```
definition constant T =  $\Lambda\langle B \rangle (\text{close0\_Var } ("bool", B) (\text{constant0 } T))$ 
```

```

lemma fv_constant0[simp]: fv (constant0 T) = {|("bool", B)|}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma closed_constant[simp]: closed (constant T)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma welltyped_constant0[simp]: constant0 T ::: T
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lc_constant0[simp]: lc (constant0 T)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma welltyped_constant[simp]: constant T ::: B → T
  ⟨proof⟩

definition nth_drop where
  nth_drop i xs ≡ take i xs @ drop (Suc i) xs

definition nth_arg (infixl !– 100) where
  nth_arg T i ≡ nth (dest_fun T) i

abbreviation ar where
  ar T ≡ length (dest_fun T)

lemma size_nth_arg[simp]: i < ar T ⇒ size (T !– i) < size T
  ⟨proof⟩

fun π :: type ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ type where
  π T i 0 = (if i < ar T then nth_drop i (dest_fun T) →→ B else B)
  | π T i (Suc j) = (if i < ar T ∧ j < ar (T!–i)
    then π (T!–i) j 0 →
    map (π (T!–i) j o Suc) [0 ..< ar (T!–i!–j)] →→ π T i 0 else B)

theorem π_induct[rotated –2, consumes 2, case_names 0 Suc]:
  assumes ⋀ T i. i < ar T ⇒ P T i 0
  and ⋀ T i j. i < ar T ⇒ j < ar (T !– i) ⇒ P (T !– i) j 0 ⇒
    (⋀ x < ar (T !– i !– j). P (T !– i) j (x + 1)) ⇒ P T i (j + 1)
  shows i < ar T ⇒ j ≤ ar (T !– i) ⇒ P T i j
  ⟨proof⟩

definition ε :: type ⇒ nat ⇒ type where
  ε T i = π T i 0 → map (π T i o Suc) [0 ..< ar (T!–i)] →→ T

definition Abss (Λ[_] _ [100, 100] 800) where
  Λ[xTs] b = fold (λxT t. Λ⟨snd xT⟩ close0_Var xT t) (rev xTs) b

definition Seqs (infixr ?? 75) where
  ts ?? t = fold (λu t. u ? t) (rev ts) t

definition variant k base = base @ replicate k CHR '*''

lemma variant_inj: variant i base = variant j base ⇒ i = j
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma variant_inj2:
  CHR '*' ∉ set b1 ⇒ CHR '*' ∉ set b2 ⇒ variant i b1 = variant j b2 ⇒ b1 = b2
  ⟨proof⟩

fun E :: type ⇒ nat ⇒ expr and P :: type ⇒ nat ⇒ nat ⇒ expr where
  E T i = (if i < ar T then (let
    Ti = T!–i;
    x = λk. (variant k "x", T!–k);
    ...
  end))

```

```

 $xs = map x [0 .. < ar T];$ 
 $xx\_var = \langle nth xs i \rangle;$ 
 $x\_vars = map (\lambda x. \langle x \rangle) (nth\_drop i xs);$ 
 $yy = ("z'', \pi T i 0);$ 
 $yy\_var = \langle yy \rangle;$ 
 $y = \lambda j. (variant j "y'', \pi T i (j + 1));$ 
 $ys = map y [0 .. < ar Ti];$ 
 $e = \lambda j. \langle y j \rangle \cdot (P Ti j 0 \cdot xx\_var \# map (\lambda k. P Ti j (k + 1) \cdot xx\_var) [0 .. < ar (Ti!-j)]);$ 
 $guards = map (\lambda i. xx\_var \cdot$ 
 $map (\lambda j. constant (Ti!-j) \cdot (if i = j then e i \cdot x\_vars else True)) [0 .. < ar Ti])$ 
 $[0 .. < ar Ti]$ 
 $in \Lambda[(yy \# ys @ xs)] (guards ?? (yy\_var \cdot x\_vars))) else constant (\varepsilon T i) \cdot False)$ 
|  $P T i 0 =$ 
 $(if i < ar T then (let$ 
 $f = ("f'', T);$ 
 $f\_var = \langle f \rangle;$ 
 $x = \lambda k. (variant k "x'', T!-k);$ 
 $xs = nth\_drop i (map x [0 .. < ar T]);$ 
 $x\_vars = insert\_nth i (constant (T!-i) \cdot True) (map (\lambda x. \langle x \rangle) xs)$ 
 $in \Lambda[(f \# xs)] (f\_var \cdot x\_vars)) else constant (T \rightarrow \pi T i 0) \cdot False)$ 
|  $P T i (Suc j) = (if i < ar T \wedge j < ar (T!-i) then (let$ 
 $Ti = T!-i;$ 
 $Tij = Ti!-j;$ 
 $f = ("f'', T);$ 
 $f\_var = \langle f \rangle;$ 
 $x = \lambda k. (variant k "x'', T!-k);$ 
 $xs = nth\_drop i (map x [0 .. < ar T]);$ 
 $yy = ("z'', \pi Ti j 0);$ 
 $yy\_var = \langle yy \rangle;$ 
 $y = \lambda k. (variant k "y'', \pi Ti j (k + 1));$ 
 $ys = map y [0 .. < ar Tij];$ 
 $y\_vars = yy\_var \# map (\lambda x. \langle x \rangle) ys;$ 
 $x\_vars = insert\_nth i (E Ti j \cdot y\_vars) (map (\lambda x. \langle x \rangle) xs)$ 
 $in \Lambda[(f \# yy \# ys @ xs)] (f\_var \cdot x\_vars)) else constant (T \rightarrow \pi T i (j + 1)) \cdot False)$ 

```

lemma $Abss_Nil[simp]: \Lambda[] b = b$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $Abss_Cons[simp]: \Lambda[(x \# xs)] b = \Lambda\langle snd x \rangle (close0_Var x (\Lambda[xs] b))$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_Abss: b :: U \implies T = map snd xTs \rightarrow\rightarrow U \implies \Lambda[xTs] b :: T$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_Apps: list_all2 (::) ts Ts \implies f :: Ts \rightarrow\rightarrow U \implies f \cdot ts :: U$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_open_Var_close_Var[intro!]:$
 $t :: T \implies open0_Var xT (close0_Var xT t) :: T$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_Var_iff[simp]:$
 $\langle (x, T) \rangle :: U \longleftrightarrow T = U$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_bool_iff[simp]: (b :: bool) :: T \longleftrightarrow T = \mathcal{B}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_constant0_iff[simp]: constant0 T :: U \longleftrightarrow (U = T)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $welltyped_constant_iff[simp]: constant T :: U \longleftrightarrow (U = \mathcal{B} \rightarrow T)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma welltyped_Seq_iff[simp]:  $e1 ? e2 :: T \longleftrightarrow (T = \mathcal{B} \wedge e1 :: \mathcal{B} \wedge e2 :: \mathcal{B})$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma welltyped_Seqs_iff[simp]:  $es ?? e :: T \longleftrightarrow ((es \neq [] \longrightarrow T = \mathcal{B}) \wedge (\forall e \in set es. e :: \mathcal{B}) \wedge e :: T)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma welltyped_App_iff[simp]:  $f \cdot t :: U \longleftrightarrow (\exists T. f :: T \rightarrow U \wedge t :: T)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma welltyped_Apps_iff[simp]:  $f \cdot ts :: U \longleftrightarrow (\exists Ts. f :: Ts \rightarrow\rightarrow U \wedge list\_all2 (:) ts Ts)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma eq_mk_fun_iff[simp]:  $T = Ts \rightarrow\rightarrow \mathcal{B} \longleftrightarrow Ts = dest\_fun T$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma map_nth_eq_drop_take[simp]:  $j \leq length xs \implies map (nth xs) [i ..< j] = drop i (take j xs)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma dest_fun_pi_0:  $i < ar T \implies dest\_fun (\pi T i 0) = nth\_drop i (dest\_fun T)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma welltyped_E:  $E T i ::: \varepsilon T i$  and welltyped_P:  $P T i j ::: T \rightarrow \pi T i j$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma delta_gt_0[simp]:  $T \neq \mathcal{B} \implies HMSet \{\#\} < \delta T$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma mset_nth_drop_less:  $i < length xs \implies mset (nth\_drop i xs) < mset xs$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma map_nth_drop:  $i < length xs \implies map f (nth\_drop i xs) = nth\_drop i (map f xs)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma empty_less_mset:  $\{\#\} < mset xs \longleftrightarrow xs \neq []$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma dest_fun_alt:  $dest\_fun T = map (\lambda i. T !- i) [0..<ar T]$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

context notes  $\pi.simps[simp del]$  notes One_nat_def[simp del] begin

lemma delta_pi:
  assumes  $i < ar T$   $j \leq ar (T !- i)$ 
  shows  $\delta (\pi T i j) < \delta T$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

end

end

```