

CS 253: Web Security

Cookies and Sessions

COOKIES! COOKIES! COOKIES!

Recall: Cookies

Server sends a cookie with a response

Set-Cookie: theme=dark;

Header Name

Cookie Name

Cookie Value

Client sends a cookie with a request

Cookie: theme=dark;

Header Name

Cookie Name

Cookie Value

Sessions

- **Cookies** are used by the server to implement **sessions**
- **Goal:** Server keeps a set of data related to a user's current "browsing session"
- Examples
 - Logins
 - Shopping carts
 - User tracking

Demos: Sessions

Demo: Insecure Session 1

```
<!doctype html>
<html lang='en'>
  <head>
    <meta charset='utf-8' />
    <title>My Cool Site</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>Bank login:</h1>
    <form method='POST' action='/login'>
      Username:
      <input name='username' />
      <br />
      Password:
      <input name='password' type='password' />
      <br />
      <input type='submit' value='Login' />
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

Demo: Insecure Session 1

```
const express = require('express')
const { createReadStream } = require('fs')
const cookieParser = require('cookie-parser')

const app = express()
app.use(cookieParser())
app.use(express.urlencoded({ extended: false }))

// Routes go here!

app.listen(8000)
```

Demo: Insecure Session 1

```
const USERS = { alice: 'password', bob: '50505' }
const BALANCES = { alice: 500, bob: 100 }

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  const { username } = req.cookies
  if (username) {
    res.send(`

      <h1>Welcome, ${username}</h1>
      <p>Your balance is $$BALANCES[username]</p>
    `)
  } else {
    createReadStream('index.html').pipe(res)
  }
})
```

Demo: Insecure Session 1

```
app.post('/login', (req, res) => {
  const { username } = req.body
  const { password } = req.body
  if (password === USERS[username]) {
    res.cookie('username', username)
    res.redirect('/')
  } else {
    res.send('fail!')
  }
})
```

```
app.get('/logout', (req, res) => {
  res.clearCookie('username')
  res.redirect('/')
})
```

First HTTP request:

POST /login HTTP/1.1

Host: example.com

username=alice&password=password

HTTP response:

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Set-Cookie: username=alice

Date: Tue, 24 Sep 2019 20:30:00 GMT

<!DOCTYPE html ...

All future HTTP requests:

GET /page.html HTTP/1.1

Host: example.com

Cookie: username=alice;

Ambient authority

- **Access control** - Regulate who can view resources or take actions
- **Ambient authority** - Access control based on a **global and persistent property** of the requester
 - The alternative is explicit authorization **valid only for a specific action**
- There are four types of ambient authority on the web
 - **Cookies** - most common, most versatile method
 - **IP checking** - used at Stanford for library resources
 - **Built-in HTTP authentication** - rarely used
 - **Client certificates** - rarely used

Quick primer: Signature schemes

- Triple of algorithms (G , S , V)
 - $G() \rightarrow k$ - generator returns key
 - $S(k, x) \rightarrow t$ - signing returns a tag t for input x
 - $V(k, x, t) \rightarrow \text{accept}|\text{reject}$ - checks validity of tag t for given input x
- Correctness property
 - $V(k, x, S(k, x)) = \text{accept}$ should always be true
- Security property
 - $V(k, x, t) = \text{accept}$ should almost never be true when x and t are chosen by the attacker

Client

Server

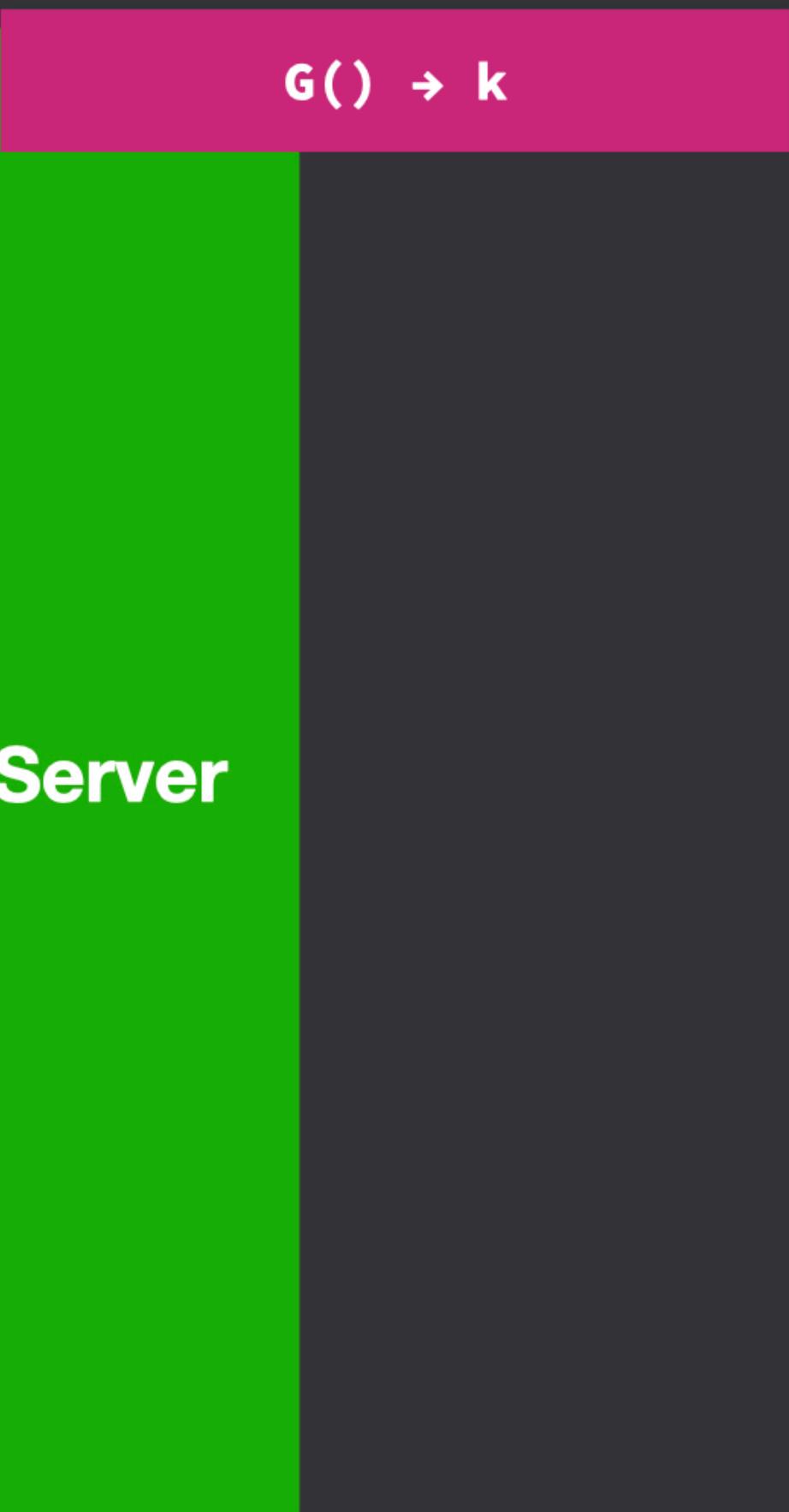
Client

$G() \rightarrow k$

Server

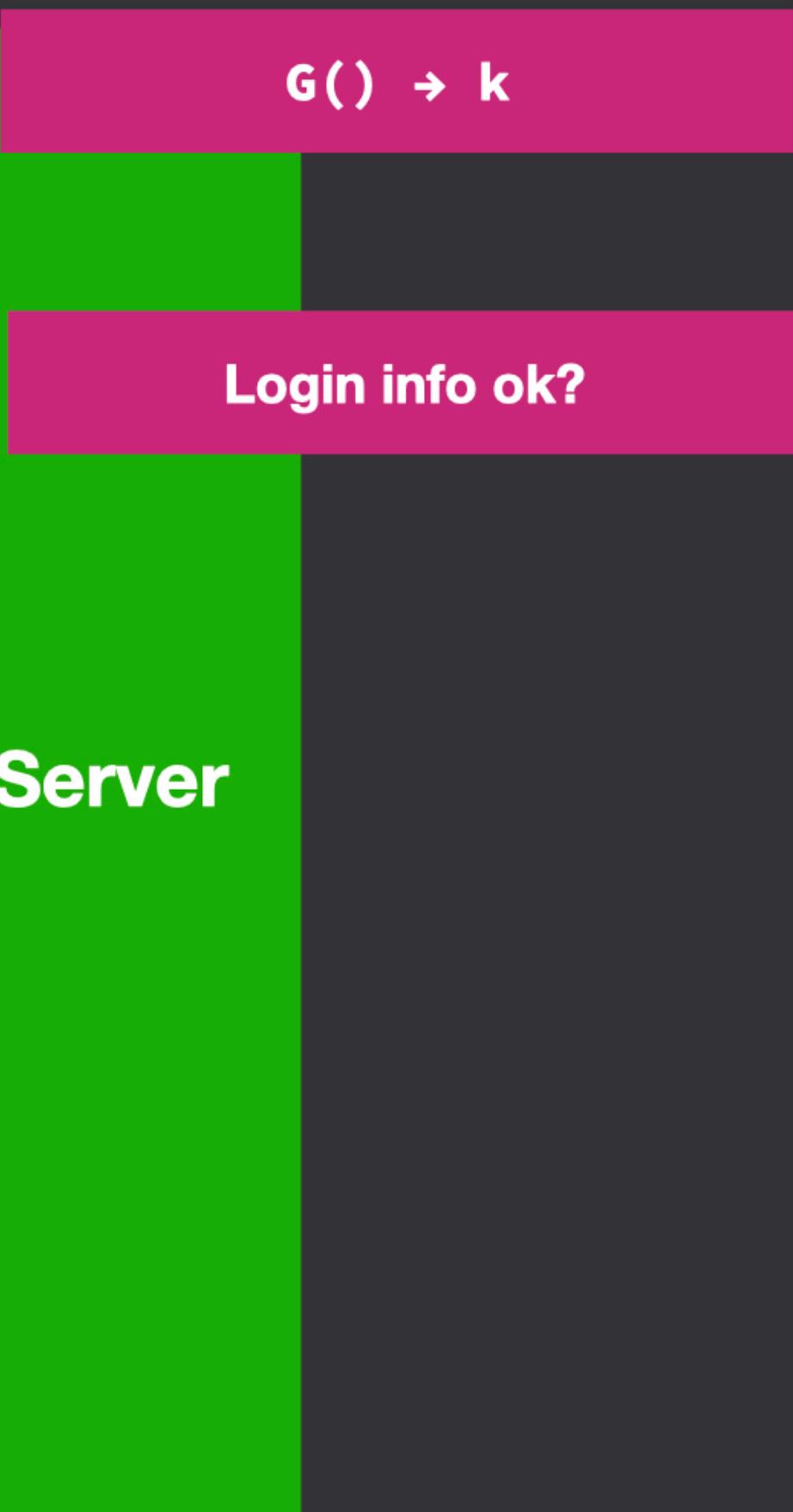
Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



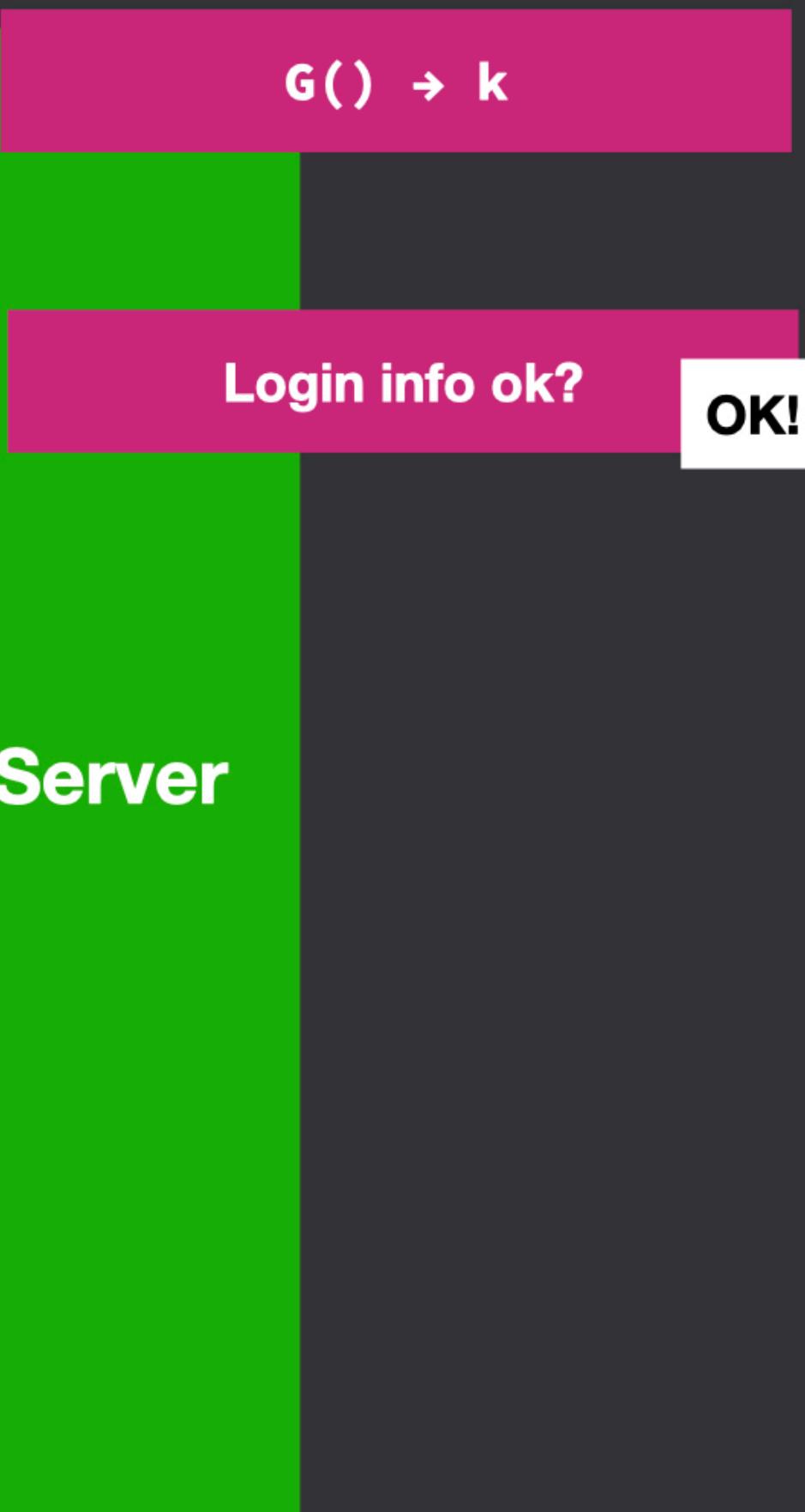
Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Set-Cookie: username=alice;
Set-Cookie: tag=t;



GET / HTTP/1.1
Cookie: username=alice; tag=t

Server

G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Set-Cookie: username=alice;
Set-Cookie: tag=t;



GET / HTTP/1.1
Cookie: username=alice; tag=t



G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

V(k, 'alice', t) → ok?

Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Set-Cookie: username=alice;
Set-Cookie: tag=t;



GET / HTTP/1.1
Cookie: username=alice; tag=t



G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

V(k, 'alice', t) → ok?

OK!

Client

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Set-Cookie: username=alice;
Set-Cookie: tag=t;



GET / HTTP/1.1
Cookie: username=alice; tag=t



HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Private webpage for Alice!



G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

V(k, 'alice', t) → ok?

OK!

Client

Repeat

POST /login HTTP/1.1
username=alice&password=password

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Set-Cookie: username=alice;
Set-Cookie: tag=t;

GET / HTTP/1.1
Cookie: username=alice; tag=t

HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Private webpage for Alice!

G() → k

Login info ok?

OK!

S(k, 'alice') → t

Server

V(k, 'alice', t) → ok?

OK!

Demo: Insecure Session 2

```
const COOKIE_SECRET = 'G2T7SRHTX1T62DHR'
app.use(cookieParser(COOKIE_SECRET))

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  const { username } = req.signedCookies
  if (username) {
    res.send(`
      <h1>Welcome, ${username}</h1>
      <p>Your balance is $$BALANCES[username]</p>
    `)
  } else {
    createReadStream('index.html').pipe(res)
  }
})

app.post('/login', (req, res) => {
  const { username } = req.body
  const { password } = req.body
  if (password === USERS[username]) {
    res.cookie('username', username, { signed: true })
    res.redirect('/')
  } else {
    res.send('fail!')
  }
})

app.get('/logout', (req, res) => {
  res.clearCookie('username')
  res.redirect('/')
})
```

Demo: Insecure Session 3

```
let nextSessionId = 1
const SESSIONS = {} // sessionId -> username

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  const { sessionId } = req.cookies
  const username = SESSIONS[sessionId]

  if (username) {
    res.send(`
      <h1>Welcome, ${username}</h1>
      <p>Your balance is $$BALANCES[${username}]</p>
    `)
  } else {
    createReadStream('index.html').pipe(res)
  }
})

app.post('/login', (req, res) => {
  const { username } = req.body
  const { password } = req.body
  if (password === USERS[username]) {
    SESSIONS[nextSessionId] = username
    res.cookie('sessionId', nextSessionId)
    nextSessionId += 1
    res.redirect('/')
  } else {
    res.send('fail!')
  }
})

app.get('/logout', (req, res) => {
  const { sessionId } = req.cookies
  delete SESSIONS[sessionId]
  res.clearCookie('username')
  res.redirect('/')
})
```

Demo: Secure Session

```
const { randomBytes } = require('crypto')

const SESSIONS = {} // sessionId -> username

app.get('/', (req, res) => {
  const sessionId = req.cookies.sessionId
  const username = SESSIONS[sessionId]

  if (username) {
    res.send(`Hi ${username}. Your balance is ${BALANCES[username]}.`)
  } else {
    createReadStream('index.html').pipe(res)
  }
})

app.post('/login', (req, res) => {
  const username = req.body.username
  const password = USERS[username]
  if (password === req.body.password) {
    const sessionId = randomBytes(16).toString('hex')
    SESSIONS[sessionId] = username
    res.cookie('sessionId', sessionId)
    res.redirect('/')
  } else {
    res.send('fail!')
  }
})

app.get('/logout', (req, res) => {
  const sessionId = req.cookies.sessionId
  delete SESSIONS[sessionId]
  res.clearCookie('sessionId')
  res.redirect('/')
})
```

Sessions: Desired properties

- Browser remembers user (so user doesn't need to repeatedly log in)
- User cannot modify session cookie to login as another user
- Session cookies are not valid forever
- Sessions can be deleted on the server-side
- Sessions should expire after some time, e.g. 30 days

History of cookies

- Implemented in 1994 in Netscape and described in 4-page draft
- No spec for 17 years
 - Attempt made in 1997, but made incompatible changes
 - Another attempt in 2000 ("Cookie2"), same problem
 - Around 2011, another effort succeeded (RFC 6265)
- Ad-hoc design has led to *interesting* issues

END