

Formalization of Recursive Path Orders for Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

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Abstract

This Isabelle/HOL formalization defines recursive path orders (RPOs) for higher-order terms without λ -abstraction and proves many useful properties about them. The main order fully coincides with the standard RPO on first-order terms also in the presence of currying, distinguishing it from previous work. An optimized variant is formalized as well. It appears promising as the basis of a higher-order superposition calculus.

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1 Introduction

This Isabelle/HOL formalization defines recursive path orders (RPOs) for higher-order terms without λ -abstraction and proves many useful properties about them. The main order fully coincides with the standard RPO on first-order terms also in the presence of currying, distinguishing it from previous work. An optimized variant is formalized as well. It appears promising as the basis of a higher-order superposition calculus.

We refer to the following conference paper for details:

Jasmin Christian Blanchette, Uwe Waldmann, Daniel Wand:
A Lambda-Free Higher-Order Recursive Path Order.
FoSSaCS 2017: 461-479
https://www.cs.vu.nl/~jbe248/lambda_free_rpo_conf.pdf

2 Utilities for Lambda-Free Orders

```
theory Lambda_Free_Util
imports HOL-Library.Extended_Nat HOL-Library.Multiset_Order
begin
```

This theory gathers various lemmas that likely belong elsewhere in Isabelle or the *Archive of Formal Proofs*. Most (but certainly not all) of them are used to formalize orders on λ -free higher-order terms.

2.1 Function Power

```
lemma funpow_lesseq_iter:
fixes f :: ('a::order) ⇒ 'a
assumes mono: ∀k. k ≤ f k ∧ m_le_n: m ≤ n
shows (f ^ m) k ≤ (f ^ n) k
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma funpow_less_iter:
fixes f :: ('a::order) ⇒ 'a
assumes mono: ∀k. k < f k ∧ m_lt_n: m < n
shows (f ^ m) k < (f ^ n) k
⟨proof⟩
```

2.2 Least Operator

```
lemma Least_eq[simp]: (LEAST y. y = x) = x and (LEAST y. x = y) = x for x :: 'a::order
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma Least_in_nonempty_set_imp_ex:
  fixes f :: 'b ⇒ ('a::wellorder)
  assumes
    A_nemp: A ≠ {}
    P_least: P (LEAST y. ∃ x ∈ A. y = f x)
  shows ∃ x ∈ A. P (f x)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma Least_eq_0_enat: P 0 ⇒ (LEAST x :: enat. P x) = 0
  ⟨proof⟩
```

2.3 Antisymmetric Relations

```
lemma irrefl_transp_imp_antisym: irrefl r ⇒ transp r ⇒ antisym r
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma irreflp_transp_imp_antisymP: irreflp p ⇒ transp p ⇒ antisymp p
  ⟨proof⟩
```

2.4 Acyclic Relations

```
lemma finite_nonempty_ex_succ_imp_cyclic:
  assumes
    fin: finite A and
    nemp: A ≠ {}
    ex_y: ∀ x ∈ A. ∃ y ∈ A. (y, x) ∈ r
  shows ¬ acyclic r
  ⟨proof⟩
```

2.5 Reflexive, Transitive Closure

```
lemma relcomp_subset_left_imp_relcomp_trancl_subset_left:
  assumes sub: R O S ⊆ R
  shows R O S* ⊆ R
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma f_chain_in_rtrancl:
  assumes m_le_n: m ≤ n and f_chain: ∀ i ∈ {m... (f i, f (Suc i)) ∈ R
  shows (f m, f n) ∈ R*
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma f_rev_chain_in_rtrancl:
  assumes m_le_n: m ≤ n and f_chain: ∀ i ∈ {m... (f (Suc i), f i) ∈ R
  shows (f n, f m) ∈ R*
  ⟨proof⟩
```

2.6 Well-Founded Relations

```
lemma wf_app: wf r ⇒ wf {(x, y). (f x, f y) ∈ r}
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma wfP_app: wfP p ⇒ wfP (λx y. p (f x) (f y))
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma wf_exists_minimal:
  assumes wf: wf r and Q: Q x
  shows ∃ x. Q x ∧ (∀ y. (f y, f x) ∈ r → ¬ Q y)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma wfP_exists_minimal:
  assumes wf: wfP p and Q: Q x
  shows ∃ x. Q x ∧ (∀ y. p (f y) (f x) —> ¬ Q y)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_irrefl_trans_imp_wf: finite r —> irrefl r —> trans r —> wf r
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma finite_irreflp_transp_imp_wfp:
  finite {(x, y). p x y} —> irreflp p —> transp p —> wfP p
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_infinite_down_chain_compatible:
  assumes
    wf_R: wf R and
    inf_chain_RS: ∀ i. (f (Suc i), f i) ∈ R ∪ S and
    O_subset: R ∩ S ⊆ R
  shows ∃ k. ∀ i. (f (Suc (i + k)), f (i + k)) ∈ S
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.7 Wellorders

```

lemma (in wellorder) exists_minimal:
  fixes x :: 'a
  assumes P x
  shows ∃ x. P x ∧ (∀ y. P y —> y ≥ x)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.8 Lists

```

lemma rev_induct2[consumes 1, case_names Nil snoc]:
  length xs = length ys —> P [] [] —>
  (λ x xs y ys. length xs = length ys —> P xs ys —> P (xs @ [x]) (ys @ [y])) —> P xs ys
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma hd_in_set: length xs ≠ 0 —> hd xs ∈ set xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma in_lists_iff_set: xs ∈ lists A —> set xs ⊆ A
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma butlast_append_Cons[simp]: butlast (xs @ y # ys) = xs @ butlast (y # ys)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma rev_in_lists[simp]: rev xs ∈ lists A —> xs ∈ lists A
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma hd_le_sum_list:
  fixes xs :: 'a::ordered_ab_semigroup_monoid_add_imp_le list
  assumes xs ≠ [] and ∀ i < length xs. xs ! i ≥ 0
  shows hd xs ≤ sum_list xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sum_list_ge_length_times:
  fixes a :: 'a::{ordered_ab_semigroup_add,semiring_1}
  assumes ∀ i < length xs. xs ! i ≥ a
  shows sum_list xs ≥ of_nat (length xs) * a
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma prod_list_nonneg:
  fixes xs :: ('a :: {ordered_semiring_0,linordered_nonzero_semiring}) list
  assumes ∀ x. x ∈ set xs —> x ≥ 0
  shows prod_list xs ≥ 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma zip_append_0_upt:
  zip (xs @ ys) [0..<length xs + length ys] =
    zip xs [0..<length xs] @ zip ys [length xs..<length xs + length ys]
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma zip_eq_butlast_last:
  assumes len_gt0: length xs > 0 and len_eq: length xs = length ys
  shows zip xs ys = zip (butlast xs) (butlast ys) @ [(last xs, last ys)]
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.9 Extended Natural Numbers

```

lemma the_enat_0[simp]: the_enat 0 = 0
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma the_enat_1[simp]: the_enat 1 = 1
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_le_minus_1_imp_lt: m ≤ n - 1 ⇒ n ≠ ∞ ⇒ n ≠ 0 ⇒ m < n for m n :: enat
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_diff_diff_eq: k - m - n = k - (m + n) for k m n :: enat
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_sub_add_same[intro]: n ≤ m ⇒ m = m - n + n for m n :: enat
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_the_enat_iden[simp]: n ≠ ∞ ⇒ enat (the_enat n) = n
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma the_enat_minus_nat: m ≠ ∞ ⇒ the_enat (m - enat n) = the_enat m - n
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_the_enat_le: enat (the_enat x) ≤ x
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_the_enat_minus_le: enat (the_enat (x - y)) ≤ x
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_le_imp_minus_le: k ≤ m ⇒ k - n ≤ m for k m n :: enat
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma add_diff_assoc2_enat: m ≥ n ⇒ m - n + p = m + p - n for m n p :: enat
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma enat_mult_minus_distrib: enat x * (y - z) = enat x * y - enat x * z
  ⟨proof⟩

```

2.10 Multisets

```

declare
  filter_eq_replicate_mset [simp]
  image_mset_subseteq_mono [intro]
  count_gt_imp_in_mset [intro]

end

```

3 Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

```

theory Lambda_Free_Term
imports Lambda_Free_Util
abbrevs >s = >s

```

```

and  $>h = >_{hd}$ 
and  $\leq\geq h = \leq\geq_{hd}$ 
begin

```

This theory defines λ -free higher-order terms and related locales.

3.1 Precedence on Symbols

```

locale gt_sym =
  fixes
    gt_sym :: 's  $\Rightarrow$  's  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $>_s$  50)
  assumes
    gt_sym_irrefl:  $\neg f >_s f$  and
    gt_sym_trans:  $h >_s g \Rightarrow g >_s f \Rightarrow h >_s f$  and
    gt_sym_total:  $f >_s g \vee g >_s f \vee g = f$  and
    gt_sym_wf: wfP ( $\lambda f\ g.\ g >_s f$ )
begin

lemma gt_sym_antisym:  $f >_s g \Rightarrow \neg g >_s f$ 
  {proof}
end

```

3.2 Heads

```

datatype (plugins del: size) (syms_hd: 's, vars_hd: 'v) hd =
  is_Var: Var (var: 'v)
  | Sym (sym: 's)

abbreviation is_Sym :: ('s, 'v) hd  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  is_Sym  $\zeta \equiv \neg \text{is\_Var } \zeta$ 

lemma finite_vars_hd[simp]: finite (vars_hd  $\zeta$ )
  {proof}

lemma finite_syms_hd[simp]: finite (syms_hd  $\zeta$ )
  {proof}

```

3.3 Terms

```

consts head0 :: 'a

datatype (syms: 's, vars: 'v) tm =
  is_Hd: Hd (head: ('s, 'v) hd)
  | App (fun: ('s, 'v) tm) (arg: ('s, 'v) tm)
where
  head (App s_) = head0 s
  | fun (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = Hd  $\zeta$ 
  | arg (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = Hd  $\zeta$ 

overloading head0  $\equiv$  head0 :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) hd
begin

primrec head0 :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) hd where
  head0 (Hd  $\zeta$ ) =  $\zeta$ 
  | head0 (App s_) = head0 s

end

lemma head_App[simp]: head (App s t) = head s
  {proof}

declare tm.sel(2)[simp del]

```

```

lemma head_fun[simp]: head (fun s) = head s
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation ground :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  ground t ≡ vars t = {}

abbreviation is_App :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  is_App s ≡ ¬ is_Hd s

lemma
  size_fun_lt: is_App s ⇒ size (fun s) < size s and
  size_arg_lt: is_App s ⇒ size (arg s) < size s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma
  finite_vars[simp]: finite (vars s) and
  finite_syms[simp]: finite (syms s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma
  vars_head_subseteq: vars_hd (head s) ⊆ vars s and
  syms_head_subseteq: syms_hd (head s) ⊆ syms s
  ⟨proof⟩

fun args :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list where
  args (Hd _) = []
  | args (App s t) = args s @ [t]

lemma set_args_fun: set (args (fun s)) ⊆ set (args s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma arg_in_args: is_App s ⇒ arg s ∈ set (args s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma
  vars_args_subseteq: si ∈ set (args s) ⇒ vars si ⊆ vars s and
  syms_args_subseteq: si ∈ set (args s) ⇒ syms si ⊆ syms s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma args_Nil_iff_is_Hd: args s = [] ↔ is_Hd s
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation num_args :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ nat where
  num_args s ≡ length (args s)

lemma size_ge_num_args: size s ≥ num_args s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma Hd_head_id: num_args s = 0 ⇒ Hd (head s) = s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma one_arg_imp_Hd: num_args s = 1 ⇒ s = App t u ⇒ t = Hd (head t)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma size_in_args: s ∈ set (args t) ⇒ size s < size t
  ⟨proof⟩

primrec apps :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm where
  apps s [] = s
  | apps s (t # ts) = apps (App s t) ts

lemma
  vars_apps[simp]: vars (apps s ss) = vars s ∪ (⋃ s ∈ set ss. vars s) and

```

```

syms_apps[simp]: syms (apps s ss) = syms s ∪ (⋃ s ∈ set ss. syms s) and
head_apps[simp]: head (apps s ss) = head s and
args_apps[simp]: args (apps s ss) = args s @ ss and
is_App_apps[simp]: is_App (apps s ss) ↔ args (apps s ss) ≠ [] and
fun_apps_Nil[simp]: fun (apps s []) = fun s and
fun_apps_Cons[simp]: fun (apps (App s sa) ss) = apps s (butlast (sa # ss)) and
arg_apps_Nil[simp]: arg (apps s []) = arg s and
arg_apps_Cons[simp]: arg (apps (App s sa) ss) = last (sa # ss)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma apps_append[simp]: apps s (ss @ ts) = apps (apps s ss) ts
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma App_apps: App (apps s ts) t = apps s (ts @ [t])
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_inject_apps[iff, induct_simp]: apps (Hd ζ) ss = apps (Hd ξ) ts ↔ ζ = ξ ∧ ss = ts
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_collapse_apps[simp]: apps (Hd (head s)) (args s) = s
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_expand_apps: head s = head t ⇒ args s = args t ⇒ s = t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_exhaust_apps_sel[case_names apps]: (s = apps (Hd (head s)) (args s) ⇒ P) ⇒ P
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_exhaust_apps[case_names apps]: (¬∃ζ ss. s = apps (Hd ζ) ss ⇒ P) ⇒ P
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma tm_induct_apps[case_names apps]:
  assumes ¬∃ζ ss. (¬∃s. s ∈ set ss ⇒ P s) ⇒ P (apps (Hd ζ) ss)
  shows P s
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma
  ground_fun: ground s ⇒ ground (fun s) and
  ground_arg: ground s ⇒ ground (arg s)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ground_head: ground s ⇒ is_Sym (head s)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ground_args: t ∈ set (args s) ⇒ ground s ⇒ ground t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

primrec vars_mset :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ 'v multiset where
  vars_mset (Hd ζ) = mset_set (vars_hd ζ)
  | vars_mset (App s t) = vars_mset s + vars_mset t

```

```

lemma set_vars_mset[simp]: set_mset (vars_mset t) = vars t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma vars_mset_empty_iff[iff]: vars_mset s = {} ↔ ground s
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma vars_mset_fun[intro]: vars_mset (fun t) ⊆# vars_mset t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma vars_mset_arg[intro]: vars_mset (arg t) ⊆# vars_mset t
⟨proof⟩

```

3.4 hsize

The hsize of a term is the number of heads (Syms or Vars) in the term.

```

primrec hsize :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  nat where
  hsize (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = 1
  | hsize (App s t) = hsize s + hsize t

lemma hsize_size: hsize t * 2 = size t + 1
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_pos[simp]: hsize t > 0
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_fun_lt: is_App s  $\Rightarrow$  hsize (fun s) < hsize s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_arg_lt: is_App s  $\Rightarrow$  hsize (arg s) < hsize s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_ge_num_args: hsize s  $\geq$  hsize s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_in_args: s  $\in$  set (args t)  $\Rightarrow$  hsize s < hsize t
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_apps: hsize (apps t ts) = hsize t + sum_list (map hsize ts)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hsize_args: 1 + sum_list (map hsize (args t)) = hsize t
  ⟨proof⟩

```

3.5 Substitutions

```

primrec subst :: ('v  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm)  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm where
  subst  $\varrho$  (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = (case  $\zeta$  of Var x  $\Rightarrow$   $\varrho$  x | Sym f  $\Rightarrow$  Hd (Sym f))
  | subst  $\varrho$  (App s t) = App (subst  $\varrho$  s) (subst  $\varrho$  t)

lemma subst_apps[simp]: subst  $\varrho$  (apps s ts) = apps (subst  $\varrho$  s) (map (subst  $\varrho$ ) ts)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_subst[simp]: head (subst  $\varrho$  s) = head (subst  $\varrho$  (Hd (head s)))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma args_subst[simp]:
  args (subst  $\varrho$  s) = (case head s of Var x  $\Rightarrow$  args ( $\varrho$  x) | Sym f  $\Rightarrow$  []) @ map (subst  $\varrho$ ) (args s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma ground_imp_subst_iden: ground s  $\Rightarrow$  subst  $\varrho$  s = s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_mset_subst[simp]: vars_mset (subst  $\varrho$  s) = ( $\sum \# \{ \# \text{vars\_mset} (\varrho x). x \in \# \text{vars\_mset} s \# \}$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_mset_subst_subseteq:
  vars_mset t  $\supseteq \#$  vars_mset s  $\Rightarrow$  vars_mset (subst  $\varrho$  t)  $\supseteq \#$  vars_mset (subst  $\varrho$  s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma vars_subst_subseteq: vars t  $\supseteq$  vars s  $\Rightarrow$  vars (subst  $\varrho$  t)  $\supseteq$  vars (subst  $\varrho$  s)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

3.6 Subterms

```

inductive sub :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool where

```

```

sub_refl: sub s s
| sub_fun: sub s t ==> sub s (App u t)
| sub_arg: sub s t ==> sub s (App t u)

inductive-cases sub_HdE[simplified, elim]: sub s (Hd  $\xi$ )
inductive-cases sub_AppE[simplified, elim]: sub s (App t u)
inductive-cases sub_Hd_HdE[simplified, elim]: sub (Hd  $\zeta$ ) (Hd  $\xi$ )
inductive-cases sub_Hd_AppE[simplified, elim]: sub (Hd  $\zeta$ ) (App t u)

```

```

lemma in_vars_imp_sub: x ∈ vars s  $\longleftrightarrow$  sub (Hd (Var x)) s
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sub_args: s ∈ set (args t) ==> sub s t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sub_size: sub s t ==> size s ≤ size t
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma sub_subst: sub s t ==> sub (subst  $\varrho$  s) (subst  $\varrho$  t)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

abbreviation proper_sub :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
proper_sub s t ≡ sub s t  $\wedge$  s ≠ t

```

```

lemma proper_sub_Hd[simp]: ¬ proper_sub s (Hd  $\zeta$ )
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma proper_sub_subst:
assumes psub: proper_sub s t
shows proper_sub (subst  $\varrho$  s) (subst  $\varrho$  t)
⟨proof⟩

```

3.7 Maximum Arities

```

locale arity =
fixes
arity_sym :: 's  $\Rightarrow$  enat and
arity_var :: 'v  $\Rightarrow$  enat
begin

primrec arity_hd :: ('s, 'v) hd  $\Rightarrow$  enat where
arity_hd (Var x) = arity_var x
| arity_hd (Sym f) = arity_sym f

```

```

definition arity :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  enat where
arity s = arity_hd (head s) - num_args s

```

```

lemma arity_simps[simp]:
arity (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = arity_hd  $\zeta$ 
arity (App s t) = arity s - 1
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma arity_apps[simp]: arity (apps s ts) = arity s - length ts
⟨proof⟩

```

```

inductive wary :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
wary_Hd[intro]: wary (Hd  $\zeta$ )
| wary_App[intro]: wary s ==> wary t ==> num_args s < arity_hd (head s) ==> wary (App s t)

```

```

inductive-cases wary_HdE: wary (Hd  $\zeta$ )
inductive-cases wary_AppE: wary (App s t)
inductive-cases wary_binaryE[simplified]: wary (App (App s t) u)

```

```

lemma wary_fun[intro]: wary t ==> wary (fun t)

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_arg[intro]: wary t ⟹ wary (arg t)
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_args: s ∈ set (args t) ⟹ wary t ⟹ wary s
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_sub: sub s t ⟹ wary t ⟹ wary s
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_inf_ary: (¬¬(arity_hd ζ = ∞)) ⟹ wary s
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_num_args_le_arity_head: wary s ⟹ num_args s ≤ arity_hd (head s)
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_apps:
  wary s ⟹ (∀sa. sa ∈ set ss ⟹ wary sa) ⟹ length ss ≤ arity s ⟹ wary (apps s ss)
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_cases_apps[consumes 1, case_names apps]:
assumes
  wary_t: wary t and
  apps: ∀ζ. ss. t = apps (Hd ζ) ss ⟹ (∀sa. sa ∈ set ss ⟹ wary sa) ⟹ length ss ≤ arity_hd ζ ⟹ P
shows P
⟨proof⟩

lemma arity_hd_head: wary s ⟹ arity_hd (head s) = arity s + num_args s
⟨proof⟩

lemma arity_head_ge: arity_hd (head s) ≥ arity s
⟨proof⟩

inductive wary_fo :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  wary_foI[intro]: is_Hd s ∨ is_Sym (head s) ⟹ length (args s) = arity_hd (head s) ⟹
  (∀t ∈ set (args s). wary_fo t) ⟹ wary_fo s

lemma wary_fo_args: s ∈ set (args t) ⟹ wary_fo t ⟹ wary_fo s
⟨proof⟩

lemma wary_fo_arg: wary_fo (App s t) ⟹ wary_fo t
⟨proof⟩

end

```

3.8 Potential Heads of Ground Instances of Variables

```

locale ground_heads = gt_sym (>s) + arity arity_sym arity_var
for
  gt_sym :: 's ⇒ 's ⇒ bool (infix >s 50) and
  arity_sym :: 's ⇒ enat and
  arity_var :: 'v ⇒ enat +
fixes
  ground_heads_var :: 'v ⇒ 's set
assumes
  ground_heads_var_arity: f ∈ ground_heads_var x ⟹ arity_sym f ≥ arity_var x and
  ground_heads_var_nonempty: ground_heads_var x ≠ {}
begin

primrec ground_heads :: ('s, 'v) hd ⇒ 's set where
  ground_heads (Var x) = ground_heads_var x
  | ground_heads (Sym f) = {f}

```

```

lemma ground_heads_arity:  $f \in \text{ground\_heads } \zeta \implies \text{arity\_sym } f \geq \text{arity\_hd } \zeta$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma ground_heads_nonempty[simp]:  $\text{ground\_heads } \zeta \neq \{\}$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma sym_in_ground_heads:  $\text{is\_Sym } \zeta \implies \text{sym } \zeta \in \text{ground\_heads } \zeta$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma ground_hd_in_ground_heads:  $\text{ground } s \implies \text{sym } (\text{head } s) \in \text{ground\_heads } (\text{head } s)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma some_ground_head_arity:  $\text{arity\_sym } (\text{SOME } f. f \in \text{ground\_heads } (\text{Var } x)) \geq \text{arity\_var } x$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition wary_subst ::  $('v \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) \text{ tm}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
   $\text{wary\_subst } \varrho \longleftrightarrow$ 
   $(\forall x. \text{wary } (\varrho x) \wedge \text{arity } (\varrho x) \geq \text{arity\_var } x \wedge \text{ground\_heads } (\text{head } (\varrho x)) \subseteq \text{ground\_heads\_var } x)$ 

definition strict_wary_subst ::  $('v \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) \text{ tm}) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  where
   $\text{strict\_wary\_subst } \varrho \longleftrightarrow$ 
   $(\forall x. \text{wary } (\varrho x) \wedge \text{arity } (\varrho x) \in \{\text{arity\_var } x, \infty\}$ 
   $\wedge \text{ground\_heads } (\text{head } (\varrho x)) \subseteq \text{ground\_heads\_var } x)$ 

lemma strict_imp_wary_subst:  $\text{strict\_wary\_subst } \varrho \implies \text{wary\_subst } \varrho$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma wary_subst_wary:
  assumes wary_ρ:  $\text{wary\_subst } \varrho \text{ and } \text{wary\_s: wary } s$ 
  shows wary (subst ρ s)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemmas strict_wary_subst_wary = wary_subst_wary[OF strict_imp_wary_subst]

lemma wary_subst_ground_heads:
  assumes wary_ρ:  $\text{wary\_subst } \varrho$ 
  shows  $\text{ground\_heads } (\text{head } (\text{subst } \varrho s)) \subseteq \text{ground\_heads } (\text{head } s)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemmas strict_wary_subst_ground_heads = wary_subst_ground_heads[OF strict_imp_wary_subst]

definition grounding_ρ ::  $'v \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) \text{ tm}$  where
   $\text{grounding\_}\varrho x = (\text{let } s = \text{Hd } (\text{Sym } (\text{SOME } f. f \in \text{ground\_heads\_var } x)) \text{ in}$ 
   $\text{apps } s (\text{replicate } (\text{the\_enat } (\text{arity } s - \text{arity\_var } x)) s))$ 

lemma ground_grounding_ρ:  $\text{ground } (\text{subst } \text{grounding\_}\varrho s)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma strict_wary_grounding_ρ:  $\text{strict\_wary\_subst } \text{grounding\_}\varrho$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemmas wary_grounding_ρ = strict_wary_grounding_ρ[THEN strict_imp_wary_subst]

definition gt_hd ::  $('s, 'v) \text{ hd } \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) \text{ hd } \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  (infix  $>_{hd} 50$ ) where
   $\xi >_{hd} \zeta \longleftrightarrow (\forall g \in \text{ground\_heads } \xi. \forall f \in \text{ground\_heads } \zeta. g >_s f)$ 

definition comp_hd ::  $('s, 'v) \text{ hd } \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) \text{ hd } \Rightarrow \text{bool}$  (infix  $\leq_{\geq hd} 50$ ) where
   $\xi \leq_{\geq hd} \zeta \longleftrightarrow \xi = \zeta \vee \xi >_{hd} \zeta \vee \zeta >_{hd} \xi$ 

lemma gt_hd_irrefl:  $\neg \zeta >_{hd} \zeta$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma gt_hd_trans:  $\chi >_{hd} \xi \implies \xi >_{hd} \zeta \implies \chi >_{hd} \zeta$ 

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma gt_sym_imp_hd:  $g >_s f \implies \text{Sym } g >_{hd} \text{Sym } f$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma not_comp_hd_imp_Var:  $\neg \xi \leq_{hd} \zeta \implies \text{is\_Var } \zeta \vee \text{is\_Var } \xi$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

end

```

4 Infinite (Non-Well-Founded) Chains

```

theory Infinite_Chain
imports Lambda_Free_Util
begin

```

This theory defines the concept of a minimal bad (or non-well-founded) infinite chain, as found in the term rewriting literature to prove the well-foundedness of syntactic term orders.

```

context
fixes p :: ' $a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ '
begin

```

```

definition inf_chain :: '(nat  $\Rightarrow 'a) \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ where
inf_chain f  $\longleftrightarrow (\forall i. p(f i) (f(Suc i)))$$ 
```

```

lemma wfP_iff_no_inf_chain: wfP  $(\lambda x y. p y x) \longleftrightarrow (\nexists f. \text{inf\_chain } f)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma inf_chain_offset: inf_chain f  $\implies \text{inf\_chain } (\lambda j. f(j + i))$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition bad :: ' $a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ ' where
bad x  $\longleftrightarrow (\exists f. \text{inf\_chain } f \wedge f 0 = x)$ 

```

```

lemma inf_chain_bad:
assumes bad_f: inf_chain f
shows bad (f i)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

context
fixes gt :: ' $a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ '
assumes wf: wf {(x, y). gt y x}
begin

```

```

primrec worst_chain :: 'nat  $\Rightarrow 'a$ ' where
worst_chain 0 = (SOME x. bad x  $\wedge (\forall y. \text{bad } y \longrightarrow \neg \text{gt } x y)$ )
| worst_chain (Suc i) = (SOME x. bad x  $\wedge p(\text{worst\_chain } i) x \wedge$ 
 $(\forall y. \text{bad } y \wedge p(\text{worst\_chain } i) y \longrightarrow \neg \text{gt } x y))$ 

```

```

declare worst_chain.simps[simp del]

```

```

context
fixes x :: ' $a$ '
assumes x_bad: bad x
begin

```

```

lemma
bad_worst_chain_0: bad (worst_chain 0) and
min_worst_chain_0:  $\neg \text{gt } (\text{worst\_chain } 0) x$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma
  bad_worst_chain_Suc: bad (worst_chain (Suc i)) and
  worst_chain_pred: p (worst_chain i) (worst_chain (Suc i)) and
  min_worst_chain_Suc: p (worst_chain i) x  $\implies$   $\neg$  gt (worst_chain (Suc i)) x
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma bad_worst_chain: bad (worst_chain i)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma worst_chain_bad: inf_chain worst_chain
  ⟨proof⟩

end

context
  fixes x :: 'a
  assumes
    x_bad: bad x and
    p_trans:  $\bigwedge z y x. p z y \implies p y x \implies p z x$ 
begin

lemma worst_chain_not_gt:  $\neg$  gt (worst_chain i) (worst_chain (Suc i)) for i
  ⟨proof⟩

end

end

end

lemma inf_chain_subset: inf_chain p f  $\implies$  p  $\leq$  q  $\implies$  inf_chain q f
  ⟨proof⟩

hide-fact (open) bad_worst_chain_0 bad_worst_chain_Suc

end

```

5 Extension Orders

```

theory Extension_Orders
imports Lambda_Free_Util Infinite_Chain HOL_Cardinals.Wellorder_Extension
begin

```

This theory defines locales for categorizing extension orders used for orders on λ -free higher-order terms and defines variants of the lexicographic and multiset orders.

5.1 Locales

```

locale ext =
  fixes ext :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool
  assumes
    mono_strong:  $(\forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt y x \rightarrow gt' y x) \implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt' ys xs$  and
    map: finite A  $\implies$  ys  $\in$  lists A  $\implies$  xs  $\in$  lists A  $\implies$   $(\forall x \in A. \neg gt (f x) (f x)) \implies$ 
       $(\forall z \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. gt (f z) (f y) \rightarrow gt (f y) (f x) \rightarrow gt (f z) (f x)) \implies$ 
       $(\forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. gt y x \rightarrow gt (f y) (f x)) \implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt (map f ys) (map f xs)$ 
begin

lemma mono[mono]: gt  $\leq$  gt'  $\implies$  ext gt  $\leq$  ext gt'
  ⟨proof⟩

end

locale ext_irrefl = ext +

```

```

assumes irrefl: ( $\forall x \in set xs. \neg gt x x$ )  $\implies \neg ext gt xs xs$ 

locale ext_trans = ext +
assumes trans:  $zs \in lists A \implies ys \in lists A \implies xs \in lists A \implies$ 
 $(\forall z \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x) \implies ext gt zs ys \implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt zs xs$ 

locale ext_irrefl_before_trans = ext_irrefl +
assumes trans_from_irrefl: finite A  $\implies zs \in lists A \implies ys \in lists A \implies xs \in lists A \implies$ 
 $(\forall x \in A. \neg gt x x) \implies (\forall z \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x) \implies ext gt zs ys \implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt zs xs$ 

locale ext_trans_before_irrefl = ext_trans +
assumes irrefl_from_trans:  $(\forall z \in set xs. \forall y \in set xs. \forall x \in set xs. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x) \implies$ 
 $(\forall x \in set xs. \neg gt x x) \implies \neg ext gt xs xs$ 

locale ext_irrefl_trans_strong = ext_irrefl +
assumes trans_strong:  $(\forall z \in set zs. \forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x) \implies$ 
 $ext gt zs ys \implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt zs xs$ 

sublocale ext_irrefl_trans_strong < ext_irrefl_before_trans
⟨proof⟩

sublocale ext_irrefl_trans_strong < ext_trans
⟨proof⟩

sublocale ext_irrefl_trans_strong < ext_trans_before_irrefl
⟨proof⟩

locale ext_snoc = ext +
assumes snoc:  $ext gt (xs @ [x]) xs$ 

locale ext_compat_cons = ext +
assumes compat_cons:  $ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt (x \# ys) (x \# xs)$ 
begin

lemma compat_append_left:  $ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt (zs @ ys) (zs @ xs)$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

locale ext_compat_snoc = ext +
assumes compat_snoc:  $ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])$ 
begin

lemma compat_append_right:  $ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt (ys @ zs) (xs @ zs)$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

locale ext_compat_list = ext +
assumes compat_list:  $y \neq x \implies gt y x \implies ext gt (xs @ y \# xs') (xs @ x \# xs')$ 

locale ext_singleton = ext +
assumes singleton:  $y \neq x \implies ext gt [y] [x] \longleftrightarrow gt y x$ 

locale ext_compat_list_strong = ext_compat_cons + ext_compat_snoc + ext_singleton
begin

lemma compat_list:  $y \neq x \implies gt y x \implies ext gt (xs @ y \# xs') (xs @ x \# xs')$ 
⟨proof⟩

end

```

```

sublocale ext_compat_list_strong < ext_compat_list
  ⟨proof⟩

locale ext_total = ext +
assumes total: ( $\forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x$ )  $\implies ys \in lists A \implies xs \in lists A \implies ext gt ys xs \vee ext gt xs ys \vee ys = xs$ 

locale ext_wf = ext +
assumes wf: wfP ( $\lambda x y. gt y x$ )  $\implies wfP (\lambda xs ys. ext gt ys xs)$ 

locale ext_hd_or_tl = ext +
assumes hd_or_tl: ( $\forall z y x. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x$ )  $\implies (\forall y x. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x) \implies length ys = length xs \implies ext gt (y \# ys) (x \# xs) \implies gt y x \vee ext gt ys xs$ 

locale ext_wf_bounded = ext_irrefl_before_trans + ext_hd_or_tl
begin

context
fixes gt :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
assumes
  gt_irrefl:  $\bigwedge z. \neg gt z z$  and
  gt_trans:  $\bigwedge z y x. gt z y \implies gt y x \implies gt z x$  and
  gt_total:  $\bigwedge y x. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x$  and
  gt_wf: wfP ( $\lambda x y. gt y x$ )
begin

lemma irrefl_gt:  $\neg ext gt xs xs$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma trans_gt: ext gt zs ys  $\implies ext gt ys xs \implies ext gt zs xs$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma hd_or_tl_gt: length ys = length xs  $\implies ext gt (y \# ys) (x \# xs) \implies gt y x \vee ext gt ys xs$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_same_length_if_total: wfP ( $\lambda xs ys. length ys = n \wedge length xs = n \wedge ext gt ys xs$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma wf_bounded_if_total: wfP ( $\lambda xs ys. length ys \leq n \wedge length xs \leq n \wedge ext gt ys xs$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

end

context
fixes gt :: 'a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool
assumes
  gt_irrefl:  $\bigwedge z. \neg gt z z$  and
  gt_wf: wfP ( $\lambda x y. gt y x$ )
begin

lemma wf_bounded: wfP ( $\lambda xs ys. length ys \leq n \wedge length xs \leq n \wedge ext gt ys xs$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

end

end

```

5.2 Lexicographic Extension

```

inductive lexext :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool for gt where
  lexext_Nil: lexext gt (y  $\#$  ys) []
| lexext_Cons: gt y x  $\implies$  lexext gt (y  $\#$  ys) (x  $\#$  xs)
| lexext_Cons_eq: lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$  lexext gt (x  $\#$  ys) (x  $\#$  xs)

```

```

lemma lexext_simps[simp]:
  lexext gt ys []  $\longleftrightarrow$  ys  $\neq$  []
   $\neg$  lexext gt [] xs
  lexext gt (y # ys) (x # xs)  $\longleftrightarrow$  gt y x  $\vee$  x = y  $\wedge$  lexext gt ys xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_mono_strong:
  assumes
     $\forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt y x \longrightarrow gt' y x$  and
    lexext gt ys xs
  shows lexext gt' ys xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_map_strong:
  ( $\forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt y x \longrightarrow gt (f y) (f x)) \Longrightarrow lexext gt ys xs \Longrightarrow$ 
  lexext gt (map f ys) (map f xs)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_irrefl:
  assumes  $\forall x \in set xs. \neg gt x x$ 
  shows  $\neg$  lexext gt xs xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_trans_strong:
  assumes
     $\forall z \in set zs. \forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x$  and
    lexext gt zs ys and lexext gt ys xs
  shows lexext gt zs xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_snoc: lexext gt (xs @ [x]) xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemmas lexext_compat_cons = lexext_Cons_eq

lemma lexext_compat_snoc_if_same_length:
  assumes length ys = length xs and lexext gt ys xs
  shows lexext gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_compat_list: gt y x  $\Longrightarrow$  lexext gt (xs @ y # xs') (xs @ x # xs')
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_singleton: lexext gt [y] [x]  $\longleftrightarrow$  gt y x
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_total: ( $\forall y \in B. \forall x \in A. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x$ )  $\Longrightarrow$  ys  $\in$  lists B  $\Longrightarrow$  xs  $\in$  lists A  $\Longrightarrow$ 
  lexext gt ys xs  $\vee$  lexext gt xs ys  $\vee$  ys = xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma lexext_hd_or_tl: lexext gt (y # ys) (x # xs)  $\Longrightarrow$  gt y x  $\vee$  lexext gt ys xs
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

interpretation lexext: ext lexext
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

interpretation lexext: ext_irrefl_trans_strong lexext
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

interpretation lexext: ext_snoc lexext
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_compat_cons lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_compat_list lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_singleton lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_total lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_hd_or_tl lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation lexext: ext_wf_bounded lexext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

5.3 Reverse (Right-to-Left) Lexicographic Extension

```
abbreviation lexext_rev :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ bool where
  lexext_rev gt ys xs ≡ lexext_gt (rev ys) (rev xs)
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_simps[simp]:
  lexext_rev gt ys [] ⟷ ys ≠ []
  ¬ lexext_rev gt [] xs
  lexext_rev gt (ys @ [y]) (xs @ [x]) ⟷ gt y x ∨ x = y ∧ lexext_rev gt ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_cons_cons:
  assumes length ys = length xs
  shows lexext_rev gt (y # ys) (x # xs) ⟷ lexext_rev gt ys xs ∨ ys = xs ∧ gt y x
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_mono_strong:
  assumes
    ∀ y ∈ set ys. ∀ x ∈ set xs. gt y x → gt' y x and
    lexext_rev gt ys xs
  shows lexext_rev gt' ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_map_strong:
  (∀ y ∈ set ys. ∀ x ∈ set xs. gt y x → gt (f y) (f x)) ⇒ lexext_rev gt ys xs ⇒
  lexext_rev gt (map f ys) (map f xs)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_irrefl:
  assumes ∀ x ∈ set xs. ¬ gt x x
  shows ¬ lexext_rev gt xs xs
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_trans_strong:
  assumes
    ∀ z ∈ set zs. ∀ y ∈ set ys. ∀ x ∈ set xs. gt z y → gt y x → gt z x and
    lexext_rev gt zs ys and lexext_rev gt ys xs
  shows lexext_rev gt zs xs
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_compat_cons_if_same_length:
  assumes length ys = length xs and lexext_rev gt ys xs
  shows lexext_rev gt (x # ys) (x # xs)
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma lexext_rev_compat_snoc: lexext_rev gt ys xs ⇒ lexext_rev gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lexext_rev_compat_list*: $gt y x \implies lexext_rev gt (xs @ y \# xs') (xs @ x \# xs')$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lexext_rev_singleton*: $lexext_rev gt [y] [x] \longleftrightarrow gt y x$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lexext_rev_total*:
 $(\forall y \in B. \forall x \in A. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x) \implies ys \in lists B \implies xs \in lists A \implies$
 $lexext_rev gt ys xs \vee lexext_rev gt xs ys \vee ys = xs$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *lexext_rev_hd_or_tl*:

assumes
 $length ys = length xs$ **and**
 $lexext_rev gt (y \# ys) (x \# xs)$
shows $gt y x \vee lexext_rev gt ys xs$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_irrefl_trans_strong lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_compat_snoc lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_compatible_list lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_singleton lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_total lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_hd_or_tl lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *lexext_rev*: *ext_wf_bounded lexext_rev*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

5.4 Generic Length Extension

definition *lenext* :: $('a list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow bool) \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow 'a list \Rightarrow bool$ **where**
 $lenext gts ys xs \longleftrightarrow length ys > length xs \vee length ys = length xs \wedge gts ys xs$

lemma

lenext_mono_strong: $(gts ys xs \implies gts' ys xs) \implies lenext gts ys xs \implies lenext gts' ys xs$ **and**
lenext_map_strong: $(length ys = length xs \implies gts ys xs \implies gts (map f ys) (map f xs)) \implies$
 $lenext gts ys xs \implies lenext gts (map f ys) (map f xs)$ **and**
lenext_irrefl: $\neg gts xs xs \implies \neg lenext gts xs xs$ **and**
lenext_trans: $(gts zs ys \implies gts ys xs \implies gts zs xs) \implies lenext gts zs ys \implies lenext gts ys xs \implies$
 $lenext gts zs xs$ **and**
lenext_snoc: $lenext gts (xs @ [x]) xs$ **and**
lenext_compat_cons: $(length ys = length xs \implies gts ys xs \implies gts (x \# ys) (x \# xs)) \implies$
 $lenext gts ys xs \implies lenext gts (x \# ys) (x \# xs)$ **and**
lenext_compat_snoc: $(length ys = length xs \implies gts ys xs \implies gts (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])) \implies$
 $lenext gts ys xs \implies lenext gts (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])$ **and**
lenext_compat_list: $gts (xs @ y \# xs') (xs @ x \# xs') \implies$
 $lenext gts (xs @ y \# xs') (xs @ x \# xs')$ **and**
lenext_singleton: $lenext gts [y] [x] \longleftrightarrow gts [y] [x]$ **and**

```

lenext_total: ( $gts ys xs \vee gts xs ys \vee ys = xs$ )  $\implies$ 
  lenext  $gts ys xs \vee$  lenext  $gts xs ys \vee ys = xs$  and
lenext_hd_or_tl: ( $length ys = length xs \implies gts (y \# ys) (x \# xs) \implies gt y x \vee gts ys xs$ )  $\implies$ 
  lenext  $gts (y \# ys) (x \# xs) \implies gt y x \vee$  lenext  $gts ys xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

5.5 Length-Lexicographic Extension

```

abbreviation len_lexext :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  'a  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  'a list  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  len_lexext gt  $\equiv$  lenext (lexext gt)

```

```

lemma len_lexext_mono_strong:
  ( $\forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt y x \longrightarrow gt' y x$ )  $\implies$  len_lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$  len_lexext gt' ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len_lexext_map_strong:
  ( $\forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt y x \longrightarrow gt (f y) (f x)$ )  $\implies$  len_lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$ 
  len_lexext gt (map f ys) (map f xs)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len_lexext_irrefl: ( $\forall x \in set xs. \neg gt x x$ )  $\implies$   $\neg$  len_lexext gt xs xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len_lexext_trans_strong:
  ( $\forall z \in set zs. \forall y \in set ys. \forall x \in set xs. gt z y \longrightarrow gt y x \longrightarrow gt z x$ )  $\implies$  len_lexext gt zs ys  $\implies$ 
  len_lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$  len_lexext gt zs xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len_lexext_snoc: len_lexext gt (xs @ [x]) xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len_lexext_compat_cons: len Lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$  len Lexext gt (x # ys) (x # xs)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_compat_snoc: len Lexext gt ys xs  $\implies$  len Lexext gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_compat_list: gt y x  $\implies$  len Lexext gt (xs @ y # xs') (xs @ x # xs')
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_singleton[simp]: len Lexext gt [y] [x]  $\longleftrightarrow$  gt y x
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_total: ( $\forall y \in B. \forall x \in A. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x$ )  $\implies$  ys  $\in$  lists B  $\implies$  xs  $\in$  lists A  $\implies$ 
  len Lexext gt ys xs  $\vee$  len Lexext gt xs ys  $\vee$  ys = xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_iff_lenlex: len Lexext gt ys xs  $\longleftrightarrow$  (xs, ys)  $\in$  lenlex {(x, y). gt y x}
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_wf: wfP ( $\lambda x y. gt y x$ )  $\implies$  wfP ( $\lambda xs ys. len Lexext gt ys xs$ )
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma len Lexext_hd_or_tl: len Lexext gt (y # ys) (x # xs)  $\implies$  gt y x  $\vee$  len Lexext gt ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

interpretation len Lexext: ext len Lexext
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

interpretation len Lexext: ext_irrefl_trans_strong len Lexext
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

interpretation len Lexext: ext_snoc len Lexext
  ⟨proof⟩

```

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_compat_cons* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_compat_snoc* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_compat_list* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_singleton* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_total* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_wf* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_hd_or_tl* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext*: *ext_wf_bounded* *len_lexext*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

5.6 Reverse (Right-to-Left) Length-Lexicographic Extension

abbreviation *len_lexext_rev* :: $('a \Rightarrow 'a \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ list} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$ **where**
 $\text{len_lexext_rev } gt \equiv \text{lenext_rev } (gt)$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_mono_strong*:

$(\forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. gt y x \rightarrow gt' y x) \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt ys xs \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt' ys xs$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_map_strong*:

$(\forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. gt y x \rightarrow gt (f y) (f x)) \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt ys xs \Rightarrow$
 $\text{len_lexext_rev } gt (\text{map } f ys) (\text{map } f xs)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_irrefl*: $(\forall x \in \text{set } xs. \neg gt x x) \Rightarrow \neg \text{len_lexext_rev } gt xs xs$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_trans_strong*:

$(\forall z \in \text{set } zs. \forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. gt z y \rightarrow gt y x \rightarrow gt z x) \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt zs ys \Rightarrow$
 $\text{len_lexext_rev } gt ys xs \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt zs xs$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_snoc*: *len_lexext_rev* *gt* (*xs* @ [x]) *xs*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_compat_cons*: *len_lexext_rev* *gt* *ys* *xs* \Rightarrow *len_lexext_rev* *gt* (*x* # *ys*) (*x* # *xs*)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_compat_snoc*: *len_lexext_rev* *gt* *ys* *xs* \Rightarrow *len_lexext_rev* *gt* (*ys* @ [x]) (*xs* @ [x])
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_compat_list*: *gt* *y* *x* \Rightarrow *len_lexext_rev* *gt* (*xs* @ *y* # *xs'*) (*xs* @ *x* # *xs'*)
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_singleton[simp]*: *len_lexext_rev* *gt* [y] [x] \longleftrightarrow *gt* *y* *x*
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_total*: $(\forall y \in B. \forall x \in A. gt y x \vee gt x y \vee y = x) \Rightarrow ys \in \text{lists } B \Rightarrow$
 $xs \in \text{lists } A \Rightarrow \text{len_lexext_rev } gt ys xs \vee \text{len_lexext_rev } gt xs ys \vee ys = xs$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_iff_len_lexext*: $\text{len_lexext_rev } gt \text{ ys xs} \longleftrightarrow \text{len_lexext } gt (\text{rev ys}) (\text{rev xs})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_wf*: $wfP (\lambda x y. gt y x) \implies wfP (\lambda xs ys. \text{len_lexext_rev } gt \text{ ys xs})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *len_lexext_rev_hd_or_tl*:
 $\text{len_lexext_rev } gt (y \# ys) (x \# xs) \implies gt y x \vee \text{len_lexext_rev } gt \text{ ys xs}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_irrefl_trans_strong len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_snoc len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_compat_cons len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_compat_snoc len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_compat_list len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_singleton len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_total len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_wf len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_hd_or_tl len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation *len_lexext_rev*: $\text{ext_wf_bounded len_lexext_rev}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

5.7 Dershowitz–Manna Multiset Extension

definition *msetext_dersh* where

$\text{msetext_dersh } gt \text{ ys xs} = (\text{let } N = \text{mset ys}; M = \text{mset xs} \text{ in}$
 $(\exists Y X. Y \neq \{\#\} \wedge Y \subseteq \# N \wedge M = (N - Y) + X \wedge (\forall x. x \in \# X \rightarrow (\exists y. y \in \# Y \wedge gt y x))))$

The following proof is based on that of *less_multiset_{DM}_imp_mult*.

lemma *msetext_dersh_imp_mult_rel*:

assumes

$ys_a: ys \in \text{lists A}$ **and** $xs_a: xs \in \text{lists A}$ **and**
 $ys_gt_xs: \text{msetext_dersh } gt \text{ ys xs}$

shows $(\text{mset xs}, \text{mset ys}) \in \text{mult } \{(x, y). x \in A \wedge y \in A \wedge gt y x\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *msetext_dersh_imp_mult*: $\text{msetext_dersh } gt \text{ ys xs} \implies (\text{mset xs}, \text{mset ys}) \in \text{mult } \{(x, y). gt y x\}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *mult_imp_msetext_dersh_rel*:

assumes

```

 $ys\_a: \text{set\_mset}(\text{mset } ys) \subseteq A \text{ and } xs\_a: \text{set\_mset}(\text{mset } xs) \subseteq A \text{ and }$ 
 $\text{in\_mult}: (\text{mset } xs, \text{mset } ys) \in \text{mult } \{(x, y). x \in A \wedge y \in A \wedge \text{gt } y \ x\} \text{ and }$ 
 $\text{trans}: \forall z \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. \text{gt } z \ y \longrightarrow \text{gt } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{gt } z \ x$ 
shows  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_mono\_strong}$ :
  ( $\forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{gt}' \ y \ x) \implies \text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs \implies$ 
   $\text{msetext\_dersh gt}' \ ys \ xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_map\_strong}$ :
  assumes
     $\text{compat\_f}: \forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{gt } (f \ y) \ (f \ x) \text{ and }$ 
     $\text{ys\_gt\_xs}: \text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs$ 
  shows  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } (\text{map } f \ ys) \ (\text{map } f \ xs)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_trans}$ :
  assumes
     $zs\_a: zs \in \text{lists } A \text{ and }$ 
     $ys\_a: ys \in \text{lists } A \text{ and }$ 
     $xs\_a: xs \in \text{lists } A \text{ and }$ 
     $\text{trans}: \forall z \in A. \forall y \in A. \forall x \in A. \text{gt } z \ y \longrightarrow \text{gt } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{gt } z \ x \text{ and }$ 
     $zs\_gt\_ys: \text{msetext\_dersh gt } zs \ ys \text{ and }$ 
     $ys\_gt\_xs: \text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs$ 
  shows  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } zs \ xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_irrefl\_from\_trans}$ :
  assumes
     $\text{trans}: \forall z \in \text{set } xs. \forall y \in \text{set } xs. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } z \ y \longrightarrow \text{gt } y \ x \longrightarrow \text{gt } z \ x \text{ and }$ 
     $\text{irrefl}: \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \neg \text{gt } x \ x$ 
  shows  $\neg \text{msetext\_dersh gt } xs \ xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_snoc}$ :  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } (xs @ [x]) \ xs$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_compat\_cons}$ :
  assumes  $ys\_gt\_xs: \text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs$ 
  shows  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } (x \ # \ ys) \ (x \ # \ xs)$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_compat\_snoc}$ :  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs \implies \text{msetext\_dersh gt } (ys @ [x]) \ (xs @ [x])$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_compat\_list}$ :
  assumes  $y\_gt\_x: \text{gt } y \ x$ 
  shows  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } (xs @ y \ # \ xs') \ (xs @ x \ # \ xs')$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_singleton}$ :  $\text{msetext\_dersh gt } [y] \ [x] \longleftrightarrow \text{gt } y \ x$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma  $\text{msetext\_dersh\_wf}$ :
  assumes  $wf\_gt: wfP (\lambda x \ y. \text{gt } y \ x)$ 
  shows  $wfP (\lambda xs \ ys. \text{msetext\_dersh gt } ys \ xs)$ 
⟨proof⟩

interpretation  $\text{msetext\_dersh}$ : ext  $\text{msetext\_dersh}$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_trans_before_irrefl msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_snoc msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_compat_cons msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_compat_snoc msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_compat_list msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_singleton msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation msetext_dersh: ext_wf msetext_dersh
  ⟨proof⟩

```

5.8 Huet–Oppen Multiset Extension

```

definition msetext_huet where
  msetext_huet gt ys xs = (let N = mset ys; M = mset xs in
    M ≠ N ∧ (∀x. count M x > count N x → (exists y. gt y x ∧ count N y > count M y)))

```

```

lemma msetext_huet_imp_count_gt:
  assumes ys_gt_xs: msetext_huet gt ys xs
  shows ∃x. count (mset ys) x > count (mset xs) x
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma msetext_huet_imp_dersh:
  assumes huet: msetext_huet gt ys xs
  shows msetext_dersh gt ys xs
⟨proof⟩

```

The following proof is based on that of $\text{mult_imp_less_multiset}_{HO}$.

```

lemma mult_imp_msetext_huet:
  assumes
    irrefl: irreflp gt and trans: transp gt and
    in_mult: (mset xs, mset ys) ∈ mult {(x, y). gt y x}
  shows msetext_huet gt ys xs
⟨proof⟩

```

```

theorem msetext_huet_eq_dersh: irreflp gt ⇒ transp gt ⇒ msetext_dersh gt = msetext_huet gt
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma msetext_huet_mono_strong:
  (∀y ∈ set ys. ∀x ∈ set xs. gt y x → gt' y x) ⇒ msetext_huet gt ys xs ⇒ msetext_huet gt' ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma msetext_huet_map:
  assumes
    fin: finite A and
    ys_a: ys ∈ lists A and xs_a: xs ∈ lists A and
    irrefl_f: ∀x ∈ A. ¬ gt (f x) (f x) and
    trans_f: ∀z ∈ A. ∀y ∈ A. ∀x ∈ A. gt (f z) (f y) → gt (f y) (f x) → gt (f z) (f x) and
    compat_f: ∀y ∈ A. ∀x ∈ A. gt y x → gt (f y) (f x) and
    ys_gt_xs: msetext_huet gt ys xs
  shows msetext_huet gt (map f ys) (map f xs) (is msetext_huet _ ?fys ?fxs)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma msetext_huet_irrefl: (∀x ∈ set xs. ¬ gt x x) ⇒ ¬ msetext_huet gt xs xs

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma msetext_huet_trans_from_irrefl:
assumes
fin: finite A and
zs_a: zs ∈ lists A and ys_a: ys ∈ lists A and xs_a: xs ∈ lists A and
irrefl: ∀ x ∈ A. ¬ gt x x and
trans: ∀ z ∈ A. ∀ y ∈ A. gt z y → gt y x → gt z x and
zs_gt_ys: msetext_huet gt zs ys and
ys_gt_xs: msetext_huet gt ys xs
shows msetext_huet gt zs xs
```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```
lemma msetext_huet_snoc: msetext_huet gt (xs @ [x]) xs
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_compat_cons: msetext_huet gt ys xs ⇒ msetext_huet gt (x # ys) (x # xs)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_compat_snoc: msetext_huet gt ys xs ⇒ msetext_huet gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_compat_list: y ≠ x ⇒ gt y x ⇒ msetext_huet gt (xs @ y # xs') (xs @ x # xs')
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_singleton: y ≠ x ⇒ msetext_huet gt [y] [x] ↔ gt y x
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_wf: wfP (λx y. gt y x) ⇒ wfP (λxs ys. msetext_huet gt ys xs)
⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma msetext_huet_hd_or_tl:
assumes
trans: ∀ z y x. gt z y → gt y x → gt z x and
total: ∀ y x. gt y x ∨ gt x y ∨ y = x and
len_eq: length ys = length xs and
yys_gt_xxs: msetext_huet gt (y # ys) (x # xs)
shows gt y x ∨ msetext_huet gt ys xs
```

interpretation msetext_huet: ext msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_irrefl_before_trans msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_snoc msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_compat_cons msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_compat_snoc msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_compat_list msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_singleton msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

interpretation msetext_huet: ext_wf msetext_huet
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```
interpretation msetext_huet: ext_hd_or_tl msetext_huet
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
interpretation msetext_huet: ext_wf_bounded msetext_huet
  ⟨proof⟩
```

5.9 Componentwise Extension

```
definition cwiseext :: ('a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool) ⇒ 'a list ⇒ 'a list ⇒ bool where
```

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } ys \text{ } xs &\longleftrightarrow \text{length } ys = \text{length } xs \\ &\wedge (\forall i < \text{length } ys. \text{ } gt \text{ } (ys ! i) \text{ } (xs ! i) \vee ys ! i = xs ! i) \\ &\wedge (\exists i < \text{length } ys. \text{ } gt \text{ } (ys ! i) \text{ } (xs ! i)) \end{aligned}$$

```
lemma cwiseext_imp_len_lexext:
```

```
  assumes cw: cwiseext gt ys xs
```

```
  shows len_lexext gt ys xs
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_mono_strong:
```

$$(\forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } y \text{ } x \longrightarrow \text{gt' } y \text{ } x) \implies \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } ys \text{ } xs \implies \text{cwiseext } gt' \text{ } ys \text{ } xs$$

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_map_strong:
```

$$(\forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } y \text{ } x \longrightarrow \text{gt } (f \text{ } y) \text{ } (f \text{ } x)) \implies \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } ys \text{ } xs \implies$$

$$\text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } (\text{map } f \text{ } ys) \text{ } (\text{map } f \text{ } xs)$$

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_irrefl: ( $\forall x \in \text{set } xs. \neg \text{gt } x \text{ } x$ )  $\implies \neg \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } xs \text{ } xs$ 
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_trans_strong:
```

```
  assumes
```

$$\begin{aligned} \forall z \in \text{set } zs. \forall y \in \text{set } ys. \forall x \in \text{set } xs. \text{gt } z \text{ } y \longrightarrow \text{gt } y \text{ } x \longrightarrow \text{gt } z \text{ } x \text{ and} \\ \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } zs \text{ } ys \text{ and } \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } ys \text{ } xs \end{aligned}$$

```
  shows cwiseext gt zs xs
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_compat_cons: cwiseext gt ys xs  $\implies$  cwiseext gt (x # ys) (x # xs)
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_compat_snoc: cwiseext gt ys xs  $\implies$  cwiseext gt (ys @ [x]) (xs @ [x])
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_compat_list:
```

```
  assumes y_gt_x: gt y x
```

```
  shows cwiseext gt (xs @ y # xs') (xs @ x # xs')
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_singleton: cwiseext gt [y] [x]  $\longleftrightarrow$  gt y x
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_wf: wfP ( $\lambda x \text{ } y. \text{gt } y \text{ } x$ )  $\implies$  wfP ( $\lambda xs \text{ } ys. \text{cwiseext } gt \text{ } ys \text{ } xs$ )
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma cwiseext_hd_or_tl: cwiseext gt (y # ys) (x # xs)  $\implies$  gt y x  $\vee$  cwiseext gt ys xs
```

```
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
locale ext_cwiseext = ext_compat_list + ext_compat_cons
begin
```

```
context
```

```
  fixes gt :: 'a ⇒ 'a ⇒ bool
```

```
  assumes
```

```

gt_irrefl:  $\neg gt\ x\ x$  and
trans_gt:  $ext\ gt\ zs\ ys \implies ext\ gt\ ys\ xs \implies ext\ gt\ zs\ xs$ 
begin

lemma
  assumes ys_gtcw_xs: cwiseext gt ys xs
  shows ext gt ys xs
  ⟨proof⟩

end

end

interpretation cwiseext: ext cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_irrefl_trans_strong cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_compat_cons cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_compat_snoc cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_compat_list cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_singleton cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_wf cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_hd_or_tl cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

interpretation cwiseext: ext_wf_bounded cwiseext
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

6 The Applicative Recursive Path Order for Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

```

theory Lambda_Free_RPO_App
imports Lambda_Free_Term_Extension_Orders
abbrevs >t = >t
  and ≥t = ≥t
begin

```

This theory defines the applicative recursive path order (RPO), a variant of RPO for λ -free higher-order terms. It corresponds to the order obtained by applying the standard first-order RPO on the applicative encoding of higher-order terms and assigning the lowest precedence to the application symbol.

```

locale rpo_app = gt_sym (>s)
  for gt_sym :: 's ⇒ 's ⇒ bool (infix >s 50) +
  fixes ext :: (('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list ⇒ bool
  assumes
    ext_ext_trans_before_irrefl: ext_trans_before_irrefl ext and
    ext_ext_compat_list: ext_compat_list ext
begin

```

```

lemma ext_mono[mono]:  $gt \leq gt' \implies \text{ext } gt \leq \text{ext } gt'$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive gt :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix >t 50) where
| gt_sub: is_App t ⇒ (fun t >t s ∨ fun t = s) ∨ (arg t >t s ∨ arg t = s) ⇒ t >t s
| gt_sym_sym: g >s f ⇒ Hd (Sym g) >t Hd (Sym f)
| gt_sym_app: Hd (Sym g) >t s1 ⇒ Hd (Sym g) >t s2 ⇒ Hd (Sym g) >t App s1 s2
| gt_app_app: ext (>t) [t1, t2] [s1, s2] ⇒ App t1 t2 >t s1 ⇒ App t1 t2 >t s2 ⇒
  App t1 t2 >t App s1 s2

abbreviation ge :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix ≥t 50) where
  t ≥t s ≡ t >t s ∨ t = s

end
end

```

7 The Graceful Recursive Path Order for Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

```

theory Lambda_Free_RPO_Std
imports Lambda_Free_Term Extension_Orders Nested_Multisets_Ordinals.Multiset_More
abbrevs >t = >t
  and ≥t = ≥t
begin

```

This theory defines the graceful recursive path order (RPO) for λ -free higher-order terms.

7.1 Setup

```

locale rpo_basis = ground_heads (>s) arity_sym arity_var
for
  gt_sym :: 's ⇒ 's ⇒ bool (infix >s 50) and
  arity_sym :: 's ⇒ enat and
  arity_var :: 'v ⇒ enat +
fixes
  extf :: 's ⇒ (('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm list ⇒ bool
assumes
  extf_ext_trans_before_irrefl: ext_trans_before_irrefl (extf f) and
  extf_ext_compat_cons: ext_compat_cons (extf f) and
  extf_ext_compat_list: ext_compat_list (extf f)
begin

lemma extf_ext_trans: ext_trans (extf f)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma extf_ext: ext (extf f)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas extf_mono_strong = ext_mono_strong[OF extf_ext]
lemmas extf_mono = ext_mono[OF extf_ext, mono]
lemmas extf_map = ext_map[OF extf_ext]
lemmas extf_trans = ext_trans.trans[OF extf_ext_trans]
lemmas extf_irrefl_from_trans =
  ext_trans_before_irrefl.irrefl_from_trans[OF extf_ext_trans_before_irrefl]
lemmas extf_compat_append_left = ext_compat_cons.compat_append_left[OF extf_ext_compat_cons]
lemmas extf_compat_list = ext_compat_list.compat_list[OF extf_ext_compat_list]

definition chkvar :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  [simp]: chkvar t s ⇔ vars_hd (head s) ⊆ vars t

end

```

```

locale rpo = rpo_basis __ arity_sym arity_var
for
  arity_sym :: 's ⇒ enat and
  arity_var :: 'v ⇒ enat
begin

7.2 Inductive Definitions

definition
  chksubs :: (('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool
where
  [simp]: chksubs gt t s ⟷ (case s of App s1 s2 ⇒ gt t s1 ∧ gt t s2 | _ ⇒ True)

lemma chksubs_mono[mono]: gt ≤ gt' ⇒ chksubs gt ≤ chksubs gt'
  ⟨proof⟩

inductive gt :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix >t 50) where
  gt_sub: is_App t ⇒ (fun t >t s ∨ fun t = s) ∨ (arg t >t s ∨ arg t = s) ⇒ t >t s
  | gt_diff: head t >hd head s ⇒ chkvar t s ⇒ chksubs (>t) t s ⇒ t >t s
  | gt_same: head t = head s ⇒ chksubs (>t) t s ⇒
    (forall f ∈ ground_heads (head t). extf f (>t) (args t) (args s)) ⇒ t >t s

abbreviation ge :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix ≥t 50) where
  t ≤t s ≡ t >t s ∨ t = s

inductive gt_sub :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  gt_subI: is_App t ⇒ fun t ≥t s ∨ arg t ≥t s ⇒ gt_sub t s

inductive gt_diff :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  gt_diffI: head t >hd head s ⇒ chkvar t s ⇒ chksubs (>t) t s ⇒ gt_diff t s

inductive gt_same :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool where
  gt_sameI: head t = head s ⇒ chksubs (>t) t s ⇒
    (forall f ∈ ground_heads (head t). extf f (>t) (args t) (args s)) ⇒ gt_same t s

lemma gt_iff_sub_diff_same: t >t s ⇐⇒ gt_sub t s ∨ gt_diff t s ∨ gt_same t s
  ⟨proof⟩


```

7.3 Transitivity

```

lemma gt_fun_imp: fun t >t s ⇒ t >t s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma gt_arg_imp: arg t >t s ⇒ t >t s
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma gt_imp_vars: t >t s ⇒ vars t ⊇ vars s
  ⟨proof⟩

theorem gt_trans: u >t t ⇒ t >t s ⇒ u >t s
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.4 Irreflexivity

```

theorem gt_irrefl: ¬ s >t s
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma gt_antisym: t >t s ⇒ ¬ s >t t
  ⟨proof⟩

```

7.5 Subterm Property

```

lemma

```

```

 $gt\_sub\_fun: App\ s\ t >_t s$  and
 $gt\_sub\_arg: App\ s\ t >_t t$ 
⟨proof⟩

theorem  $gt\_proper\_sub: proper\_sub\ s\ t \implies t >_t s$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

7.6 Compatibility with Functions

```

lemma  $gt\_compat\_fun:$ 
  assumes  $t' \gtreqless t: t' >_t t$ 
  shows  $App\ s\ t' >_t App\ s\ t$ 
⟨proof⟩

theorem  $gt\_compat\_fun\_strong:$ 
  assumes  $t' \gtreqless t: t' >_t t$ 
  shows  $apps\ s\ (t' \# us) >_t apps\ s\ (t \# us)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

7.7 Compatibility with Arguments

```

theorem  $gt\_diff\_same\_compat\_arg:$ 
  assumes
     $\text{extf\_compat\_snoc}: \bigwedge f. \text{ext\_compat\_snoc}(\text{extf } f)$  and
     $\text{diff\_same}: gt\_diff\ s'\ s \vee gt\_same\ s'\ s$ 
  shows  $App\ s'\ t >_t App\ s\ t$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

7.8 Stability under Substitution

```

lemma  $gt\_imp\_chksubs\_gt:$ 
  assumes  $t \gtreqless s: t >_t s$ 
  shows  $chksubs\ (>_t)\ t\ s$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

```

theorem  $gt\_subst:$ 
  assumes  $wary\ \varrho: wary\_subst\ \varrho$ 
  shows  $t >_t s \implies subst\ \varrho\ t >_t subst\ \varrho\ s$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

7.9 Totality on Ground Terms

```

theorem  $gt\_total\_ground:$ 
  assumes  $\text{extf\_total}: \bigwedge f. \text{ext\_total}(\text{extf } f)$ 
  shows  $ground\ t \implies ground\ s \implies t >_t s \vee s >_t t \vee t = s$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

7.10 Well-foundedness

```

abbreviation  $gtg :: ('s, 'v) tm \Rightarrow ('s, 'v) tm \Rightarrow bool$  (infix  $>_{tg}$  50) where
 $(>_{tg}) \equiv \lambda t\ s. ground\ t \wedge t >_t s$ 

```

```

theorem  $gt\_wf:$ 
  assumes  $\text{extf\_wf}: \bigwedge f. \text{ext\_wf}(\text{extf } f)$ 
  shows  $wfP(\lambda s\ t. t >_t s)$ 
⟨proof⟩

```

end

end

8 The Optimized Graceful Recursive Path Order for Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

```
theory Lambda_Free_RPO_Optim
imports Lambda_Free_RPO_Std
begin
```

This theory defines the optimized variant of the graceful recursive path order (RPO) for λ -free higher-order terms.

8.1 Setup

```
locale rpo_optim = rpo_basis _ _ arity_sym arity_var
for
  arity_sym :: 's ⇒ enat and
  arity_var :: 'v ⇒ enat +
assumes extf_ext_snoc: ext_snoc (extf f)
begin
```

```
lemmas extf_snoc = ext_snoc.snoc[OF extf_ext_snoc]
```

8.2 Definition of the Order

```
definition
  chkargs :: (('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool) ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool
where
  [simp]: chkargs gt t s ↔ (forall s' ∈ set (args s). gt t s')
```

```
lemma chkargs_mono[mono]: gt ≤ gt' ⇒ chkargs gt ≤ chkargs gt'
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
inductive gt :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix >_t 50) where
  gt_arg: ti ∈ set (args t) ⇒ ti >_t s ∨ ti = s ⇒ t >_t s
  | gt_diff: head t >_hd head s ⇒ chkvar t s ⇒ chkargs (>_t) t s ⇒ t >_t s
  | gt_same: head t = head s ⇒ chkargs (>_t) t s ⇒
    (forall f ∈ ground_heads (head t). extf f (>_t) (args t) (args s)) ⇒ t >_t s
```

```
abbreviation ge :: ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ ('s, 'v) tm ⇒ bool (infix ≥_t 50) where
  t ≥_t s ≡ t >_t s ∨ t = s
```

8.3 Transitivity

```
lemma gt_in_args_imp: ti ∈ set (args t) ⇒ ti >_t s ⇒ t >_t s
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gt_imp_vars: t >_t s ⇒ vars t ⊇ vars s
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gt_trans: u >_t t ⇒ t >_t s ⇒ u >_t s
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gt_sub_fun: App s t >_t s
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

8.4 Conditional Equivalence with Unoptimized Version

```
context rpo
begin
```

```
context
  assumes extf_ext_snoc: ∀f. ext_snoc (extf f)
```

```

begin

lemma rpo_optim: rpo_optim ground_heads_var ( $>_s$ ) extf arity_sym arity_var
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation
  chkargs :: (('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool)  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where
  chkargs  $\equiv$  rpo_optim.chkargs

abbreviation gt_optim :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $>_{to}$  50) where
  ( $>_{to}$ )  $\equiv$  rpo_optim.gt ground_heads_var ( $>_s$ ) extf

abbreviation ge_optim :: ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  bool (infix  $\geq_{to}$  50) where
  ( $\geq_{to}$ )  $\equiv$  rpo_optim.ge ground_heads_var ( $>_s$ ) extf

theorem gt_iff_optim:  $t >_t s \longleftrightarrow t >_{to} s$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

end

end

end

```

9 An Encoding of Lambdas in Lambda-Free Higher-Order Logic

```

theory Lambda_Encoding
imports Lambda_Free_Term
begin

This theory defines an encoding of  $\lambda$ -expressions as  $\lambda$ -free higher-order terms.

locale lambda_encoding =
  fixes
    lam :: 's and
    db :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  's
begin

definition is_db :: 's  $\Rightarrow$  bool where
  is_db f  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists i$ . f = db i)

fun subst_db :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'v  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm where
  subst_db i x (Hd  $\zeta$ ) = Hd (if  $\zeta = \text{Var } x$  then Sym (db i) else  $\zeta$ )
| subst_db i x (App s t) =
  App (subst_db i x s) (subst_db (if head s = Sym lam then i + 1 else i) x t)

definition raw_db_subst :: nat  $\Rightarrow$  'v  $\Rightarrow$  ('s, 'v) tm where
  raw_db_subst i x = ( $\lambda y$ . Hd (if y = x then Sym (db i) else Var y))

lemma vars_mset_subst_db: vars_mset (subst_db i x s) = {#y  $\in$  vars_mset s. y  $\neq$  x#}
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma head_subst_db: head (subst_db i x s) = head (subst (raw_db_subst i x) s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma args_subst_db:
  args (subst_db i x s) = map (subst_db (if head s = Sym lam then i + 1 else i) x) (args s)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma var_mset_subst_db_subseteq:
  vars_mset s  $\subseteq$  vars_mset t  $\implies$  vars_mset (subst_db i x s)  $\subseteq$  vars_mset (subst_db i x t)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```
end  
end
```

10 Recursive Path Orders for Lambda-Free Higher-Order Terms

```
theory Lambda_Free_RPOs
imports Lambda_Free_RPO_App Lambda_Free_RPO_Optim Lambda_Encoding
begin

locale simple_rpo_instances
begin

definition arity_sym :: nat ⇒ enat where
arity_sym n = ∞

definition arity_var :: nat ⇒ enat where
arity_var n = ∞

definition ground_head_var :: nat ⇒ nat set where
ground_head_var x = UNIV

definition gt_sym :: nat ⇒ nat ⇒ bool where
gt_sym g f ↔ g > f

sublocale app: rpo_app gt_sym len_lexext
⟨proof⟩

sublocale std: rpo ground_head_var gt_sym λf. len_lexext arity_sym arity_var
⟨proof⟩

sublocale optim: rpo_optim ground_head_var gt_sym λf. len_lexext arity_sym arity_var
⟨proof⟩

end
end
```