

# Bahamas, The

*Women, Business and the Law 2024* (WBL2024) presents an index covering 190 economies and structured around the life cycle of a working woman. In total, 35 questions are scored across eight indicators. Overall scores are then calculated by taking the average of each indicator, with 100 representing the highest possible score. Data refer to the laws and regulations that are applicable to the main business city (Nassau). Different rules may apply in other jurisdictions so local legislation should be reviewed. Based on this approach, **the Bahamas scores 81.3 out of 100.0**. The overall score for the Bahamas is higher than the regional average observed across Latin America and the Caribbean (81.2). Within the Latin America and the Caribbean region, the maximum score observed is 95 (Peru).

## The Bahamas - Scores for Women, Business and the Law 2024



### Relative Strengths

When it comes to constraints on freedom of movement, laws affecting women's decisions to work, gender differences in property and inheritance, and laws affecting the size of a woman's pension, the Bahamas gets a perfect score.

### Areas for Improvement

When it comes to laws affecting women's pay, constraints related to marriage, laws affecting women's work after having children, and constraints on women starting and running a business, the Bahamas could consider reforms to improve legal equality for women.

For example, one of the lowest scores for the Bahamas is on the indicator measuring laws affecting women's work after having children (the WBL2024 Parenthood indicator). To improve on the Parenthood indicator, the Bahamas may wish to consider making paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers, making the government administer 100% of maternity leave benefits, making paid leave available to fathers, and making paid parental leave available.

### Recent Reforms

No reforms were observed during the past year (October 2nd, 2022 – October 1st, 2023).



Further data details for the Bahamas are available at:  
<https://wbl.worldbank.org/en/data/exploreconomies/bahamas-the/2024>



	QUESTION	ANSWER	LEGAL BASIS
Mobility	Can a woman choose where to live in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman travel outside her home in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman apply for a passport in the same way as a man?	Yes	Passport Rules, Arts. 5 and 7-8
	Can a woman travel outside the country in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Workplace	Can a woman get a job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in employment based on gender?	Yes	Labor Code, Sec. 6
	Is there legislation on sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	Sexual Offences Act, Sec. 26
	Are there criminal penalties or civil remedies for sexual harassment in employment?	Yes	<i>Criminal:</i> Sexual Offences Act, Sec. 26(2) <i>Civil:</i> No applicable provisions could be located
Pay	Does the law mandate equal remuneration for work of equal value?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Can a woman work at night in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman work in a job deemed dangerous in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Can a woman work in an industrial job in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Marriage	Is the law free of legal provisions that require a married woman to obey her husband?	Yes	No applicable provisions could be located
	Can a woman be head of household in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Is there legislation specifically addressing domestic violence?	Yes	Domestic Violence (Protection Orders) Act
	Can a woman obtain a judgment of divorce in the same way as a man?	No	Matrimonial Causes Act, Sec. 16(2) and (3)
Parenthood	Does a woman have the same rights to remarry as a man?	Yes	Matrimonial Causes Act, Sec. 64
	Is paid leave of at least 14 weeks available to mothers?	No	Labor Code, Sec. 18; National Insurance (Benefit and Assistance) Regulations, Sec. 37
	Does the government pay 100% of maternity leave benefits?	No	Labor Code, Sec. 17; National Insurance (Benefit and Assistance) Regulations, Sec. 10
	Is paid leave available to fathers?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Is there paid parental leave?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
Entrepreneurship	Is dismissal of pregnant workers prohibited?	Yes	Labor Code, Sec. 21
	Does the law prohibit discrimination in access to credit based on gender?	No	No applicable provisions could be located
	Can a woman sign a contract in the same way as a man?	Yes	Married Women's Property Act, Sec. 2(2)
	Can a woman register a business in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
Assets	Can a woman open a bank account in the same way as a man?	Yes	No restrictions could be located
	Do men and women have equal ownership rights to immovable property?	Yes	Married Women's Property Act, Secs. 2, 3 and 6
	Do sons and daughters have equal rights to inherit assets from their parents?	Yes	Inheritance Act, Sec. 4(a)
	Do female and male surviving spouses have equal rights to inherit assets?	Yes	Inheritance Act, Art. 4(a)
	Does the law grant spouses equal administrative authority over assets during marriage?	Yes	Married Women's Property Act, Secs. 2(1), 3 and 6
	Does the law provide for the valuation of nonmonetary contributions?	Yes	Matrimonial Causes Act, Sec. 29(1)(f)
Pension	Is the age at which men and women can retire with full pension benefits the same?	Yes	National Insurance (Benefit and Assistance) Regulations, Sec. 18
	Is the age at which men and women can retire with partial pension benefits the same?	Yes	National Insurance (Benefit and Assistance) Regulations, Sec. 21
	Is the mandatory retirement age for men and women the same?	Yes	No applicable provisions could be located
	Are periods of absence due to childcare accounted for in pension benefits?	Yes	National Insurance (Benefit and Assistance) Regulations, Sec. 103