

INTRODUCTION

The latest genomic test international evaluation for workability traits took place as scheduled at the Interbull Centre. Data from 15 countries were included in this evaluation.

International genetic evaluations for workability traits of bulls were computed from: AUS CAN CHE DEU DFS FRA GBR NLD SVN NZL ITA JPN ESP CZE POL
Holstein data were included in this evaluation.

CAN, DEU, FRA, DFS, GBR, NLD, ITA, ESP, POL submitted GEBVs.

msp: CAN, DEU, FRA, DFS, GBR, NLD, ITA, ESP, POL
tem: , DEU, , DFS, GBR, NLD

CHANGES IN NATIONAL PROCEDURES

Changes in the national genetic evaluation of workability traits are as follows:

DFS (HOL) Started a new system for handling genotypes. As a consequence few bulls with genotypes have been deleted from the system
ITA (HOL) The national data recording system makes workability recordings available every six months. The data flow is not always constant, and some discrepancies are expected among runs.
NLD (HOL) SNP effects and DGTV are estimated with single step genomic system. GEBV are published from the pseudo-record system using DGV from the single step system
INTERBULL CHANGES COMPARED TO THE DECEMBER ROUTINE RUN

No changes in Interbull procedures

DATA AND METHOD OF ANALYSIS

Thirteen Holstein populations sent GEBV data for up to 38 traits, while classical EBVs for the same traits were used in the analyses. Young bull GEBVs from the GEBV providers have been converted to the scales of all countries participating in classical MACE. A bull will get a MACE EBV or a GMACE EBV but not both.

From those thirteen countries, National GEBVs of bulls less than seven years of age and with no classical MACE proofs were included for the breeding value prediction with a further requirement of either a MACE-PA or a GMACE-PA (for young genomic bulls with young genomic sires) being available.

The parameter-space approach is used for the GMACE genetic evaluations (Sullivan, 2016)

SCIENTIFIC LITERATURE

The international genetic evaluation procedure is based on international work described in the following scientific publications:

Sullivan, P.G. 2016. Defining a Parameter Space for GMACE. Interbull Bulletin 50, p 85-93.

VanRaden, P.M. and Sullivan, P.G. 2010. International genomic evaluation methods for dairy cattle. Gen. Sel. Evol. 42:7

Sullivan, P.G. and Jakobsen, J.H. 2012. Robust GMACE for young bulls methodology. Interbull Bulletin 45, Article 1.

Sullivan, P.G. 2012a. GMACE reliability approximation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_rels 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012b. GMACE variance estimation. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_vce 2013

Sullivan, P.G. 2012c. GMACE Weighting Factors. Report to the GMACE working group of Interbull. GMACE_gedcs 2013

Jakobsen, J.H. and Sullivan, P.G. 2013. Trait specific computation of shared reference population. Reference sharing Nov 2013

NEXT ROUTINE INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

Dates for next routine run can be found on <http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>

NEXT TEST INTERNATIONAL EVALUATION

 Dates for next test run can be found on <http://www.interbull.org/ib/servicecalendar>

PUBLICATION OF INTERBULL ROUTINE RUN

 Results were distributed by the Interbull Centre to designated representatives in each country. The international evaluation file comprised international proofs expressed on the base and unit of each country included in the analysis. Such records readily provide more information on bull performance in various countries, thereby minimising the need to resort to conversions.

At the same time, all recipients of Interbull results are expected to honour the agreed code of practice, decided by the Interbull Steering Committee, and only publish international evaluations on their own country scale. Evaluations expressed on another country scale are confidential and may only be used internally for research and review purposes.

Table 1. National evaluation dates in GMACE run December 2023

Country	Date
CAN	20231201
DEU	20231205
DFS	20231107
FRA	20231206
NLD	20231201
GBR	20231110
ITA	20231107
ESP	20231115
POL	20211207

Table 2.

Number of bulls in reference population for	msp
CAN	24877.0
DEU	7591.0 39060.0
DFS	4923.0 34988.0 35802.0
FRA	3661.0 30911.0 30698.0 32464.0
NLD	3612.0 32327.0 32121.0 30457.0 33591.0
GBR	21031.0 8374.0 5709.0 3760.0 3971.0 23235.0
ITA	21828.0 7260.0 4536.0 3011.0 3058.0 21044.0 22787.0
ESP	6175.0 36178.0 35273.0 30998.0 32357.0 6987.0 5751.0 37145.0
POL	4357.0 29659.0 29701.0 26534.0 27699.0 4885.0 3945.0 29838.0 30833.0

Number of bulls in reference population for	tem
DEU	36308.0
DFS	32350.0 33000.0
NLD	30042.0 29779.0 31187.0
GBR	7709.0 5103.0 3612.0 22217.0