

### THE ALCOHOL INDUSTRY COMMUNICATIONS CODE OF CONDUCT



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preamble 0			
Legislative Aims and Implementation			
	Key Principles		
Section 1: Scope 0			
	<b>n 2:</b> Commercial Communication		
Code S	tandards	.09	
2.1	Adult Appeal	10	
2.2	Responsible Drinking		
2.3	Brand Promotions, Events and Competitions		
2.4	Sexual or Athletic Success and		
	Respect for Others	_12	
2.5	Alcohol Content		
2.6	Product Information and Health Warnings		
2.7	Violence and Illicit Activity		
2.8	Responsible Drinking Messages		
2.9	Brand Names	_16	
2.10	Alcohol-Free, Non-Alcohol Beverages	16	
2.11	Additional Placement Requirements		
	for Specific Media	_16	
Section 3: Code of Conduct Administration			

and C	omplaints Process	81
3.1	Commercial Communication Enforcement	
3.2	Scope of Authority	

3.3	ARB Complaints Review Process and	
	the Alcohol Appeals Committee	
3.4	The Complaint Resolution Process	
Sectio	<b>n 4:</b> Raising Awareness of the	
Enhan	ced Self-Regulatory Process	22
Sectio	<b>n 5:</b> Changes to this Code of Conduct	24
Sectio	<b>n 6:</b> Dissolution of this Code of Conduct	_26
Sectio	<b>n 7:</b> Media Placement Requirements	
for Adv	vertisers and Media Buying Agencies	29
7.1	Introduction	
7.2	Television	
7.3	Radio	
7.4	Cinema	
7.5	Print	
7.6	Outdoor	
7.7	Advertorials	
7.8	Digital	
7.9	Additional Rules for Sport, Music, Arts,	
	and Cultural Sponsorships	
7.10	Celebrity Fan Pages and Advertising	
7.11	Additional Rules for "Brand Homes"	

# PREAMBLE

The purpose of this Alcohol Industry Code of Conduct (the "Code") is to represent a firm commitment by the Drinks Federation of South Africa (the "DF-SA") and Aware.org members to maintain high standards of responsibility and ethical conduct in all their commercial communication activities. Compliance entails adherence to both the letter and spirit of the Code of Conduct.

The Code governs all forms of Commercial Communication, including brand marketing, promotion, and advertising of alcoholic beverages in all media.

The Code of Conduct is founded upon three fundamental principles. They are:

- 1 All manufacturers, distributors, and sellers of alcohol have a duty to comply with existing laws, regulations, and licensing requirements, recognising this Code of Conduct builds upon those foundational responsibilities to further the aims of the Act.
- 2 Society's values and norms are ever-changing, but respect for human dignity is timeless and, therefore, must be demonstrated whenever marketing and promoting alcohol.

The approach to enhanced self-regulation set out in this Code of Conduct is a proportionate way to protect consumers and society from improper practices, provide prompt and fair resolution to complaints, and enable legal alcohol to be promoted and sold responsibly in a free market economy.

This edition of the Code of Conduct has been adapted from the Aware.org code that it had previously enforced. Oversight of Commercial Communication now falls to DF-SA, while Aware.org will continue with public service communications focused on responsible drinking and social awareness educational initiatives. The Code will be reviewed every three years (or earlier if the need arises) to reflect emerging technologies and evolving societal values and norms. Companies shall implement its provisions incrementally into their operations but no later than one year from the adoption of this Code of Conduct.

66

THE PURPOSE OF THIS ALCOHOL INDUSTRY COMMUNICATIONS CODE OF CONDUCT IS TO REPRESENT A FIRM COMMITMENT BY THE INDUSTRY TO MAINTAIN A HIGH STANDARD OF **RESPONSIBILITY AND** ETHICAL CONDUCT IN ALL THEIR COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATION ACTIVITY.





## LEGISLATIVE AIMS AND IMPLEMENTATION

The DF-SA and its members fully support the aims of the National Liquor Act, 2003 (the "Act") and its implementation and this Code complements the regulatory requirements that already exist in South Africa.<sup>i,ii</sup> The DF-SA members have committed to the Code's guidelines, including its enforcement system that works in collaboration with the Advertising Regulatory Board (ARB), which is designed to protect against irresponsible marketing practices.

# **KEY PRINCIPLES**

The Code of Conduct is founded upon three fundamental principles. They are:



All manufacturers, distributors, and sellers of alcohol have a duty to comply with existing laws, regulations, and licensing requirements, recognising this Code of Conduct builds upon those foundational responsibilities to further the aims of the Act.



Society's values and norms are ever-changing, but respect for human dignity is timeless and, therefore, must be demonstrated whenever marketing and promoting alcohol. 3

The approach to enhanced self-regulation set out in this Code of Conduct is a proportionate way to protect consumers and society from improper practices, provide prompt and fair resolution of complaints, and enable legal alcohol to be promoted and sold responsibly in a free market economy.

i National Liquor Act, 2003, Objects of the Act, para 2, p. 17-18. ii National Liquor Act, 2003, Conditions of registration, Chapter 3, para 13 (1) (b).

## SCOPE

- 1.1 This Code of Conduct applies to all DF-SA and Aware.org members. By their commitment to the Code, they undertake that their commercial communication activities are and will be, at all times, responsible, legal, decent, honest, and truthful, conforming to good, ethical business practices.
   1.2 This Code of Conduct governs all forms of brand marketing, promotion, and advertising of alcoholic beverages in all media including, but not limited to, television, radio, print, billboards, digital and social media, direct marketing, text messaging, packaging, brand promotions, brand public relations activities (paid or unpaid), experiential events, brand event sponsorships, product placement, merchandising, and point-of-sale ("Commercial Communication"). Brand event sponsorship (including sport, music, and events) means any commercial agreement by which a sponsor contractually provides financing or other support to establish an association between the sponsor's brand and a sponsorship property to grant certain agreed direct or indirect benefits.
- 1.3 Commercial Communication does not include communication dedicated to responsible retailing, responsible drinking, or social awareness educational initiatives.
- 1.4 This Code of Conduct does not apply to public service communications dedicated solely to curtailing alcohol abuse; corporate communications conveying factual company information; user-generated content on social media platforms or pages that are unaffiliated with a producer; or to Commercial Communications for alcohol-free or non-alcohol beverages, provided those beverages do not share a brand name with an alcohol product and comply with Section 2.10.

" THIS CODE OF **CONDUCT GOVERNS** ALL FORMS OF BRAND MARKETING, **PROMOTION, AND ADVERTISING OF ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES IN** ALL MEDIA



### COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATION CODE STANDARDS

### 2.1 ADULT APPEAL

- 2.1.1 Commercial Communications may only be placed in print, radio, television, or any form of digital media where, using the best relevant data available, at least 70% of the audience is reasonably expected to be of legal drinking age or older.
- 2.1.2 No billboards advertising an alcoholic beverage brand or product will be placed within 500 meters of schools, community centres or places of worship that are reasonably identifiable as such. In the case of building wraps and billboards larger than Super 96 size, no alcohol beverage advertisement will be placed within 500 meters of schools, community centres or places of worship that are reasonably identifiable as such. Non-product advertising for the sole purpose of communicating alcohol responsibility messages is exempt under this provision. All alcohol beverage advertising on outdoor media will contain an Authorised Drinking Message as set out in Section 2.8.1
- 2.1.3 Commercial Communications may not use creative themes or elements that are intended to have primary appeal to people under the legal drinking age. "Primary appeal" means the creative themes or elements have a special attractiveness to people under the legal drinking age beyond the general attractiveness to persons of legal drinking age. Prohibited creative elements include cartoons, icons, characters, music, gestures, celebrities, and phrases or expressions known to be widely popular, primarily with people under the legal drinking age.
- 2.1.4 Brand event sponsorships are only permitted where at least 70% of the expected audience (i.e., those attending the event and the audience for the broadcast media coverage) are reasonably expected to be over the legal drinking age. Tourism events occurring at production facilities are permitted to include families with accompanied children and shall be exempt from this Section's expected audience attendance requirements.
- 2.1.5 Brand event sponsorship Commercial Communications and related consumer promotional items may not have primary appeal to people under the legal drinking age (e.g., children's toys). Where sports apparel is sold in children's sizes, those items may not include an alcohol brand name or logo, even when the official team kit features the alcohol brand.
- 2.1.6 The use of sport, music, film or television, or social media personalities ("celebrities"), whether paid or unpaid, in advertising or brand promotions, is acceptable if they are, and appear to a reasonable person to be, at least 21 years of age; shown to be behaving in an acceptable and responsible manner; and are in an age-appropriate setting. The use of celebrities who are at least 21 years of age but who appeal primarily to an underage audience is strictly prohibited, regardless of whether it is an alcohol or alcohol-free brand. No celebrities may be seen to be consuming alcohol, and if they specifically address their audience, their message must include a responsible drinking statement.

- 2.1.7 All alcohol brand-controlled websites and social media pages must have an age verification mechanism where the visitor attests that they are of legal drinking age. When a visitor enters a date of birth indicating they are under the legal drinking age, they should be redirected to Aware.org or a similar non-profit company website dedicated exclusively to responsible drinking.
- 2.1.8 Commercial Communications should not be placed or advertised on third-party digital platforms that do not have a date of birth verification mechanism or some other verifiable audience demographic measurement system.
- 2.1.9 Whenever user-generated content is on an alcohol brand-controlled website or social media page, all people who are clearly visible must be, and appear to a reasonable person to be, over the legal drinking age unless they are obviously incidental and in the background.
- 2.1.10 Frequent moderation of user-generated content on an alcohol brand-controlled website or social media page must be carried out to ensure compliance with this Code of Conduct. Where it is non-compliant, the content must be promptly removed.
- 2.1.11 Direct Commercial Communications may not be levelled at persons under the legal drinking age. They must comply with current regulations to safeguard consumer privacy, ensure data protection, and enable consumers to opt out of future direct communications. If an underage person unintentionally receives direct communications, parents and/or legal guardians may request the opt-out on their children's behalf.
- 2.1.12 Alcohol brands may not sponsor a sporting team with players under the legal drinking age. Sports development programmes may be sponsored where players are between the ages of 18-21, but only corporate logos may be used in connection with that sponsorship.

### 2.2 **RESPONSIBLE DRINKING**

- 2.2.1 Commercial Communications that depict responsible drinking among adults as a relaxed, sociable, and enjoyable part of a well-lived life have a role to play in reinforcing a responsible approach to drinking.
- 2.2.2 Commercial Communications should never show drinkers as losing control or having diminished movement, speech, or vision due to drinking alcohol.
- 2.2.3 Commercial Communications must not show or imply drinking before or during activities requiring a high degree of skill, concentration, or sobriety, including driving, operating machinery, sporting, or other athletic activities.
- **2.2.4** Commercial Communications may not depict or include visibly pregnant women.
- 2.2.5 Commercial Communications should make it clear that drinking is a personal choice and never disparage people who choose to abstain from drinking or consume alcohol responsibly.

### 2.3 BRAND PROMOTIONS, EVENTS AND COMPETITIONS

2.3.1 No brand promotions, events or competitions related to an alcohol brand should be directed primarily at persons under the legal drinking age, nor may any brand promotions, events or competitions encourage the rapid, irresponsible, or excessive consumption of alcohol (e.g., "boat races" or "down-downs).

- 2.3.2 No brand promotion, events, or competitions related to an alcohol brand should be directed primarily at persons under the legal drinking age, even if such activity is in the form of a sponsorship. It should be stated explicitly that persons under the legal drinking age are ineligible to participate in events and competitions aimed at promoting an alcohol brand and/or product.
- 2.3.3 In the case of on-site brand promotions, events, or competitions, all promotional team representatives must be, and appear to a reasonable person to be, at least 21 years of age.
- 2.3.4 Consumers who attend brand promotions must be encouraged to assume personal responsibility for their decision to drink or not to drink.
- **2.3.5** Extended promotions and tastings may not be confined to the consumption of alcohol beverages alone. Appropriate snacks and/or meals should be available. Samplings and tastings must be administered by a promoter, and quantities for sampling shall not exceed 100ml.
- 2.3.6 On-campus promotions must be arranged in a manner which meets the approval of the university authorities, and when in doubt, proof of age must be requested to ensure that alcohol beverages are not served to those who are under the legal drinking age.

### 2.4 SEXUAL OR ATHLETIC SUCCESS AND RESPECT FOR OTHERS

- **2.4.1** Commercial Communications should not imply that drinking resulted in business, social, professional, academic, athletic, financial, or other personal success, nor that drinking can solve personal problems, overcome inhibitions, shyness, or social barriers, or enable social acceptance.
- 2.4.2 Commercial Communications should not be suggestive of sexual indulgence or permissiveness; contain sexually lewd or indecent images or language; portray nudity or near-nudity; denigrate individuals based on sexual orientation; denigrate any gender, including through distasteful or overt sexual poses or actions; use gender stereotypes; or claim or imply that drinking can contribute directly to sexual success or seduction. Clothing must be decent, appropriate to the context (e.g., swim attire at a beach or pool), and not sexually suggestive in nature.
- 2.4.3 No Commercial Communications may show an athlete or former athlete consuming alcohol. Sports sponsorships are permitted under this Code of Conduct.
- 2.4.4 Notwithstanding Clause 2.4.4, where commercial communications celebrate winning results of athletic competitions, they may show depictions of celebration after the competition has finished, provided that the athletes are and appear to be a reasonable person to be of legal drinking age.

" LEGISLATION **REQUIRES THAT THE ALCOHOL STRENGTH BE PROVIDED TO** CONSUMERS TO ENABLE THEM TO MAKE INFORMED CHOICES.



### 2.5 ALCOHOL CONTENT

- **2.5.1** Legislation requires that the alcohol strength be provided to consumers to enable them to make informed choices. Alcohol labels should list the alcohol content of the product in a factual manner only and not as the principal subject of a label.
- 2.5.2 Non-label forms of Commercial Communications should not feature or depict a product's alcohol content unless the alcohol content by volume is at or below 2.5% (i.e., it is a lower-alcohol product).
- **2.5.3** Advertising of alcohol content is not permitted.

### 2.6 **PRODUCT INFORMATION AND HEALTH WARNINGS**

- **2.6.1** Factual information provided to consumers in Commercial Communication about alcohol consumption must be accurate, evidence-based, and balanced so consumers can make informed decisions about drinking.
- 2.6.2 Producers have an essential role in their Commercial Communication to remind consumers of the risks associated with alcohol, and, therefore, must comply with all health warning regulations pertaining to alcohol beverages, including using at least one of the following warnings on alcohol beverage labels:
  - 2.6.2.1 Alcohol reduces driving ability; don't drink and drive.
  - 2.6.2.2 Don't drink and walk on the road; you may be killed.
  - 2.6.2.3 Alcohol increases your risk of personal injuries.
  - **2.6.2.4** Alcohol is a major cause of violence and crime.
  - 2.6.2.5 Alcohol abuse is dangerous to your health.
  - 2.6.2.6 Alcohol is addictive or
  - **2.6.2.7** Drinking during pregnancy can be harmful to your unborn baby.

Additionally, the Authorised Responsible Drinking Message "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" must be included on alcohol beverage labels to supplement the warning messages mandated by law.

2.6.3 Commercial Communications for alcohol brands may not make or imply health claims or suggest potential net health benefits from consuming certain forms of alcohol, nor may they include terms like "healthier," "better for you," or "safer." Product labels may include factual information about the products, such as calorie and carbohydrate content, to enable consumers to make informed choices. Commercial Communications may (or must) include nutritional information that is permitted or required under food and labelling regulations. Nutrition claims may not suggest that an alcohol beverage is a good or preferred dietary source of nutrients, vitamins, or minerals without also disclosing the full range of potential health risks associated with drinking alcohol.

2.6.4 Commercial Communications may not claim that alcohol has curative qualities or offer alcohol as a performance enhancer, stimulant, sedative, or tranquiliser.

### 2.7 VIOLENCE AND ILLICIT ACTIVITY

- 2.7.1 Commercial communication may not portray or imply that aggressive, violent or anti-social behaviour is ever appropriate, even as part of a joke or prank.
- 2.7.2 Commercial communication may not portray or in any way endorse or glamourise illicit drugs, drug culture, organised crime, or local gang activity.

### 2.8 **RESPONSIBLE DRINKING MESSAGES**

2.8.1 In addition to any legislative requirements set out in Section 2.6.2, Commercial Communications must include a clear, legible, and prominent responsible drinking message that has been approved by the Drinks Federation of South Africa in relation to the general content of the message, font, and size ("Authorised Responsible Drinking Message"). Including, but not limited to:

2.8.1.1 Don't Drink and Drive,

2.8.1.2 Not for Persons Under the Age of 18,

- 2.8.1.3 Pregnant Women Should Not Drink Alcohol, Be Responsible
- 2.8.2 For digital platforms, the Authorised Responsible Drinking Messages must be used on websites, social media platforms, and shareable, downloadable assets, including videos, photos, applications or user-generated content that is incorporated into alcohol branded Commercial Communications. Where a small screen format is used, for example, Instagram or Twitter, the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token may be used as an alternative.
- **2.8.3** Permanent point-of-sale (e.g., glassware, neon signs, chairs) and consumer novelty items (e.g., pens, t-shirts, caps) are exempt from displaying the Authorised Responsible Drinking Message.
- 2.8.4 No manufacturer member Corporate Brand or any Alcohol Brand advertising should be displayed on delivery vehicles. Delivery vehicles should, where possible, display the Authorised Responsible Drinking Message and the website of Aware.org or a non-profit company website dedicated exclusively to responsible drinking so consumers can find evidence-based information on alcohol and health.

### 2.9 BRAND NAMES

2.9.1 Alcohol brand names and their corresponding product packaging should reflect a high regard for social responsibility and responsible drinking. Brand names or product packaging that conveys sexual innuendo, the intoxicating effect of alcohol, or that use colloquialisms for alcohol (e.g., "dop," "booze," or "grog"), illegal activity, alcohol abuse, violence, illicit drugs or drug culture, gang terminology, or any other activities regarded by a reasonable person to be harmful to individuals or communities is prohibited.

### 2.10 ALCOHOL-FREE, NON-ALCOHOL BEVERAGES

- 2.10.1 For purposes of the Code of Conduct, "Alcohol-free" shall be defined as alternative beverages whose profiles mirror alcohol drinks but which have an alcohol content of 0.0% to 0.05% by volume, and "non-alcohol" shall be defined as alternative beverages with an alcohol content between 0.05% to 0.5% by volume.
- 2.10.2 Alcohol-free and non-alcohol beverages may only be promoted and sold to people of legal drinking age.
- 2.10.3 Alcohol-free and non-alcohol beverages may be sold or distributed at locations that do not hold a liquor licence.
- 2.10.4 Commercial Communications for Alcohol-free or non-alcohol beverages shall comply with all requirements of this Code of Conduct for alcoholbranded Commercial Communications.
- 2.10.5 Notwithstanding Section 2.10.4 above and provided that the beverages do not carry an alcohol brand name, Alcohol-Free and non-alcohol alternative beverages may be promoted as normal and acceptable choices, including for occasions when drinking an alcohol beverage is unacceptable or irresponsible, such as when expecting to drive, attending a business lunch, or when engaging in an activity that requires a high degree of alertness. Alcohol-free or non-alcohol beverages may also be positioned as a sociable option for avoiding over-consuming alcohol.

### 2.11 ADDITIONAL PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR SPECIFIC MEDIA

2.11.1 To further the aims of the Act and this Code of Conduct, specific placement requirements are set out in Media Placement Requirements for Advertisers and Media Buying Agencies. These Media Placement Requirements may be found in Section 7 or at <u>www.drinksfederationsa.co.za</u>.

### " **PRODUCERS HAVE AN** ESSENTIAL ROLE IN THEIR COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATION TO REMIND CONSUMERS OF THE **RISKS ASSOCIATED** WITH ALCOHOL.



### CODE OF CONDUCT ADMINISTRATION AND COMPLAINTS PROCESS

Section 3 sets out the system for enforcing this Alcohol Industry Code of Conduct ("Code of Conduct"). Specifically, all activities falling within the scope of Code Section 1 and set out throughout this document ("Commercial Communication") shall be administered under the auspices of the Drinks Federation of South Africa and enforced by the Advertising Regulatory Board ("ARB") as set out below.

### 3.1 COMMERCIAL COMMUNICATION ENFORCEMENT

**3.1.1** The ARB shall be the arbitrator that decides on the validity of alleged Section 2, Commercial Communications, violations raised by both members of the public and competitors.

### 3.2 SCOPE OF AUTHORITY

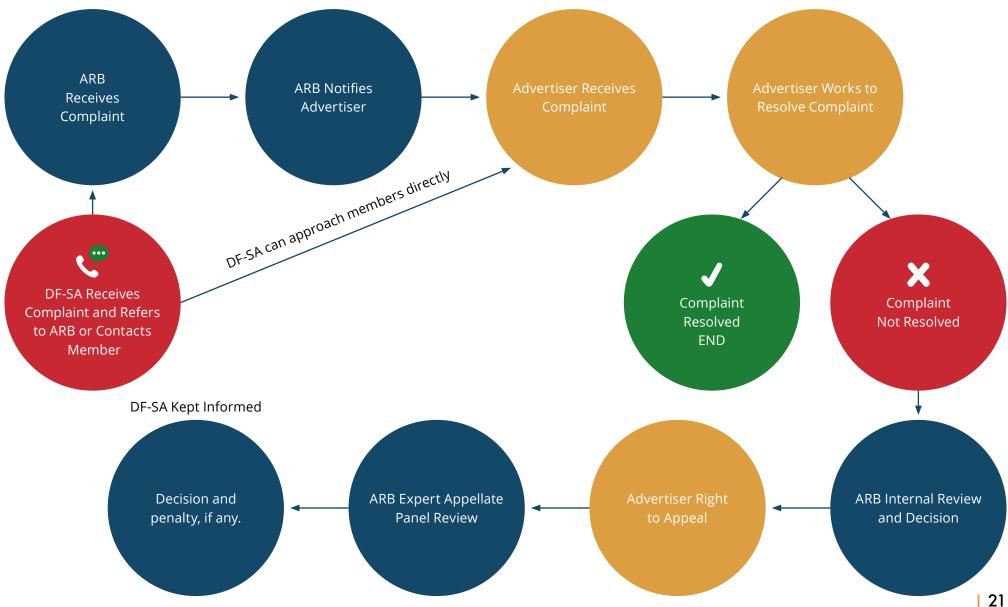
3.2.1 The ARB's authority over Commercial Communications shall extend to all signatories to this Code of Conduct in whatever form they become a signatory. Where a business is not a member of its sector's trade association and/or has not signed onto this Code of Conduct, the ARB may proceed with adjudicating alleged Code of Conduct violations against that business. If found to be in violation, the DF-SA may give notice to the relevant Minister for review and resolution.

### 3.3 ARB COMPLAINTS REVIEW PROCESS AND THE ALCOHOL APPEALS COMMITTEE

#### **3.3.1** Review Process

- 3.3.1.1 Consumers may approach either the DF-SA or the ARB with complaints about the contents of Commercial Communications.
- 3.3.1.2 Any complaint involving a Commercial Communication under this Code of Conduct received by the DF-SA shall first be referred to the accused business for resolution.
- 3.3.1.3 Where the complaint is not resolved by the business or the DF-SA to the complainant's satisfaction, the complainant may, at any point of the process, refer the matter to the ARB for review and decision.
- 3.3.1.4 The ARB Directorate shall review all complaints that it receives according to its established protocols, ensuring due process throughout (i.e., notice, the right of reply, and transparent decision-making).
- **3.3.2** Procedural Requirements of the Complaints Review Process and Alcohol Appeals
  - 3.3.2.1 The ARB's procedures, as set out in the existing Procedural Guide to the Code of Advertising Practice will apply. The ARB procedures can be viewed at <u>www.arb.org.za/complaints</u>.
- **3.3.2** Sanctions for Violations of the Code of Conduct
  - 3.3.3.1 The ARB will apply sanctions in accordance with the Procedural Guide to the Code of Advertising Practice. In extremely egregious cases, or in cases of breach, the DF-SA may impose further sanctions on members according to its policies.
  - 3.3.3.2 Where the offending business is not a signatory to this Code of Conduct in its own right or through its trade association, the ARB shall nonetheless render a decision along with a recommendation of the appropriate sanction.

#### 3.4 THE COMPLAINT RESOLUTION PROCESS



### RAISING AWARENESS OF THE ENHANCED SELF-REGULATORY PROCESS

**4.1** The Drinks Federation of South Africa and its members shall promote the existence of this Code of Conduct via their respective websites.



## CHANGES TO THIS CODE OF CONDUCT

- 5.1 This Code of Conduct may be amended from time to time to ensure it remains fit for purpose considering changing societal norms. The protocol for amending this Code of Conduct shall be as follows:
- 5.1.1 Proposals to amend the Code of Conduct may be put forward by the DF-SA leadership team or Members of the DF-SA Board of Directors every three years (or earlier upon special application), which shall consider the proposal, the rationale for the change, and any broader context.
- 5.1.2 The DF-SA leadership team will prepare the amendment and table it for a vote at the next available Drinks Federation of South Africa's Board meeting.
- 5.1.3 Where the DF-SA Founding Members approve the amendment, the amendment shall be adopted. Where appropriate, the timetable for implementing changes shall be specified in the Code of Conduct to allow signatories the ability to adapt their practices or operations, as the case may be.

## DISSOLUTION OF THIS CODE OF CONDUCT

6.1 This Code of Conduct shall cease to apply if, recommended by the majority of the Board and approved by the Founding Members, so resolves and from the date on which it so resolves. In the event this Code of Conduct ceases to be in effect, the Minister shall be notified, all funding shall cease, and a pro-rata refund of administrative fees, if any, paid shall be made to the DF-SA.

"

THE DRINKS FEDERATION OF SOUTH AFRICA ALCOHOL INDUSTRY CODE OF CONDUCT ("CODE OF CONDUCT") ESTABLISHES THE PRINCIPLES, STANDARDS, AND ENFORCEMENT PROCEDURES FOR THE RESPONSIBLE MARKETING OF ALCOHOL IN SOUTH AFRICA.



### MEDIA PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR ADVERTISERS AND MEDIA BUYING AGENCIES

### 7.1 INTRODUCTION

The Drinks Federation of South Africa Alcohol Industry Code of Conduct ("Code of Conduct") establishes the principles, standards, and enforcement procedures for the responsible marketing of alcohol in South Africa. The Alcohol Industry Code of Conduct is a living Code. It will be reviewed every three years (or earlier upon special application) to ensure it reflects emerging technologies and evolving societal values and norms.

These Media Placement Requirements for Advertisers and Media Buying Agencies ("Media Placement Requirements") provide further support to manufacturers, distributors, and retailers of alcohol in South Africa and enforcement bodies in the real-world application of the Code of Conduct. In particular, the Media Placement Requirements address Section 2.11. of the Code of Conduct. The Media Placement Requirements may be refreshed at any time on the recommendation of the DF-SA CEO and with the approval of the DF-SA Founding Members.

### 7.2 TELEVISION

- 7.2.1 Advertisements may not be transmitted during the commercial breaks immediately before, during or immediately after children's programmes on television or radio.
- 7.2.2 Advertisements will not be placed in any medium explicitly aimed at children.
- 7.2.3 Advertisements are to be either preceded or followed by a responsible messaging rider.
- 7.2.4 In addition to 7.2.1, 7.2.2, and 7.2.3 above, the following rules apply to advertisements in the television medium:
  - 7.2.4.1 Programmes with a verifiable 30% or more viewership of persons under the legal drinking age may not contain alcohol beverage advertisements (this is the so-called 70/30 rule).
  - 7.2.4.2 Alcohol beverage advertisements may only be broadcast between 19h00 and 06h00 from Monday to Friday.
  - 7.2.4.3 Alcohol beverage advertisements may only be broadcast between 12h00 and 06h00 on Saturday and Sunday.
  - 7.2.4.4 In the case of sporting events where the main sponsor is an alcohol beverage company, the 70/30 rule outlined in 7.2.4.1 above and the watershed restriction provided for in 7.2.4.2 and 7.2.4.3 above will still apply for the broadcast of alcohol beverage advertisements.
  - 7.2.4.5 All alcohol beverage advertisements on television will contain the following statement: "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" and the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token.
  - 7.2.4.6 The last few seconds of any television advertisement should feature the underage statement, read in a voiceover in the same language as the main message. This does not apply to 5" and 10" stings.
  - 7.2.4.7 The voice should be clear, audible and unrushed and may be different from that used in the main message.
  - 7.2.4.8 The minimum specifications for the statement referred to in 7.2.4.5 above are as follows:
  - 7.2.4.8.1 Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
  - 7.2.4.8.2 True Type Title casing is to be used.
  - The statement must be visible and legible and placed at the bottom of the advertisement.
  - 7.2.4.8.4 A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line.
  - The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.
  - 7.2.4.8.6 The statement is to run as one unbroken line.
  - The whole duration of any TV advertisement should have the statement in the above format.
  - 7.2.4.8.8 A health warning may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.



#N 3 aware!org

Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
True Type Title casing is to be used.
The statement must be visible and legible and placed at the bottom of the advertisement.



A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line.
The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.

#### Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

A health warning may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.

The statement is to run as one unbroken line. The whole duration of any TV advertisement should have the statement in the above format.

### 7.3 RADIO

- 7.3.1 In addition to 7.2.1, 7.2.2, 7.2.3 and 7.2.4 above, the following rules apply to advertisements in the Radio medium:
  - 7.3.2.1 As the current measurement of listenership only profiles an audience of 16 years and above, DF-SA will assume that such a profile serves as a proxy for those under 16 years of age.
  - 7.3.2.2 For alcoholic beverage advertisements on radio, the 70/30 rule will apply.
  - 7.3.2.3 Alcoholic beverage advertisements will only be broadcast between 19h00 and 06h00 from Monday to Friday.
  - 7.3.2.4 Alcoholic beverage advertisements will only be broadcast between 12h00 and 06h00 on Saturday and Sunday.
  - 7.3.2.5 In addition to the rules above, advertisements for broadcast on radio must consider the programme's appeal to youth, based on verifiable profile data, the programme presenter's profile and the profile of the audience call-ins.
  - 7.3.2.6 All alcohol advertisements on radio will contain, as a minimum, the following statement: "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18".
  - 7.3.2.7 The minimum specifications for this statement are listed below:
  - 7.3.2.7.1 The last few seconds of any radio advertisement should feature the underage statement, read in a voiceover in the same language as the main message.
  - The voice should be clear audible and unrushed and may be a different voice to that used in the main message.
  - 7.3.2.7.3 An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.

### 7.4 CINEMA

- 7.4.1 In addition to 7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3, and 7.1.4 above, the following rules apply to advertisements in the Cinema medium:
  - 7.4.1.1 The 70/30 rule will apply, and alcohol beverage advertisers will ensure that compliance with this rule is achieved through contractual agreements between members and cinema owners.
  - 7.4.1.2 Companies responsible for the selling of cinema advertisement will be required to submit film titles to DF-SA along with a qualitative assessment of the audience profile in terms of the 70/30 rule.
  - 7.4.1.3 All alcoholic beverage advertisements in the cinema will contain the statement: "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18". and the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token. The minimum specifications for this statement are the same as those applicable to television advertising:
  - 7.4.1.3.1 Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
  - True Type Title casing is to be used.
  - 7.4.1.3.3 The statement must be visible and legible and placed at the bottom of the advertisement.
  - 7.4.1.3.4 A white block with a black rule at the top of the block will be used as a holding device for the underage line.
  - The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.
  - 7.4.1.3.6 The statement is to run as one unbroken line.
  - The whole duration of any TV advertisement should have the statement in the above format.
  - 7.4.1.3.8 An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.



 A white block with a black rule at the top of the block will be used as a holding device for the underage line.
 The block should be 15% of the height of the

advertisement.

• The statement is to run as one unbroken line.

Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

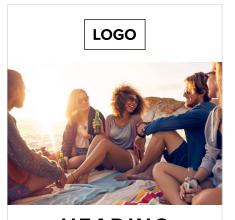
Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
 True Type Title casing is to be used.
 The statement must be visible and legible and

placed at the bottom of the advertisement.The whole duration of any TV advertisement should have the statement in the above format. An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.

### 7.5 PRINT

7.5.1 In addition to 7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3, and 7.1.4 above, the following rules apply to advertisements in the Print medium:

7.5.1.1	The 70/30 rule will apply.
7.5.1.2	The proxy for the age profile will be the same as that used for the radio medium.
7.5.1.3	All advertisements in print will contain the following statement: "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18." and the "Not for Persons
	Under the Age of 18" token.
7.5.1.4	The minimum specifications for the statement referred to in 7.5.1.4 above – are as follows:
7.5.1.4.1	Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
7.5.1.4.2	True Type Title casing is to be used.
7.5.1.4.3	A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line.
7.5.1.4.4	The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.
7.5.1.4.5	The block must be at the bottom of the advertisement and must run the entire width of the advertisement.
7.5.1.4.6	Where the advertisement covers more than one page – for example, a four-page foldout, the statement must be displayed on each
	page.
7.5.1.4.7	An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution,
	and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.



 Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
 True Type Title casing is to be used. HEADING SUBHEADING

#N @ ..... Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line.
The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.

 The block must be at the bottom of the advertisement and must run the entire width of the advertisement.
 Where the advertisement covers more than one page – for example, a four-page foldout, the statement must be displayed on each page.



# 7.6 OUTDOOR

- 7.6.1 As viewership age profiles are not available for this medium, the following rules will apply to achieve the objectives of the DF-SA Code of Conduct Commercial Communication Rules:
  - 7.6.1.1 No billboards advertising an alcoholic beverage brand or product will be placed within 500 metres of schools, community centres or places of worship. Specifically, non-product, responsibility advertising is not included in this provision.
  - 7.6.1.2 In the case of building wraps and billboards larger than Super 96 size, no alcohol beverage advertisement will be placed within 500 metres of schools, community centres or places of worship.
  - 7.6.1.3 All alcohol beverage statements on outdoor media will contain one of the following statements, on an equivalent basis: "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" or "Be Responsible. Don't Drink And Drive" with the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token.
  - 7.6.1.4 The minimum specifications for the statements referred to in 7.6.1.4 above are as follows:
  - 7.6.1.4.1 Arial bold is to be used as the standard font.
  - 7.6.1.4.2 True Type Title casing is to be used.
  - 7.6.1.4.3 A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line.
  - The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.
  - The block must be at the bottom of the advertisement and must run the entire width of the advertisement. However, for large formats such as landscape wraps, the underage statement must appear at 20-metre intervals on every wrap face.
  - 7.6.1.4.6 An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.



at the bottom of the advertisement and must run the entire width of the advertisement. However, for large formats such as landscape wraps, the underage statement must appear at 20-metre intervals on every wrap face. • An Authorised Responsible Drinking Message may be included as part of the underage statement, depending on the execution, and providing it does not detract from the underage statement.

# 7.7 ADVERTORIALS

7.7.1 All advertorials must carry the Authorised Underage Drinking Prevention Statement.

# 7.8 DIGITAL

- 7.8.1 All brand sites and social media platforms must include a clearly visible responsibility message. The responsibility message must be permanently displayed and not hidden when, for example, the user is browsing the page or site.
- 7.8.2 Any shareable commercial assets (video, photo, text, etc.) must include appropriate responsibility messaging. For example, videos must display this message in the same way as TV advertisements and electronic broadsheets as per print material. Where a small screen format is used, for example, Instagram or Twitter, the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token may be used as an alternative.
- 7.8.3 A responsibility message for web digital assets is defined as at least one of the following statements:
  - 7.8.3.1 Don't Drink and Drive.
  - 7.8.3.2 Not for Persons Under the Age of 18
  - 7.8.3.3 Pregnant Women Should Not Drink Alcohol.
- 7.8.4 Access must be controlled through an age gate or registration process, whichever is applicable.
  - 7.8.4.1 The age gate process requires users to enter their birth date, month, year, and country.
  - 7.8.4.2 A registration process requires users to supply exact date of birth information and to "log in" for future visits.
  - 7.8.4.3 Access can also be controlled by logging in, which relies on a user's social media profile, e.g., through an Application Programming Interface (API) like Facebook Connect.
  - 7.8.4.4 Age verification software should place a cookie on a user's computer to prevent the user from leaving a site and re-entering their date of birth during the same session to gain entry to a site.
  - 7.8.4.5 Those failing an age verification process must be redirected to an appropriate local social aspect website intended for underage people.

#### 7.8.5 General guidelines for Internet digital media platforms must include a minimum execution of the following:

- 7.8.5.1Don't Drink and Drive.
- 7.8.5.2 Not for Persons Under the Age of 18.
- 7.8.5.3 Pregnant Women Should Not Drink Alcohol.
- 7.8.5.4 AND the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token.

#### Social media (Twitter, Facebook, Instagram, etc)



used as the standard font. • True Type Title casing is to be used. • A white block with a black rule at the top of the block is to be used as a holding device for the underage line. • The block should be 15% of the height of the advertisement.

• Arial bold is to be

Any shareable commercial assets (video, photo, text, etc.) must include appropriate responsibility messaging.



For example, videos must display this message in the same way as TV advertisements and electronic broadsheets as per print material. Where a small screen format is used, for example, Instagram or Twitter, the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token may be used as an alternative.

• Arial bold is to be used as the standard

• True Type Title casing is to be used.

• A white block with

a black rule at the

top of the block

is to be used as a

underage line.

holding device for the

• The block should be

15% of the height of

the advertisement.

font.



**#N 1** Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

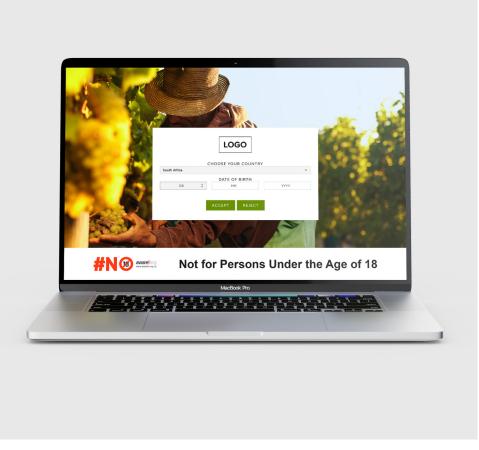
Any shareable commercial assets (video, photo, text, etc.) must include appropriate responsibility messaging.



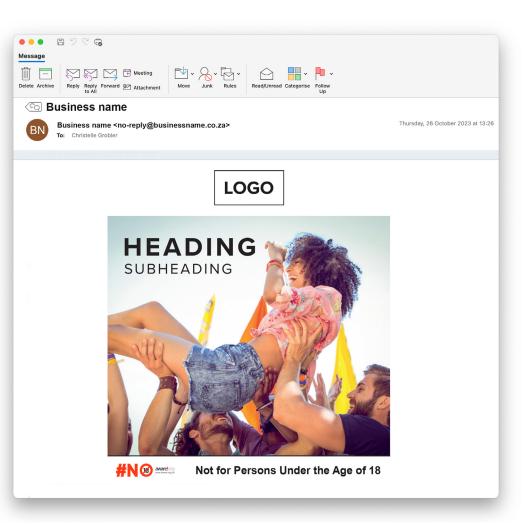
Where a small screen format is used, for example, Instagram or Twitter, the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token may be used as an alternative.

#### Website

**Email marketing campaigns** 



All brand sites and social media platforms must include a clearly visible responsibility message. The responsibility message must be permanently displayed and not hidden when, for example, the user is browsing the page or site.



# 7.9 ADDITIONAL RULES FOR SPORT, MUSIC, ARTS, AND CULTURAL SPONSORSHIPS

- 7.9.1 In addition to 7.1.1, 7.1.2, 7.1.3, and 7.1.4, this Section 7.9 specifically applies to advertising sponsored events:
  - 7.9.1.1 All static background images must include one of the three web digital responsible messages.
  - 7.9.1.2 Brand-posted images must include the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" token.
  - 7.9.1.3 An auto-response age disclaimer must be sent to all new followers where possible.

### 7.10 CELEBRITY FAN PAGES AND ADVERTISING

- 7.10.1 Permissible celebrity fan pages must be restricted to persons over the legal drinking age by setting the page administration section. Brands are only allowed Fan Pages, not Profile or Group Pages.
- 7.10.2 The perception may not be created that alcohol beverages or the consumption of alcohol resulted in a celebrity's fame or success or played any role in the achievements of a sports or popular entertainment personality.
- 7.10.3 Advertising or marketing material may not associate alcohol with celebrities under the legal drinking age, reflect the culture of that age group, or feature or portray actual or fictitious characters who are likely to appeal particularly to the legal drinking age in a way that might encourage them to drink.
- 7.10.4 Advertisements that are for the specific purpose of responsible messaging and depict a celebrity in the background of the corporate brand name may be broadcast outside the watershed period if there is no link to or mention of a specific brand or product.

# 

PERMISSIBLE CELEBRITY FAN PAGES MUST BE RESTRICTED TO PERSONS OVER THE LEGAL DRINKING AGE BY SETTING THE PAGE ADMINISTRATION SECTION. BRANDS ARE ONLY ALLOWED FAN PAGES, NOT PROFILE OR GROUP PAGES.





# 7.11 ADDITIONAL RULES FOR "BRAND HOMES"

This Section applies to the production facilities that are licensed to sell alcohol beverages directly to the public or to provide products free for promotional purposes:

#### 7.11.1 PUBLIC ROAD SIGNAGE

- 7.11.1.1 All billboards and other signage (excluding official, brown-coloured government tourism signs and flags) must include the following message: "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive."
- 7.11.1.2 Directional on-site signage Brand Home entrance and exit signage must include the message: "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive."

#### 7.11.2 PRINTED MATERIAL

- 7.11.2.1 Notices on tasting room tables, coffee tables, bars, etc. must include the "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive" message.
- 7.11.2.2 All other printed material (i.e., posters, brochures, flyers, pamphlets) must include the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" message, plus other Authorised Responsible Drinking Messages in rotation, if and where possible.
- 7.11.2.3 The block containing such a message should be 15% of the height of the printed material.

#### 7.11.3 OTHER COMMUNICATION FORMATS

- 7.11.3.1 All advertising on secondary websites must include "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18."
- 7.11.3.2 "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive" must be included as part of the signature on all e-mail correspondence.
- 7.11.3.3 Whether or not to include an Authorised Responsible Drinking Message on merchandising display stands, and other merchandising material supplied by head office brand marketing teams shall be at the producer's discretion. However, it is advisable to include it where space and format allow.
- 7.11.3.4 The inclusion of Authorised Responsible Drinking Messages on retail merchandise, such as souvenirs available for sale to visitors, shall be at the producer's discretion. However, it is advisable to include it where the space and format allow.

#### Public road signage

- All billboards and other signage (excluding official, browncoloured government tourism signs and flags) must include the following message: "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive."
- Directional on-site signage Brand Home entrance and exit signage must include the message: "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive."



2km

# Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive.

#### Printed material

- Notices on tasting room tables, coffee tables, bars, etc. must include the "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive" message.
- All other printed material (i.e., posters, brochures, flyers, pamphlets) must include the "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18" message, plus other Authorised Responsible Drinking Messages in rotation, if and where possible.
  The block containing such a message should be 15% of the height of the printed material.





# HEADING



Not for Persons Under the Age of 18

#### **Other Communication Formats**

- All advertising on secondary websites must include "Not for Persons Under the Age of 18."
- "Be Responsible. Don't Drink and Drive" must be included as part of the signature on all e-mail correspondence.
- Whether or not to include an Authorised Responsible Drinking Message on merchandising display stands, and other merchandising material supplied by head office brand marketing teams shall be at the producer's discretion. However, it is advisable to include it where space and format allow.
- The inclusion of Authorised Responsible Drinking Messages on retail merchandise, such as souvenirs available for sale to visitors, shall be at the producer's discretion. However, it is advisable to include it where the space and format allow.





# THE ALCOHOL INDUSTRY COMMUNICATIONS CODE OF CONDUCT

TEL: +27 010 110 7160 E-MAIL: ADMIN@DRINKSFEDERATIONSA.CO.ZA